

Interactive applications

Overview

Interactive web applications using Shiny

Note about today's class

If you get lost, you can download the simple app we are going to create on the class GitHub site:

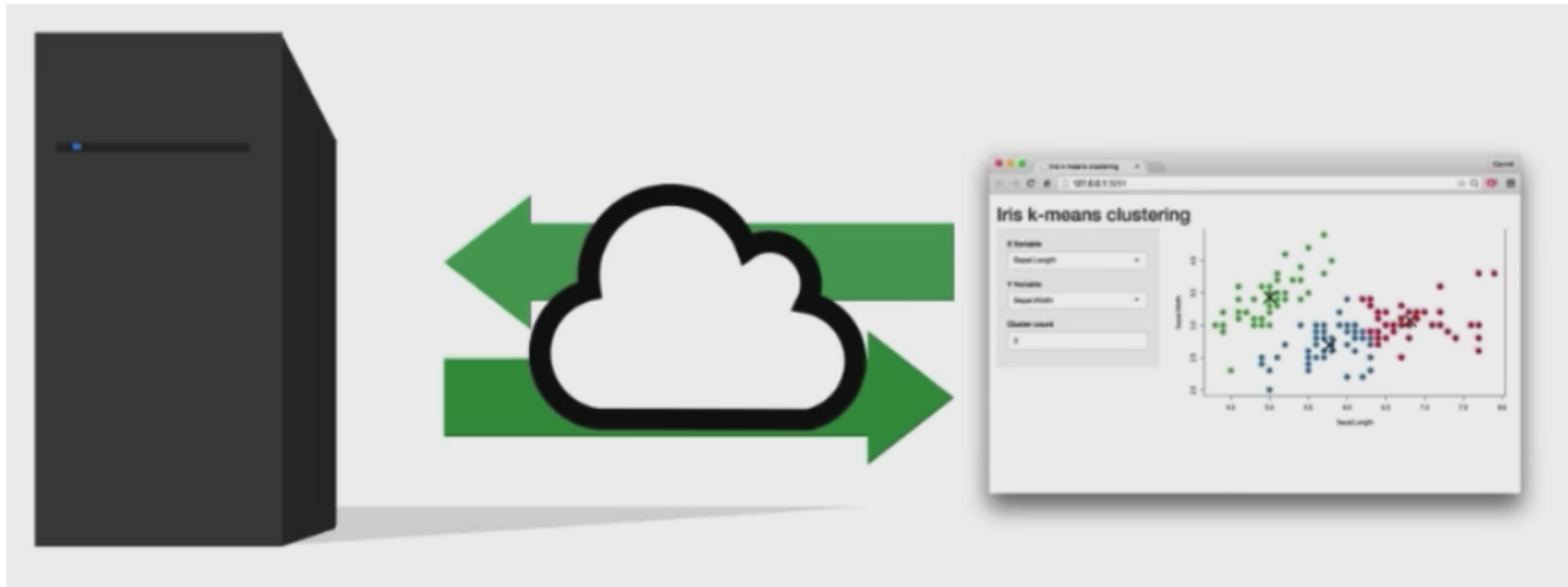
https://github.com/emeyers/SDS230/blob/master/ClassMaterial/class_code/simple_app.R

```
download.file(paste0(SDS230:::get_base_url(), "class_code/simple_app.R"),  
"simple_app.R")
```

Shiny applications

Server runs R code,
creates results

Client uses a web-based
GUI to interact with code



Tutorial: <https://shiny.rstudio.com/tutorial/>

Fisher's Iris data set

Setosa



Virginica



Vericolor



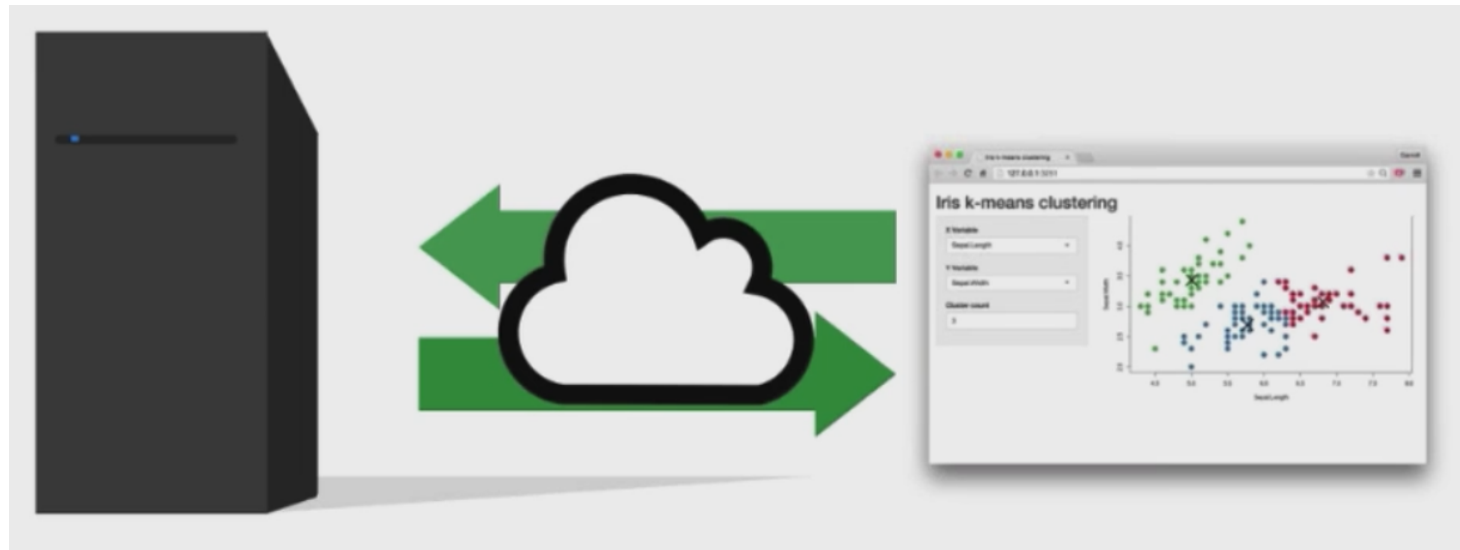
> `View(iris)` # Look at the original iris data frame

[K-means Shiny app on Iris data set](#)

Shiny applications

Server runs R code,
creates results

Client uses a web-based
GUI to interact with code



You need to write 2 pieces of code to create a Shiny app:

- server: for the code that is run on the server
- ui: for the web interface shown to the user

Shiny application template

```
# include the shiny package
```

```
library(shiny)
```

```
# the function to create the user interface
```

```
ui <- fluidPage()
```

```
# the function to create the server
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {}
```

```
# putting them together to run
```

```
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

UI code converted to
HTML for web browsers



Start by creating a .R script that has this code
Follow along by continually testing the code...

Shiny application template

```
# include the shiny package
```

```
library(shiny)
```

```
# the function to create the user interface
```

```
ui <- fluidPage("Hello world!")
```

Change the UI



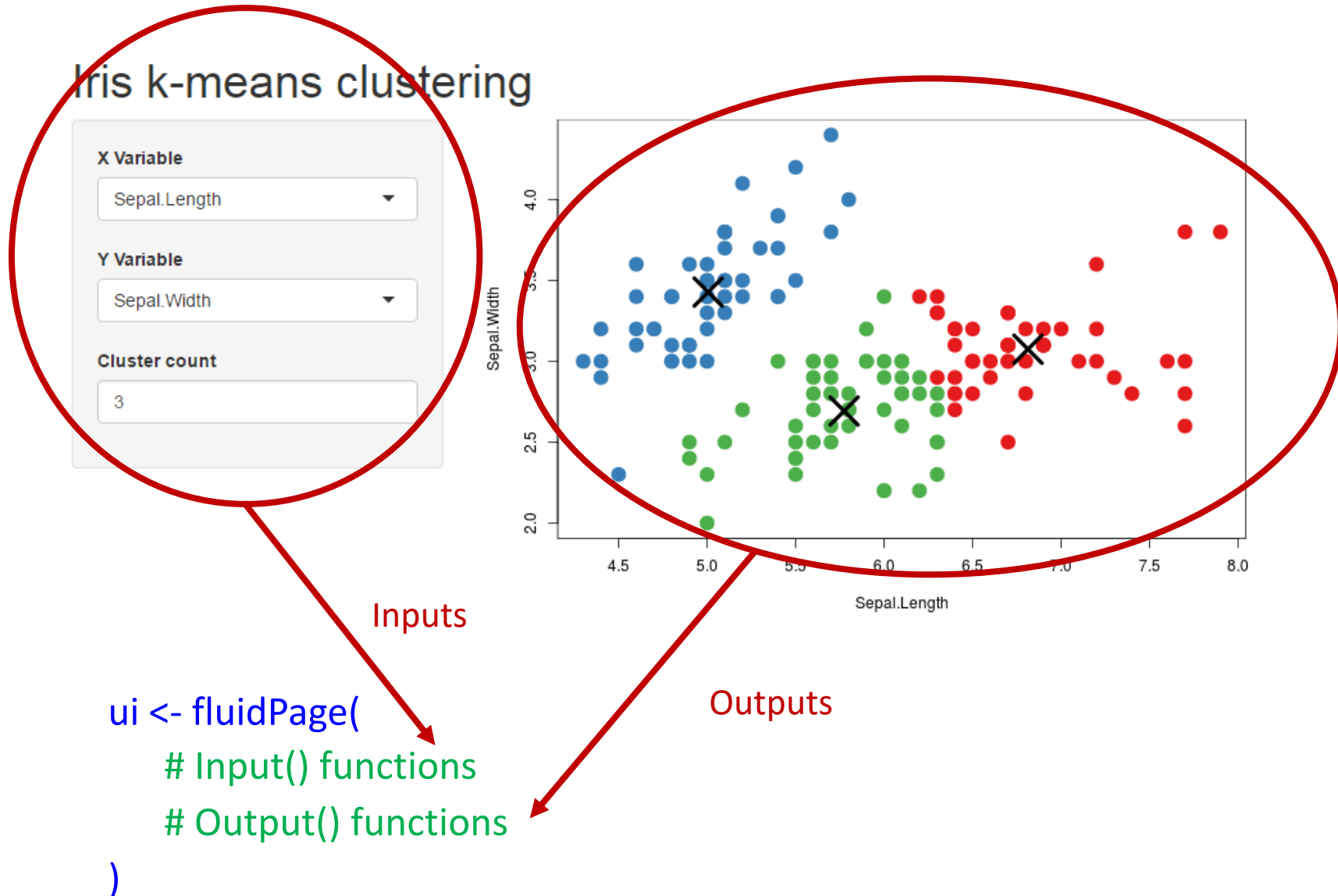
```
# the function to create the server
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {}
```

```
# putting them together to run
```

```
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```


Think in terms of inputs and outputs



Building a UI

adding a slider...

```
ui <- fluidPage(
```

```
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
              label = "Choose a number",  
              val = 25, min = 1, max = 100)
```

```
) # notice the closing parenthesis!
```



Indentation is important to stay organized!

Input functions:

Buttons

Action

Submit

`actionButton()`
`submitButton()`

Single checkbox

☒ Choice A

`checkboxInput()`

Checkbox group

☒ Choice 1
☐ Choice 2
☐ Choice 3

`checkboxGroupInput()` `dateInput()`

Date input

2014-01-01

Date range

2014-01-24 to 2014-01-24

`dateRangeInput()`

File input

Choose File No file chosen

`fileInput()`

Numeric input

1

`numericInput()`

Password Input

.....

`passwordInput()`

Radio buttons

☒ Choice 1
☐ Choice 2
☐ Choice 3

`radioButtons()`

Select box

Choice 1

`selectInput()`

Sliders

0 50 100
0 25 75 100

`sliderInput()`

Text input

Enter text...

`textInput()`

See Cheat sheet!

Input functions!

Input functions all have a similar form:

```
sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
            label = "Choose a number",  
            val = 25, min = 1, max = 100)
```

← Name to refer to returned value

← Label for user to see

← Input type specific arguments

Use help page to learn about input arguments:


```
> ? sliderInput
```

Output functions

Function	Inserts
<code>dataTableOutput()</code>	an interactive table
<code>htmlOutput()</code>	raw HTML
<code>imageOutput()</code>	image
<code>plotOutput()</code>	plot
<code>tableOutput()</code>	table
<code>textOutput()</code>	text
<code>uiOutput()</code>	a Shiny UI element
<code>verbatimTextOutput()</code>	text


Example: `plotOutput(outputId = "my_plot")`

Always need to give
outputs a name



Building a UI

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
    label = "Choose a number",  
    val = 25, min = 1, max = 100),  
  plotOutput("my_plot")  
)
```



Don't forget the
comma!

Sever function

Sever function connects inputs to outputs

```
server <- function(input, output) {
```

```
  output$my_plot <- # code
```

```
}
```

Connecting the ui and the server

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
    label = "Choose a number",  
    val = 25, min = 1, max = 100),  
  plotOutput("my_plot")  
)
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {  
  output$my_plot <- # code  
}
```

Connecting the ui
and the sever



Sever function


Sever function connects inputs to outputs

```
server <- function(input, output) {  
  
  output$my_plot <- renderPlot({  
  
    # add your plot here!  
    # e.g., hist(rnorm(100)) # boring  
  
  })  
  
}
```

Connecting the ui and the server

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
    label = "Choose a number",  
    val = 25, min = 1, max = 100),  
  plotOutput("my_plot")  
)
```

Usually a pairing of
xOutput and renderX



```
server <- function(input, output) {  
  output$my_plot <- renderPlot({  
  
  })  
}
```

See Shiny Cheat Sheet for more pairs



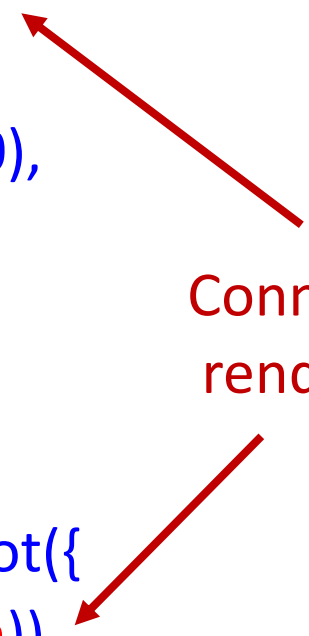
Render functions

Render functions take R output and place it in an HTML page in the UI

function	creates
<code>renderDataTable()</code>	An interactive table <small>(from a data frame, matrix, or other table-like structure)</small>
<code>renderImage()</code>	An image (saved as a link to a source file)
<code>renderPlot()</code>	A plot
<code>renderPrint()</code>	A code block of printed output
<code>renderTable()</code>	A table <small>(from a data frame, matrix, or other table-like structure)</small>
<code>renderText()</code>	A character string
<code>renderUI()</code>	a Shiny UI element

Connecting the ui and the server

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
    label = "Choose a number",  
    val = 25, min = 1, max = 100),  
  plotOutput("my_plot")  
)  
  
server <- function(input, output) {  
  output$my_plot <- renderPlot({  
    hist(rnorm(input$num))  
  })  
}
```



Connect UI input to
render output

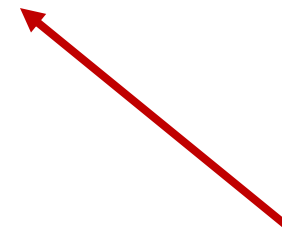
The diagram consists of two red arrows. The first arrow originates from the text 'Connect UI input to render output' and points to the 'num' parameter in the 'sliderInput' function call within the 'ui' block. The second arrow also originates from the same text and points to the 'input\$num' parameter within the 'hist' function call in the 'server' block.

Connecting the ui and the server

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
    label = "Choose a number",  
    val = 25, min = 1, max = 100),  
  plotOutput("my_plot")  
)
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {  
  output$my_plot <- renderPlot({  
    hist(rnorm(input$num))  
  })  
}
```

i.e., it is 'reactive'.
The plot is redrawn
every time slider value
changes



This function is called every time the input\$num value changes!

Sharing Shiny apps

Create a directory

Either:

- Save your file as app.R with both sever and ui functions
- Save as two files: server.R and ui.R
- Embed code in an R Markdown file


If you host this directory on a Shiny server you can access this over the web

- Can host on asterius or with RStudio (shinyapps.io)

Layout managers

Layout managers allow you to better position items on the web page (i.e., better ui)

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  
  sidebarLayout(  
  
    sidebarPanel( # add controls here),  
    mainPanel( # add plots here )  
  
  ) # end sidebarLayout  
  
) # end ui
```



Don't forget the comma!


Layout managers

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  
  sidebarLayout(  
    sidebarPanel(  
      sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
        label = "Choose a number",  
        val = 25, min = 1, max = 100)  
    ),  
  
    mainPanel(  
      plotOutput("my_plot")  
    )  
  
  ) # end sidebarLayout  
) # end ui
```


Application title

```
ui <- fluidPage(  
  titlePanel("My cool Shiny app!"),  
  sidebarLayout(  
    sidebarPanel(  
      sliderInput(inputId = "num",  
        label = "Choose a number",  
        val = 25, min = 1, max = 100)  
    ),  
    mainPanel(  
      plotOutput("my_plot")  
    )  
  ) # end sidebarLayout  
) # end ui
```

You can add a title to your app



Practice by creating this app!

> `library('babynames')`

> `View(babynames)`

BOYS		GIRLS	
1	Oliver	1	Charlotte
2	William	2	Olivia
3	Jack	3	Amelia
4	Noah	4	Ava
5	Thomas	5	Mia
6	James	6	Sophia
7	Jackson / Jaxon	7	Chloe
8	Ethan	8	Emily
9	Lucas	9	Sophie
10	Lachlan	10	Grace

See if you can create this app:

<https://asterius.hampshire.edu:3939/DataScience/babynames/>