## PROBLEM SET 2

Due: Tuesday January 30<sup>th</sup>

1. Which of the following autoregressive processes are weakly stationary?

(a) 
$$y_t = 3 - 0.3y_{t-1} + 0.04y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t$$
,

(b) 
$$y_t = 5 + 3.1y_{t-1} - 0.03y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t$$
,

(c) 
$$y_t = 2.5y_{t-1} - 2y_{t-2} + 0.5y_{t-3} + \varepsilon_t$$
,

where  $\varepsilon_t \sim \mathrm{iid}(0, \sigma^2)$ .

2. Consider the following weakly stationary AR(3) process,

$$y_t = 0.5 + 0.6y_{t-3} + v_t$$

where  $v_t \sim iid(0, 1)$ .

- (a) Show that  $\mathbb{E}(y_t) = 1.25$ .
- (b) Let  $\gamma(k) = \text{cov}(y_t, y_{t-k})$ . show  $\gamma(0) = \frac{1}{0.64} = 1.5625$ .
- (c) Show that  $\gamma(1) = 0.6\gamma(2)$ .
- (d) Show that  $\gamma(2) = 0.6\gamma(1)$ .
- (e) Use the results from parts (c) and (d) to show that  $\gamma(1) = \gamma(2) = 0$ .
- (f) Show that  $\gamma(3) = 0.6\gamma(0)$ .
- (g) We can show that in general  $\gamma(k) = 0.6\gamma(k-3)$  for all  $k = 3, 4, 5, \cdots$ . Use this result and the result of parts (e) and (f) to show

$$\rho(k) = \begin{cases} 0.6^{k/3} & \text{for } k = 3, 6, 9, \dots, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where

$$\rho(k) = \frac{\gamma(k)}{\gamma(0)}.$$

3. Consider the following time-series process for  $y_t$ ,  $t=1,2,\cdots$ ,

$$y_t = 2(u_t - \varepsilon_t) + 0.5u_{t-1} \text{ for } t = 1, 2, \dots$$

Suppose

$$\mathbb{E}(u_t) = \mathbb{E}(\varepsilon_t) = 0$$
 and  $var(u_t) = var(\varepsilon_t) = 1$  for all  $t$ .

Moreover, assume that

$$cov(u_t, \varepsilon_t) = -0.5$$
 for all  $t$ , and  $cov(u_t, \varepsilon_{t'}) = 0$  for all  $t \neq t'$ .

- (a) Show that  $\mathbb{E}(y_t) = 0$ .
- (b) Show that  $var(y_t) = 12.25$ .
- (c) Show that  $cov(y_t, y_{t-1}) = 1.5$ .
- (d) Show that  $cov(y_t, y_{t-2}) = 0$ .
- (e) Given the result of part (d), what do you expect about  $cov(y_t, y_{t-k})$  for  $k = 3, 4, \cdots$ .
- (f) Given the result of parts (a)-(e), can you conclude that the process is weakly stationary? Explain why?