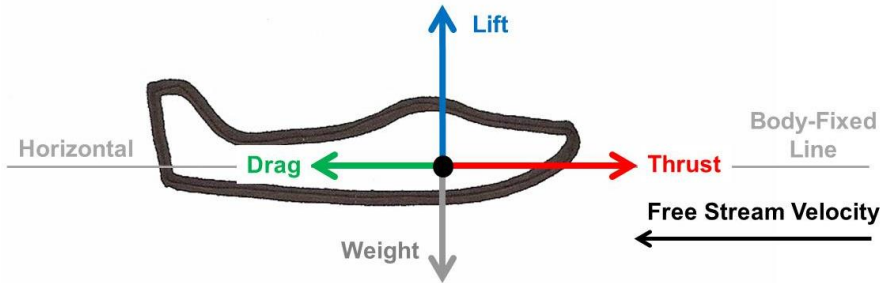


Aircraft Performance Flight Envelope

Flight Envelope



V_{\max} = How FAST can an airplane fly?

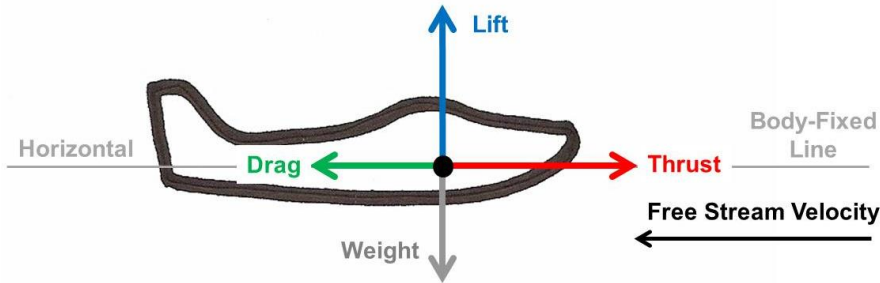
V_{\min} = How SLOW can an airplane fly?

Ceiling = How HIGH can an airplane fly?

Maneuver = How MANY G's can the airplane pull?

Two answers to each of these questions ...

Flight Envelope

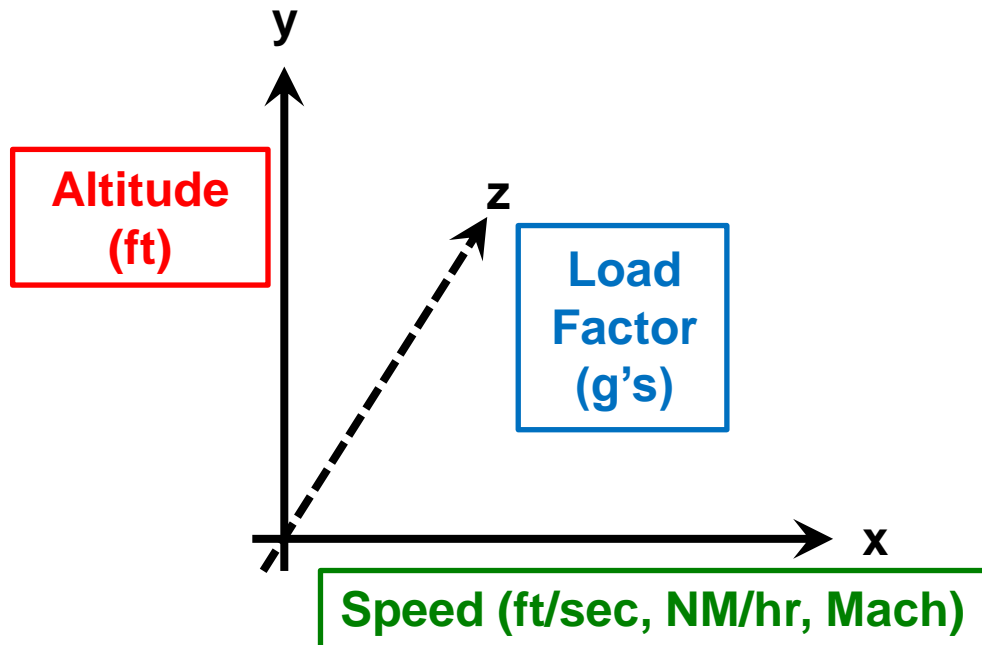


Two answers:

- 1. Limitations of the aircraft (covered today)**
 - structure (dynamic pressure, flutter, g's)
 - aerodynamics ($C_{L_{max}}$, controllability)
 - subsystems (hydraulic power, cockpit)
- 2. Available thrust (covered later)**

Aircraft Flight Envelope

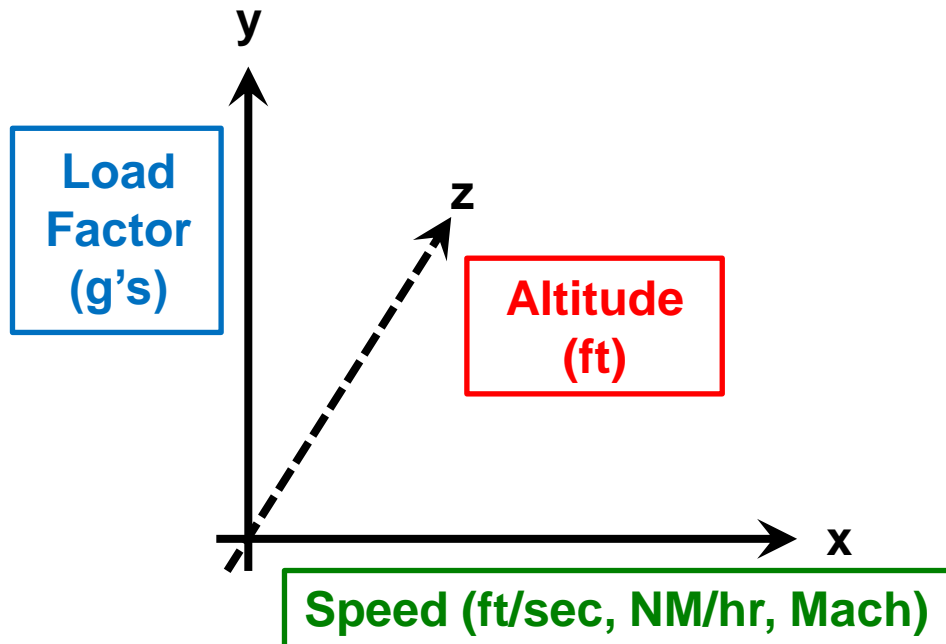
Flight envelope is defined as the boundary of **altitude** and **speed** combinations within which flight is possible for a given weight, load factor, and configuration.



Flight Envelope Chart
Altitude vs Speed
given Weight,
Load Factor &
Configuration

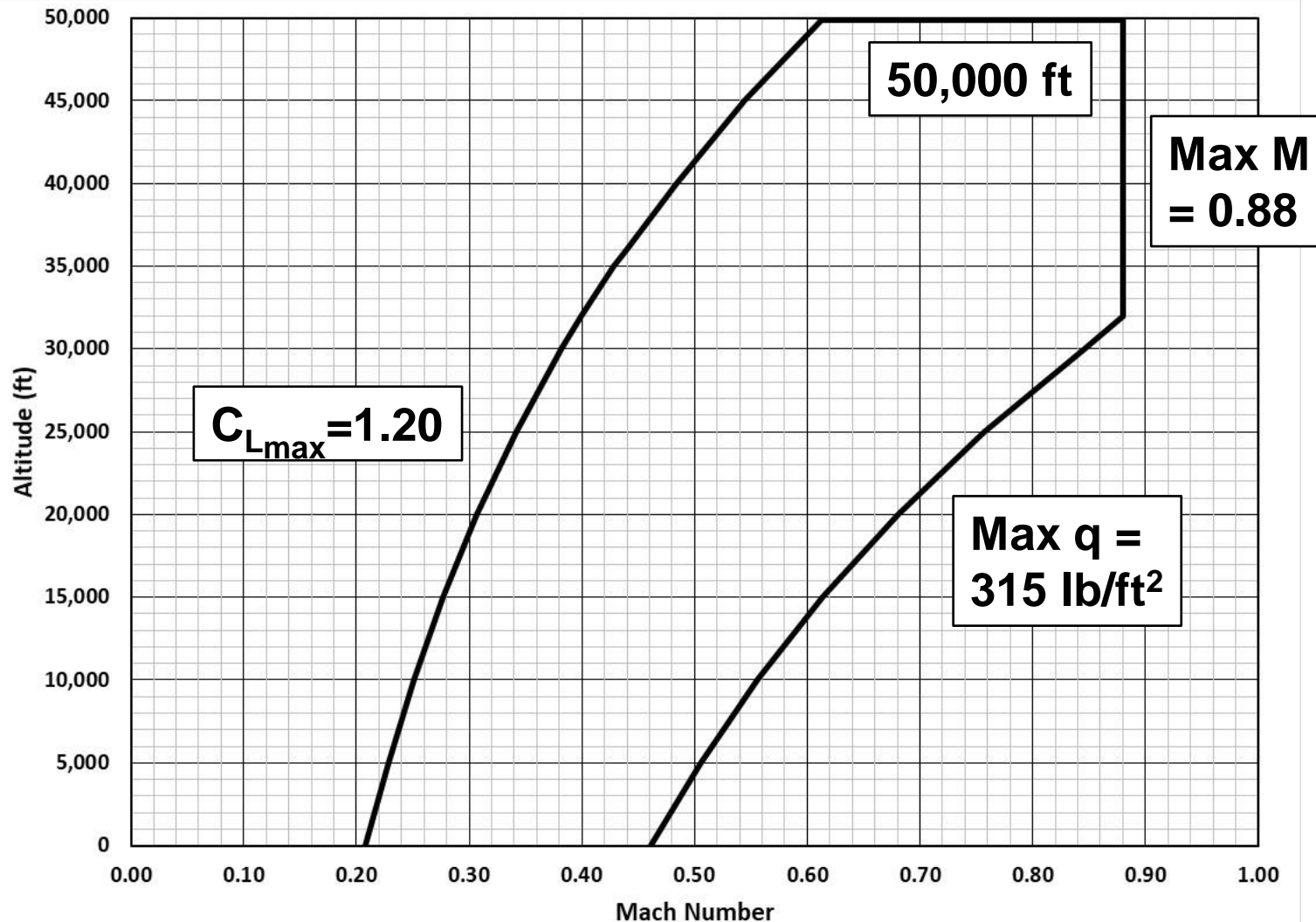
Aircraft Flight Envelope

Flight envelope is defined as the boundary of altitude and speed combinations within which flight is possible for a given weight, load factor, and configuration.

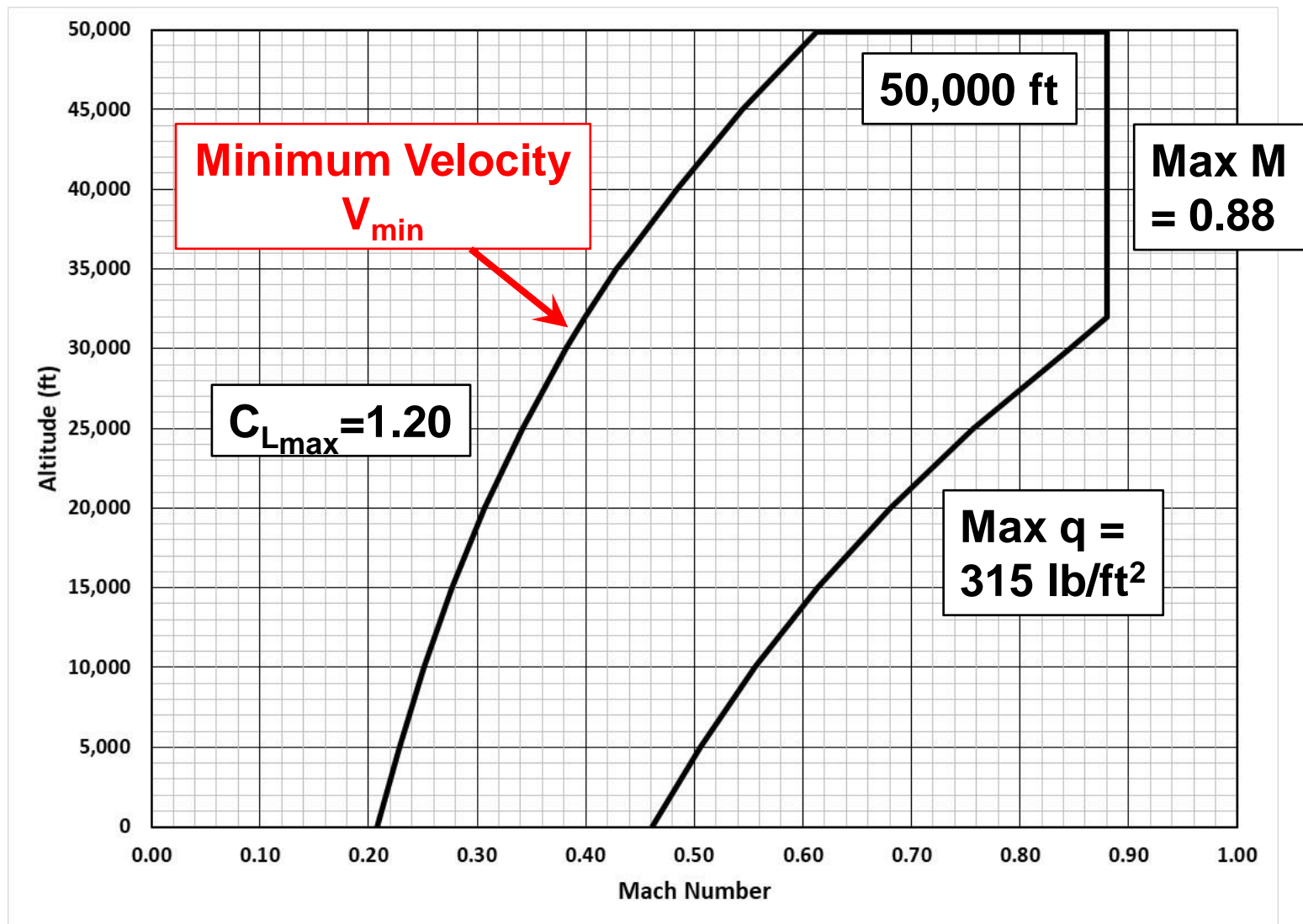


V-n Diagram
Load Factor vs Speed
given Weight,
Altitude &
Configuration

Flight Envelope



Flight Envelope

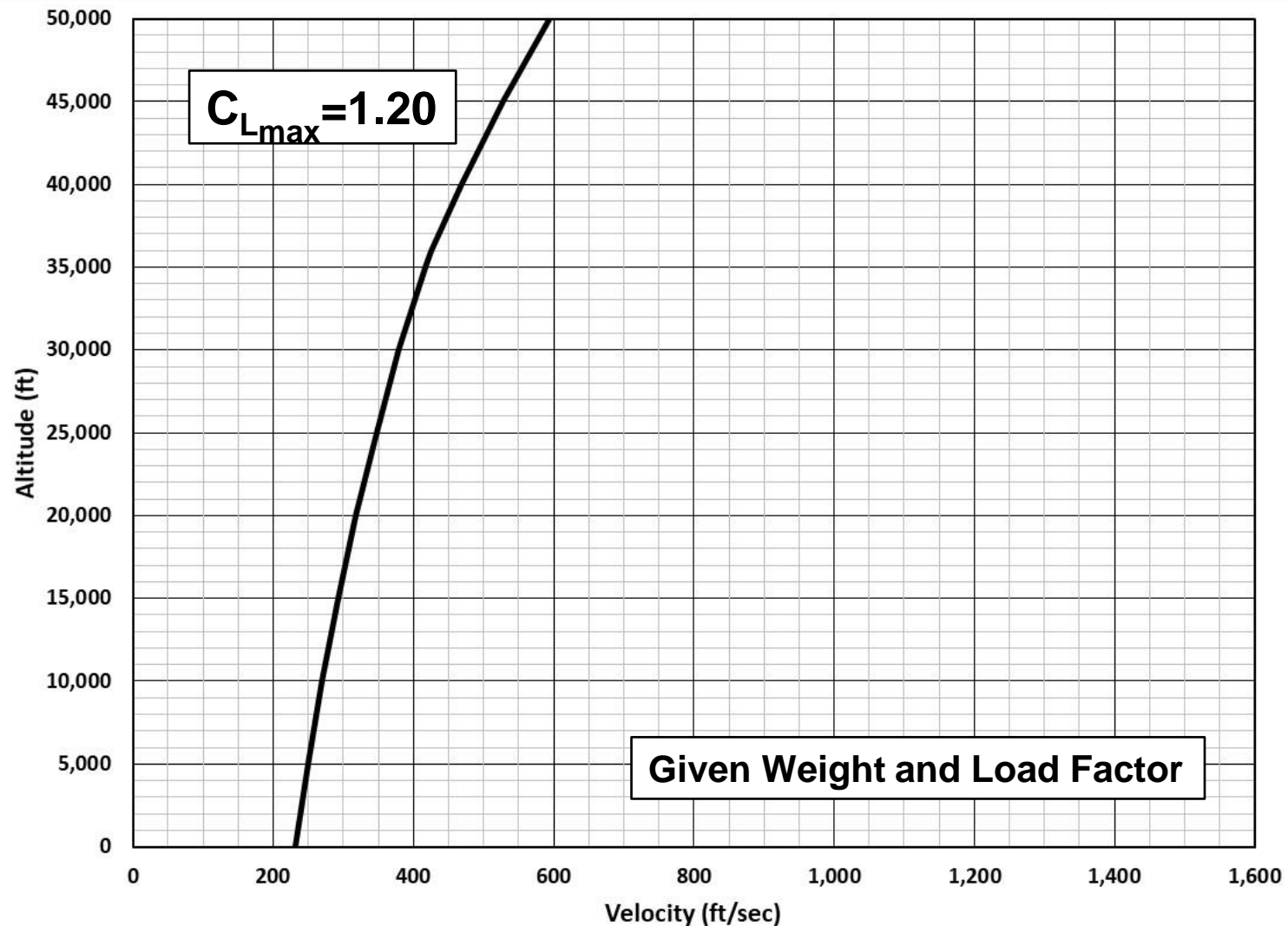


Stall Speed

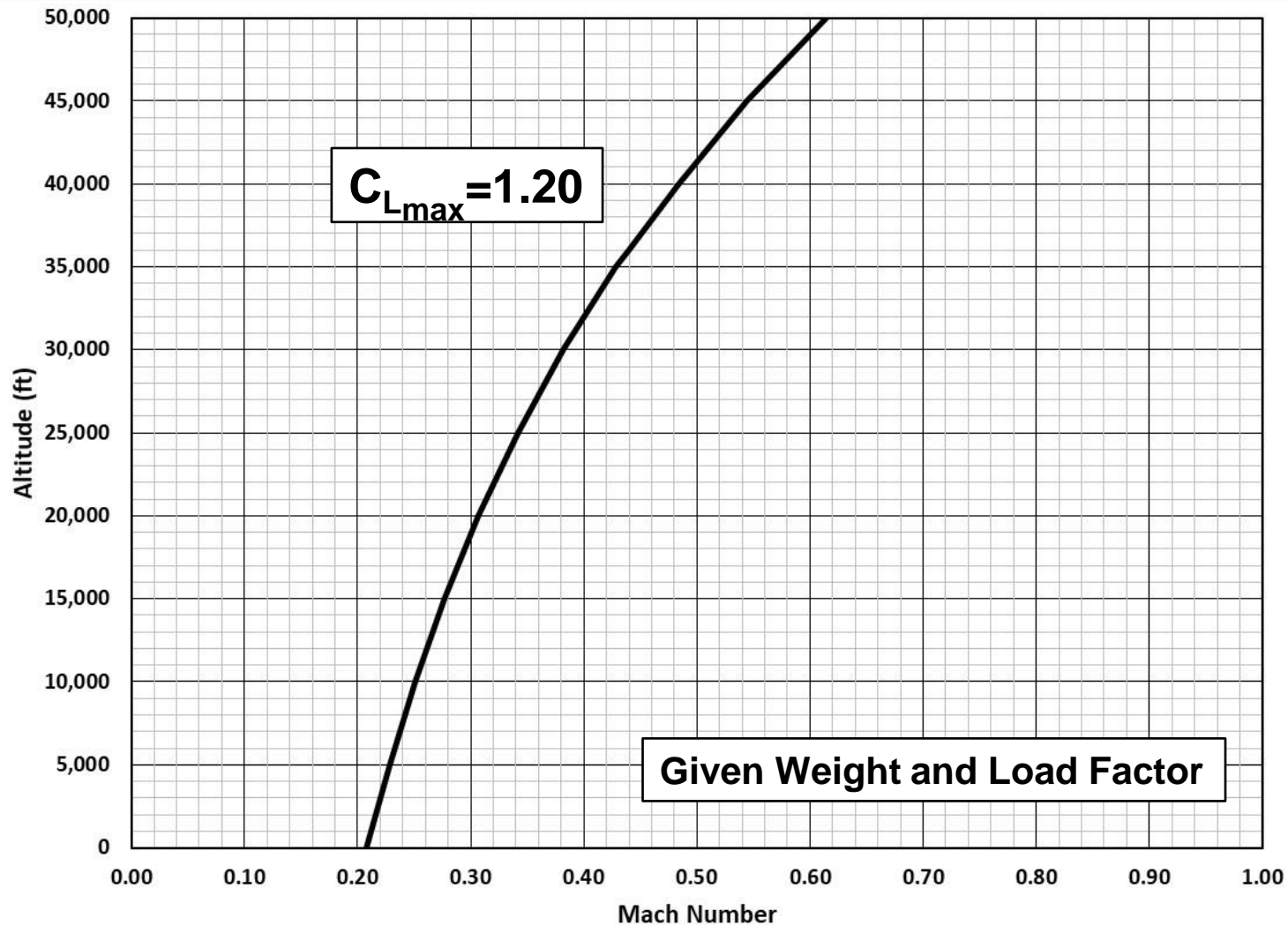
$$C_L = \frac{n W}{q S} = \frac{n W}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 S}$$

$$C_{L_{\max}} = \frac{n W}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V_{\text{stall}}^2 S} \longrightarrow V_{\text{stall}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 W}{\rho S} \frac{n}{C_{L_{\max}}}}$$

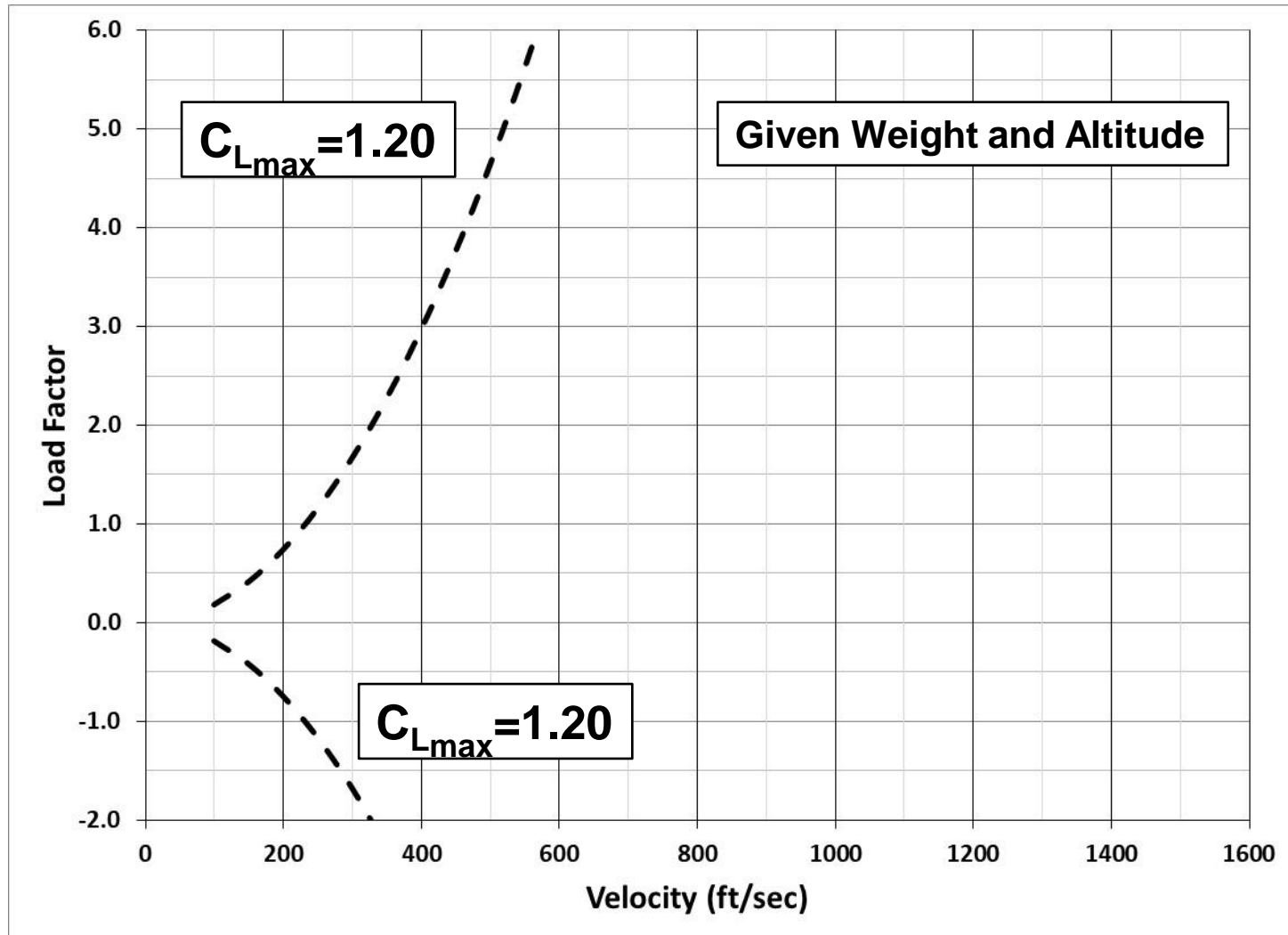
Stall Speed – Flight Envelope



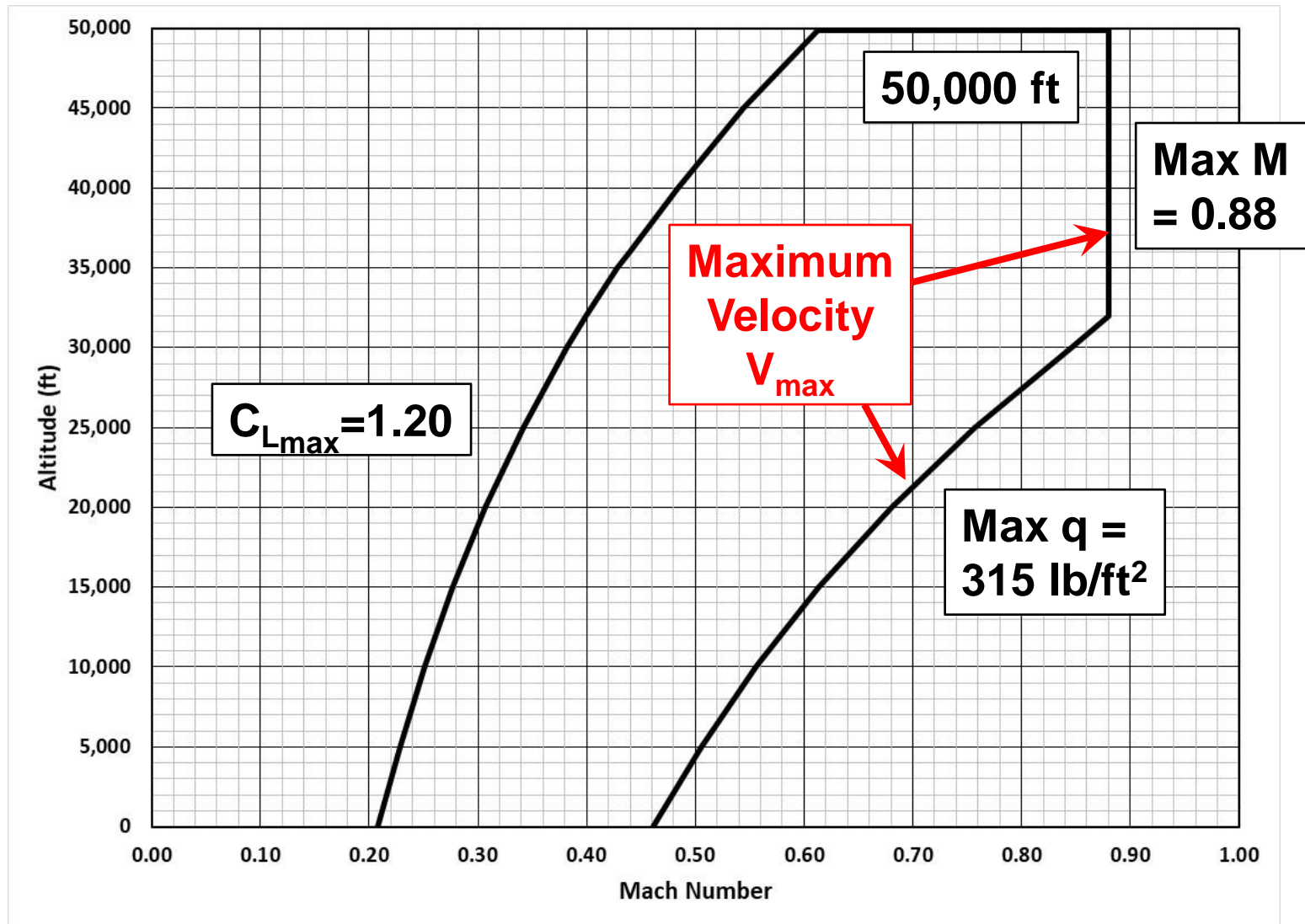
Stall Speed – Flight Envelope



Stall Speed – V-n Diagram



Flight Envelope



Limit Speed

Maximum Mach Number

Maximum dynamic pressure ($\max q = q_{\max}$)

Maximum KEAS

Stability and control constraints

Engine performance constraints

Landing gear, flaps, speedbrake

At any altitude, an aircraft's maximum velocity is constrained to the least of these speeds

$$V_{\max} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho} q_{\max}} \quad - \text{ or } - \quad V_{\max} = M_{\max} a$$

Limit Speed

Maximum Mach Number (**Max M = X.YY**)

Maximum dynamic pressure (**$q_{\max} = X.Y \text{ lb/ft}^2$**)

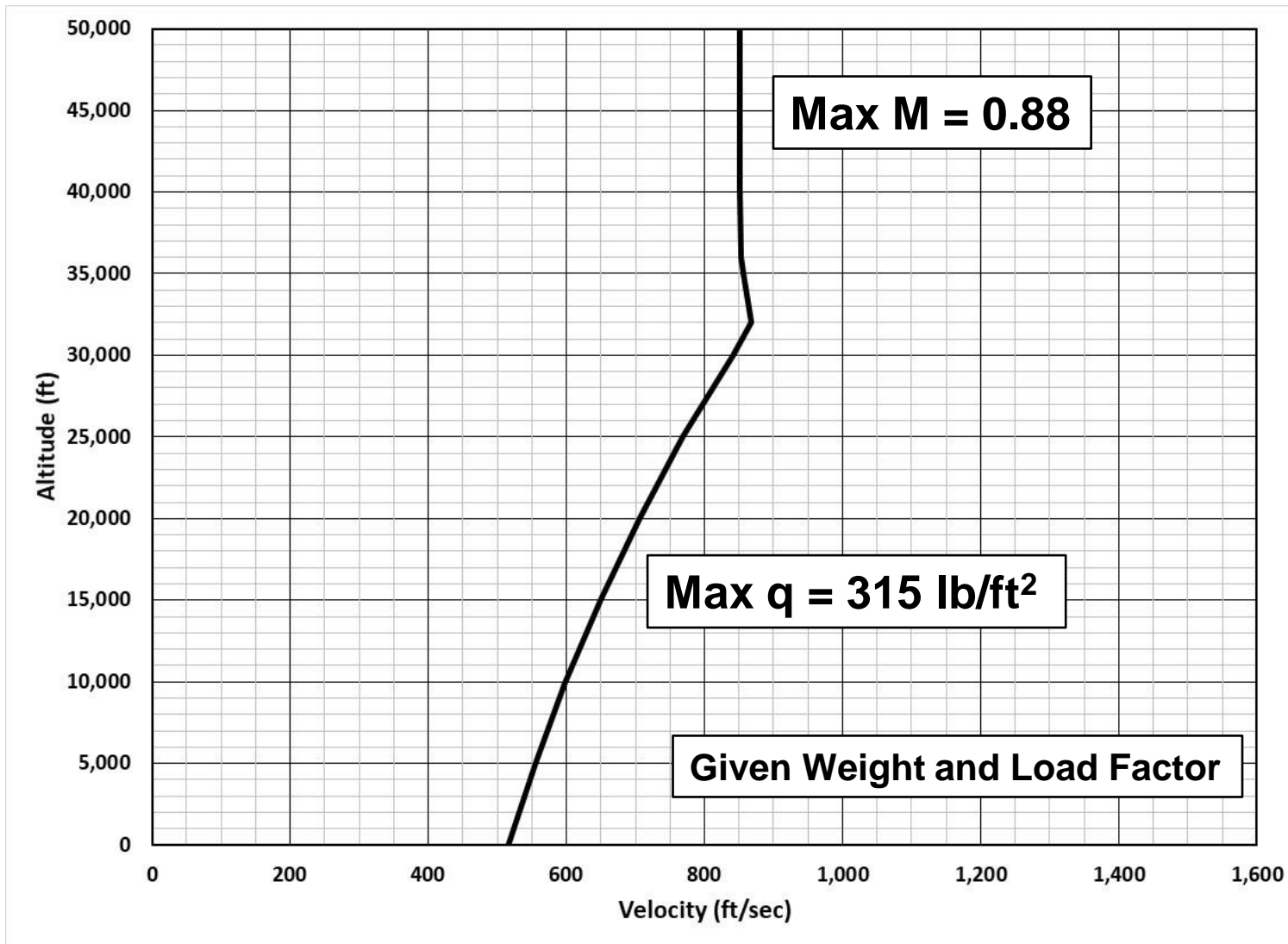
Maximum KEAS (**Max KEAS = X.Y NM/hr or kts**)

At any altitude, an aircraft's maximum velocity is constrained to the least of these speeds

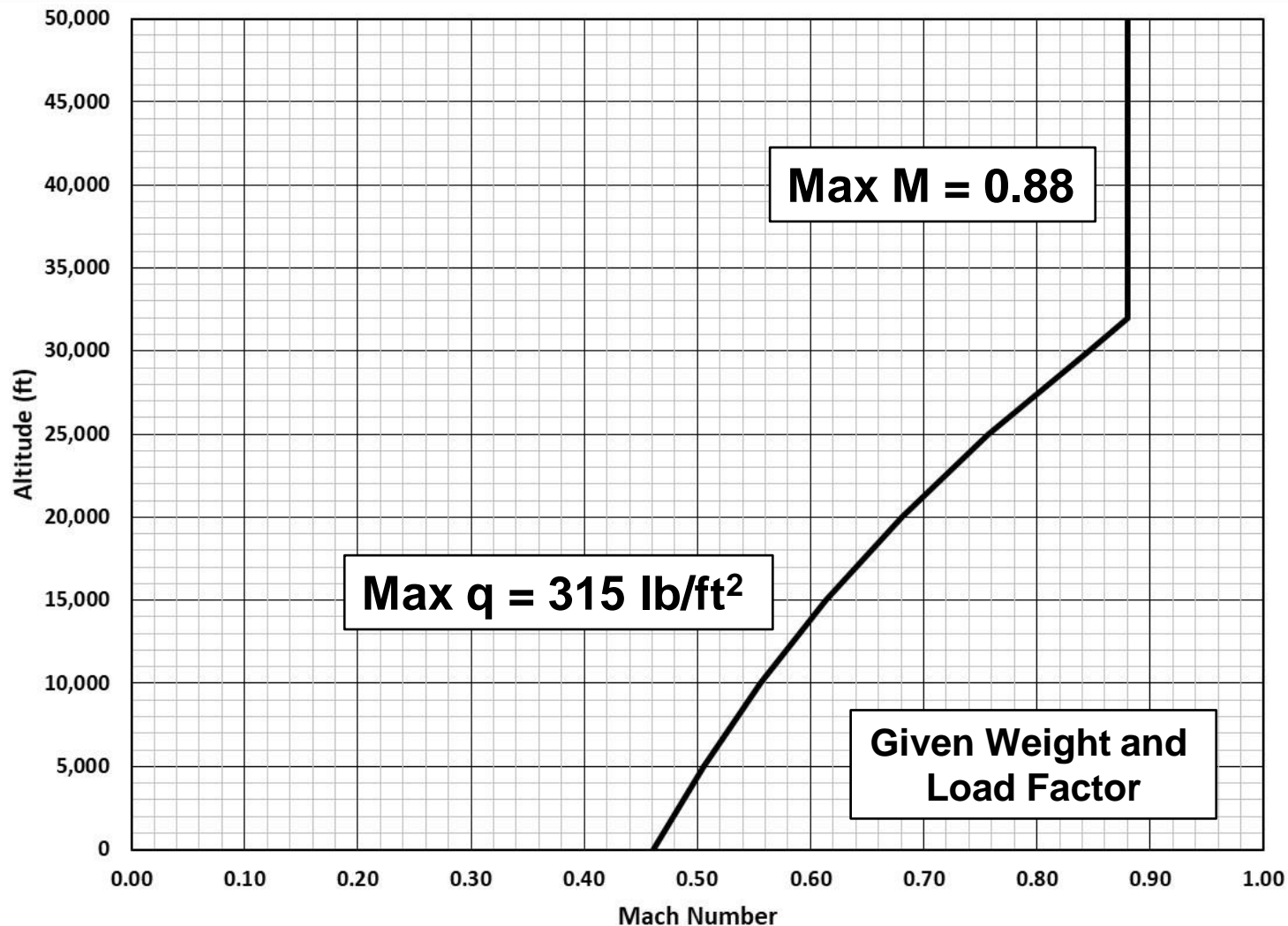
$$V_{\max} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho} q_{\max}} \quad - \text{ or } - \quad V_{\max} = M_{\max} a$$

$$\text{Max } q = \left(\frac{q}{M^2} \right)_{\text{SL}} \left(\frac{\text{Max KEAS}}{a_{\text{SL}}} \right)^2$$

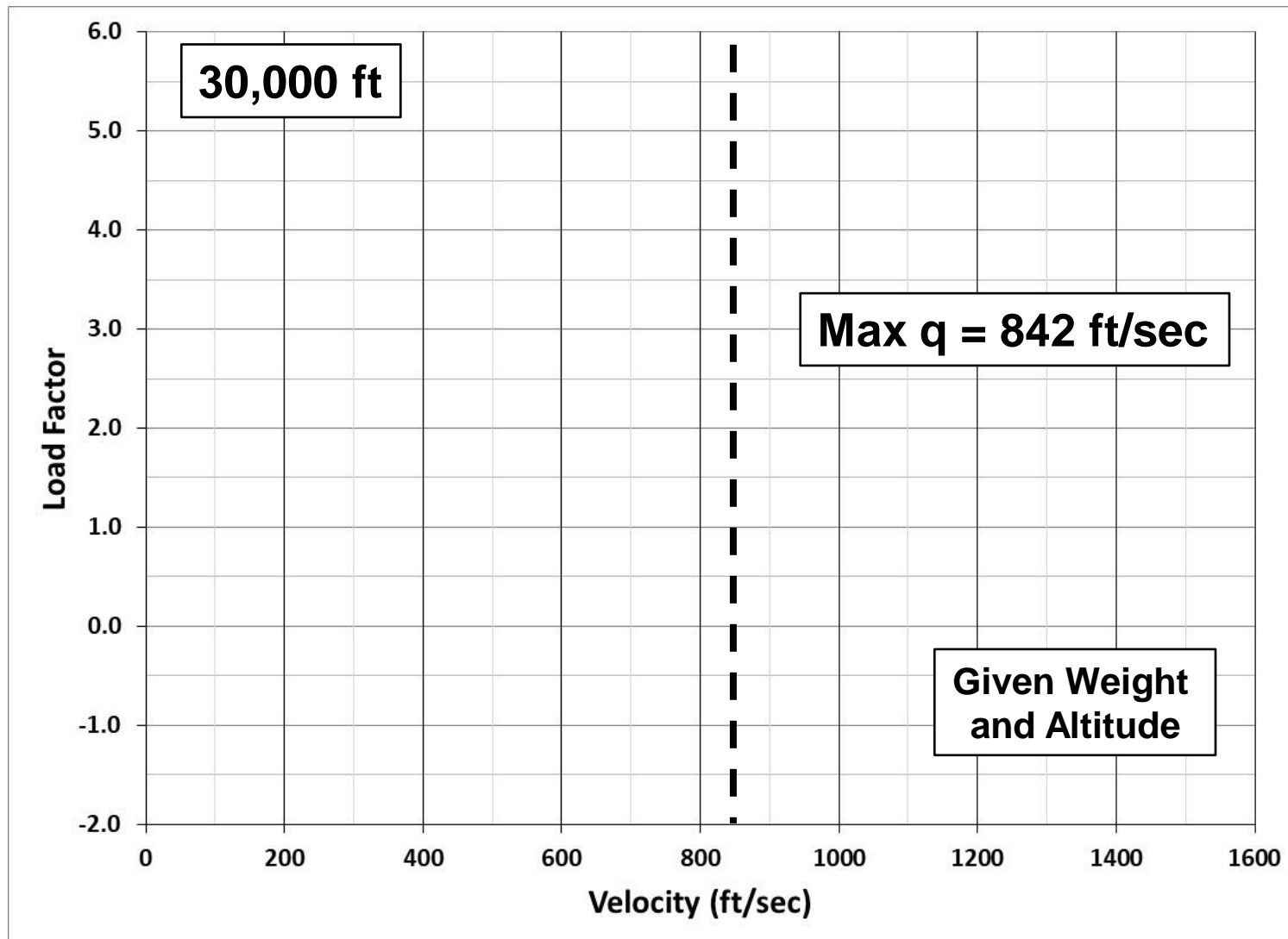
Limit Speed – Flight Envelope



Limit Speed – Flight Envelope



Limit Speed – V-n Diagram



Limit Speed – Flight Envelope

Max KEAS = 305 NM / hr

Max q = 315 lb/ft²

Max M = 0.88

$$\text{Max } q = \left(\frac{q}{M^2} \right)_{SL} \left(\frac{\text{Max KEAS}}{a_{SL}} \right)^2$$

Limit Mach = MIN(Max q, Max Mach)

| Altitude (ft) | rho | a (ft/sec) | QMS | g's | CLmax | Vel (ft/sec) | Mach | Max q (lb/ft^2) | Max Mach (max q) | Max Mach | Limit Mach |
|------------------|------------|---------------|--------|------|-------|------------------|--------|--------------------|---------------------|----------|------------|
| 0 | 0.00237688 | 1116.45 | 1481.4 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 232.1 | 0.2079 | 315.0 | 0.4611 | 0.88 | 0.4611 |
| 5,000 | 0.00204808 | 1097.09 | 1232.6 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 250.1 | 0.2279 | 315.0 | 0.5055 | 0.88 | 0.5055 |
| 10,000 | 0.00175527 | 1077.39 | 1018.7 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 270.1 | 0.2507 | 315.0 | 0.5560 | 0.88 | 0.5560 |
| 15,000 | 0.00149561 | 1057.31 | 836.0 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 292.6 | 0.2768 | 315.0 | 0.6138 | 0.88 | 0.6138 |
| 20,000 | 0.00126642 | 1036.85 | 680.7 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 318.0 | 0.3067 | 315.0 | 0.6802 | 0.88 | 0.6802 |
| 25,000 | 0.00106511 | 1015.98 | 549.7 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 346.8 | 0.3413 | 315.0 | 0.7570 | 0.88 | 0.7570 |
| 30,000 | 0.00088926 | 994.67 | 439.9 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 379.5 | 0.3815 | 315.0 | 0.8462 | 0.88 | 0.8462 |
| 32,000 | 0.00082551 | 986.02 | 401.3 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 393.9 | 0.3995 | 315.0 | 0.8859 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 35,000 | 0.00073652 | 972.89 | 348.6 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 417.0 | 0.4286 | 315.0 | 0.9506 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 36,000 | 0.00070856 | 968.48 | 332.3 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 425.1 | 0.4390 | 315.0 | 0.9736 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 40,000 | 0.00058512 | 968.08 | 274.2 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 467.8 | 0.4833 | 315.0 | 1.0718 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 45,000 | 0.00046012 | 968.08 | 215.6 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 527.6 | 0.5450 | 315.0 | 1.2087 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 50,000 | 0.00036183 | 968.08 | 169.5 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 594.9 | 0.6146 | 315.0 | 1.3630 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |

Limit Speed – Flight Envelope

Max KEAS = 305 NM / hr

Max q = 315 lb/ft²

Max M = 0.88

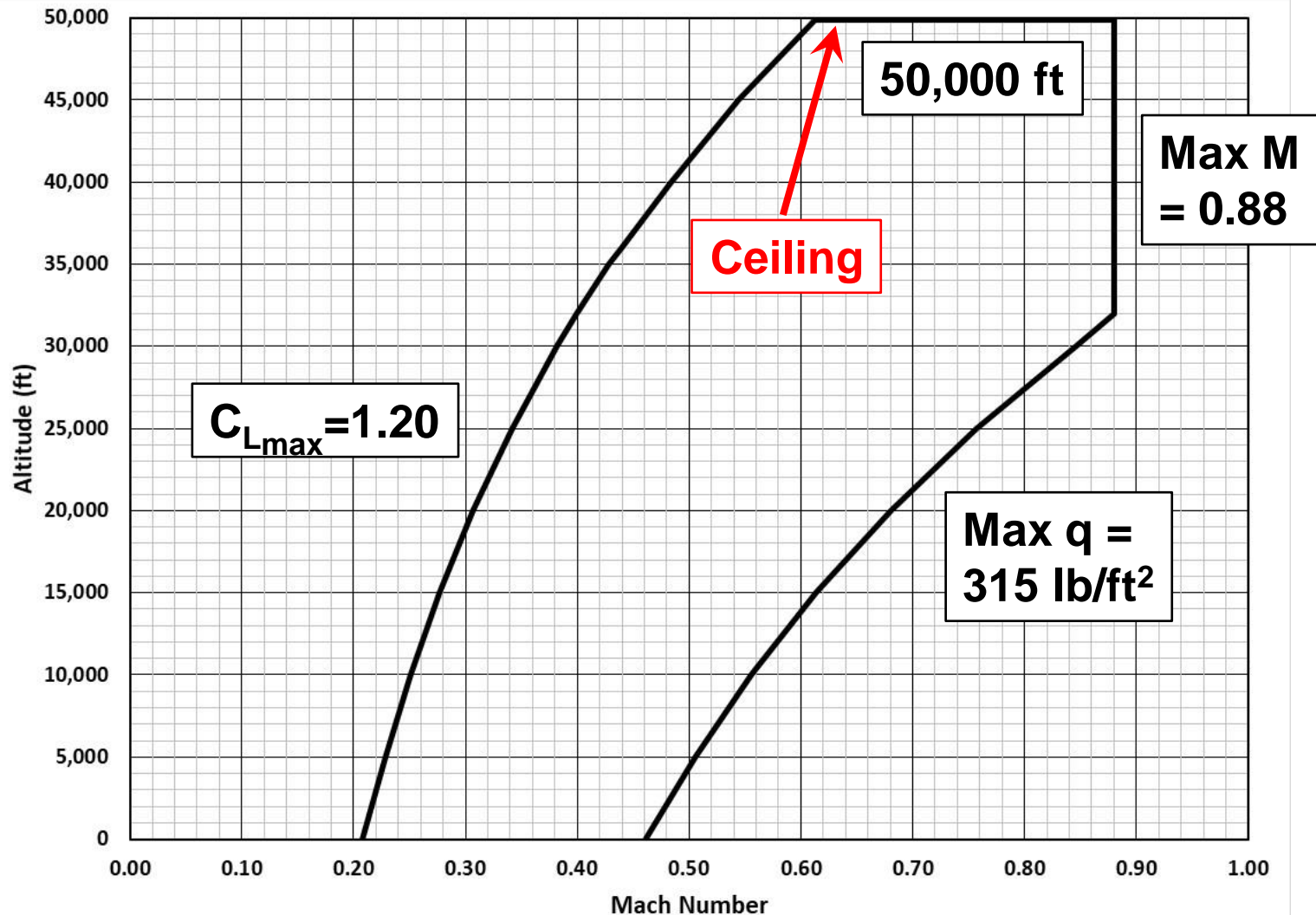
At what altitude do the Max q
and Max M lines intersect?

$$\frac{q}{M^2} = \frac{\text{Max } q}{(\text{Max Mach})^2} = \frac{315}{(0.88)^2} = 406.8$$

| Altitude (ft) | rho | a (ft/sec) | QMS | g's | CLmax | Vel (ft/sec) | Mach | Max q (lb/ft ²) | Max Mach (max q) | Max Mach | Limit Mach |
|------------------|------------|---------------|--------|------|-------|-----------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------|------------|
| 0 | 0.00237688 | 1116.45 | 1481.4 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 232.1 | 0.2079 | 315.0 | 0.4611 | 0.88 | 0.4611 |
| 5,000 | 0.00204808 | 1097.09 | 1232.6 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 250.1 | 0.2279 | 315.0 | 0.5055 | 0.88 | 0.5055 |
| 10,000 | 0.00175527 | 1077.39 | 1018.7 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 270.1 | 0.2507 | 315.0 | 0.5560 | 0.88 | 0.5560 |
| 15,000 | 0.00149561 | 1057.31 | 836.0 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 292.6 | 0.2768 | 315.0 | 0.6138 | 0.88 | 0.6138 |
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| 32,000 | 0.00082551 | 986.02 | 401.3 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 393.9 | 0.3995 | 315.0 | 0.8859 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 35,000 | 0.00073652 | 972.89 | 348.6 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 417.0 | 0.4286 | 315.0 | 0.9506 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 36,000 | 0.00070856 | 968.48 | 332.3 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 425.1 | 0.4390 | 315.0 | 0.9736 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
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| 45,000 | 0.00046012 | 968.08 | 215.6 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 527.6 | 0.5450 | 315.0 | 1.2087 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |
| 50,000 | 0.00036183 | 968.08 | 169.5 | 1.00 | 1.20 | 594.9 | 0.6146 | 315.0 | 1.3630 | 0.88 | 0.8800 |

Interpolate to find altitude → 31,707 ft

Flight Envelope



Ceiling – Flight Envelope

Unpressurized aircraft - ceiling altitude without oxygen masks will not exceed 10,000 ft

Unpressurized aircraft – ceiling altitude with oxygen masks will not exceed 25,000 ft

Pressurized aircraft – ceiling altitude will not exceed 50,000 ft

A pressure suit is required for extended periods above 50,000 ft in a pressurized air vehicle.

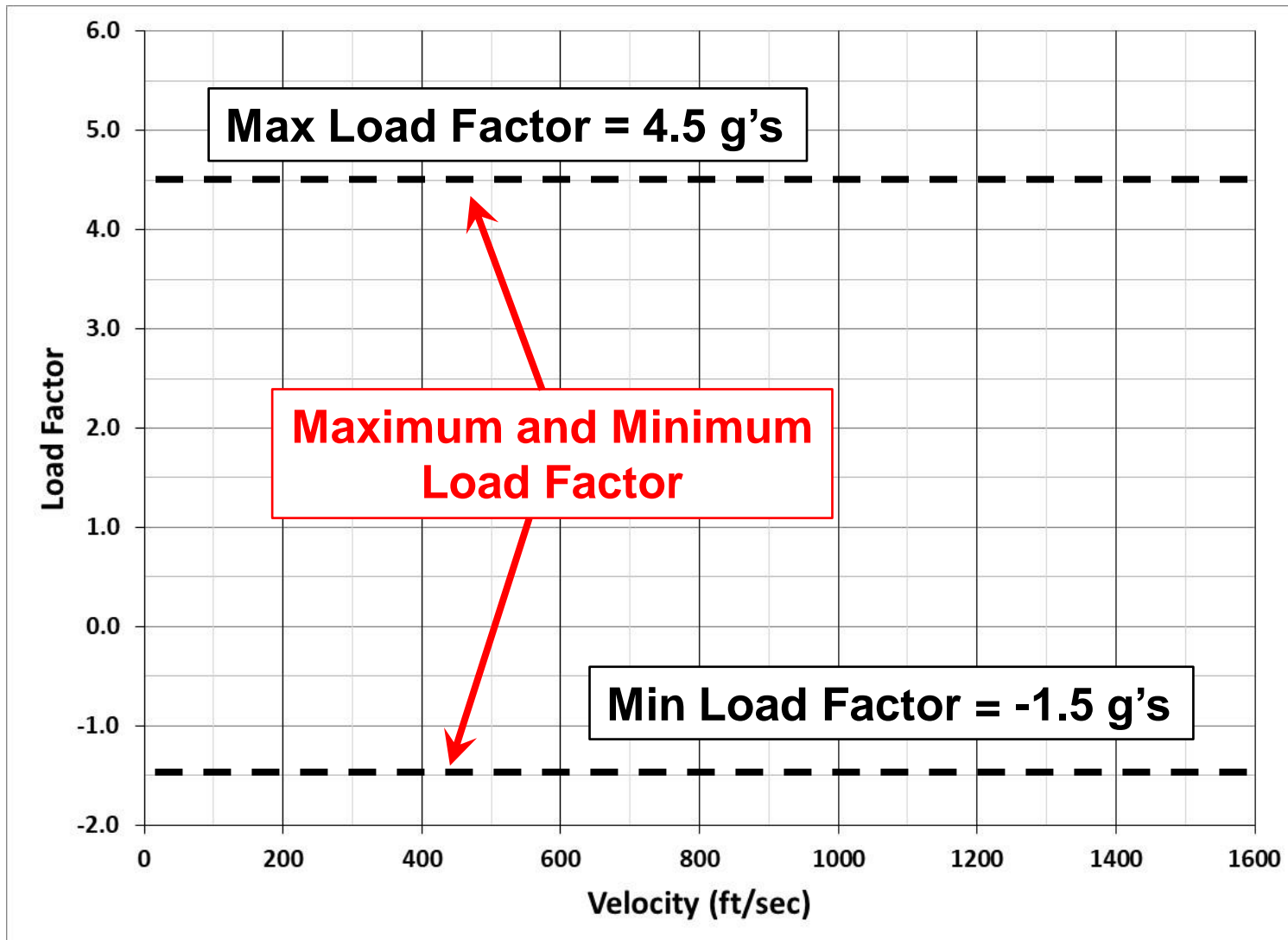
Load Factor

Load factor is defined as the resultant force divided by the air vehicle weight.

$$n = \frac{L}{W}$$

$$C_L = \frac{n W}{q S} = \frac{n W}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 S}$$

Load Factor – V-n Diagram



Load Factor Limitations

Basic Flight Design Gross Weight (BFDGW) is defined as the highest flight weight authorized for the maximum positive and negative load factors for maneuvering flight.

A-10A

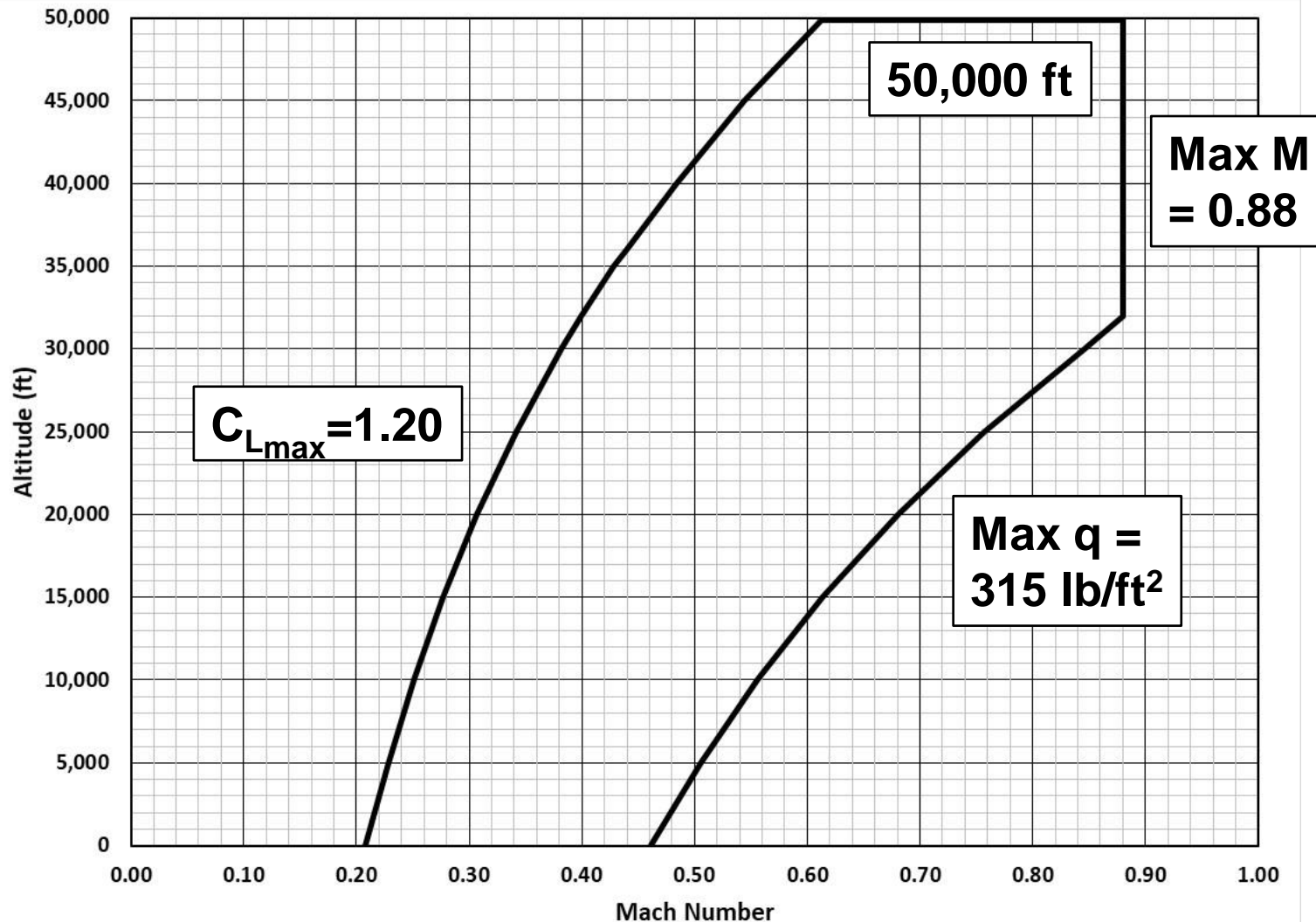
BFDGW=31,867 lb

Max g's = 7.33

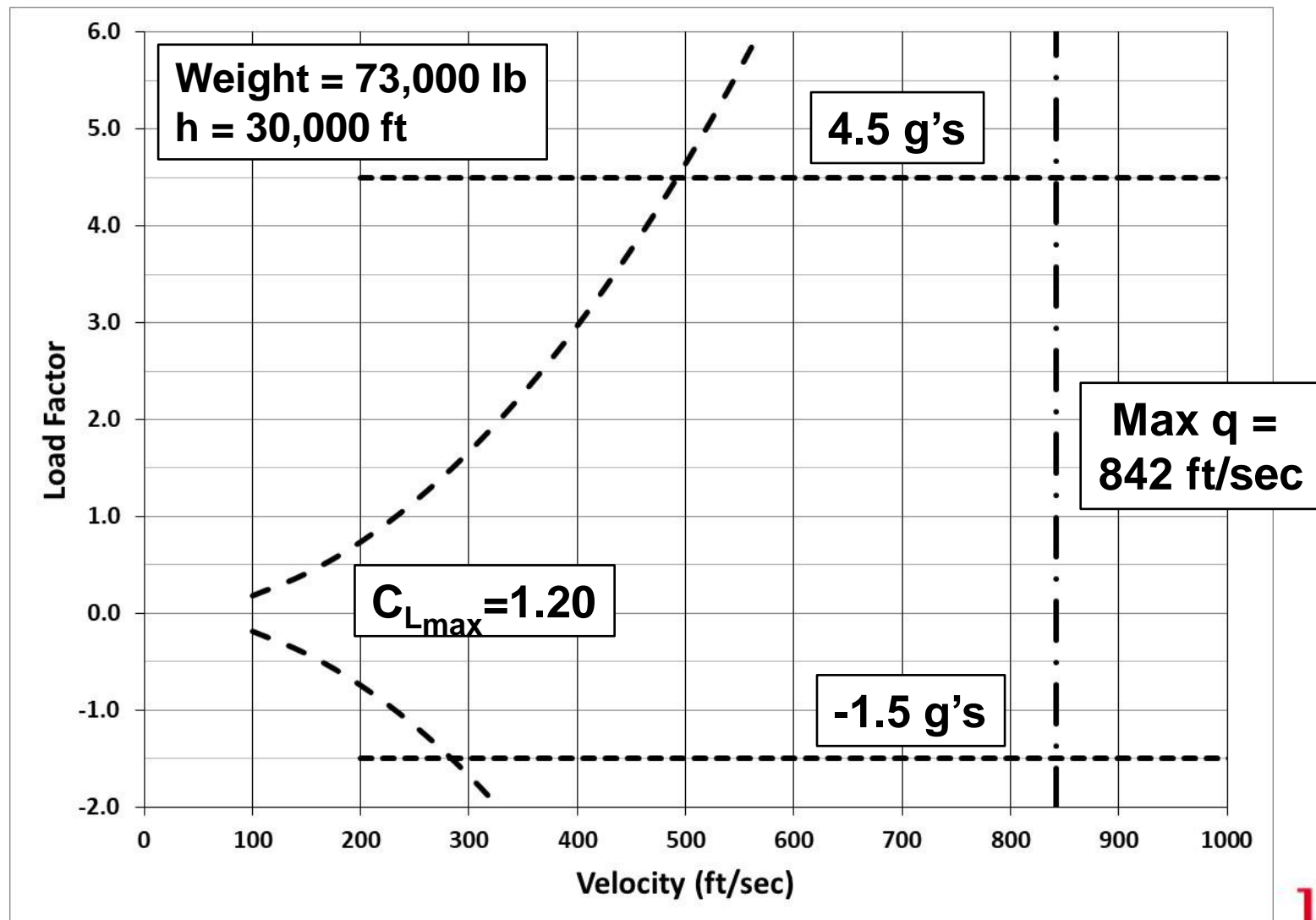
$n_z W = 233,585$ lb



G-IV Flight Envelope



G-IV V-n Diagram



Homework Assignment

HW #7 – Flight Envelope

(due by 11:59 pm ET on Monday)

Reading – Chapters 4, 5.9, & 6.5 in textbook

HW Help Session

Monday 1:00 – 2:00 pm ET

Posted on Canvas

**HW #7 Assignment with instructions, tips,
and checklist**

HW #7 Aircraft Fact Sheet

Homework #7

BD-5J Home-built Jet Aircraft

Explicit Calculations

Plot Performance Charts

[Video #1](#)



Questions?