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Asia - Singapore - 2007/2008

Many well-known cryptographic operations require modular exponentiation. That is, given integers x, y and n, compute $x^y \mod n$. In this question, you are tasked to program an efficient way to execute this calculation.

Input

The input consists of a line containing the number c of datasets, followed by c datasets, followed by a line containing the number o.

Each dataset consists of a single line containing three positive integers, x, y, and n, separated by blanks. You can assume that 1 < x, $n < 2^{15} = 32768$, and $0 < y < 2^{31} = 2147483648$.

Output

The output consists of one line for each dataset. The i-th line contains a single positive integer z such that

$$z = x^y \mod n$$

for the numbers x, y, z given in the i-th input dataset.

Sample Input

```
2
2 3 5
2 2147483647 13
```

Sample Output

3 11

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