# A Bayesian Model for Brain Network Functional Connectivity using PyMC3

Rui Wang
M.S. Defense Presentation

Department of Biostatistics

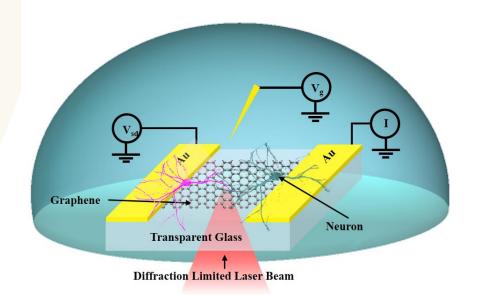
- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

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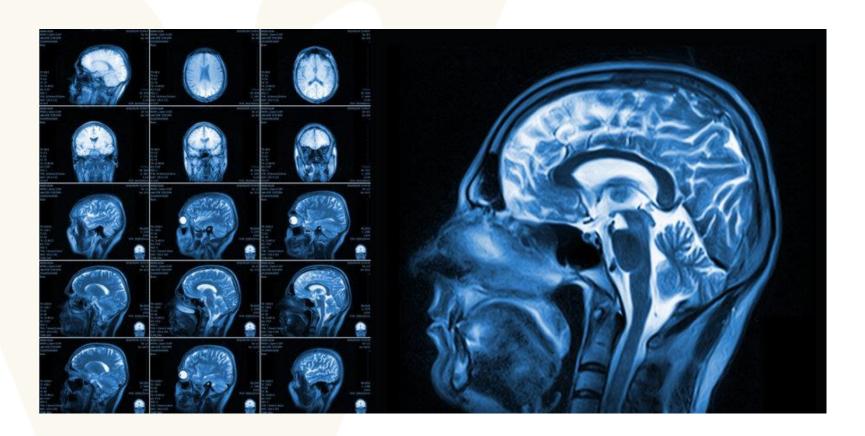
# **Previous Study**

Precise Timing
High Electrical Sensitivity
High Throughput
High Spatial Accuracy
Long-term Duration

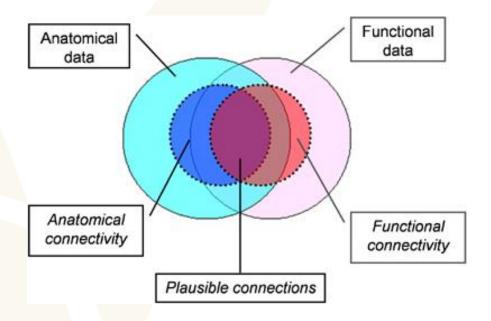


Wang, R et. al, *Nano Letter* (in review)

# **Brain Imaging**

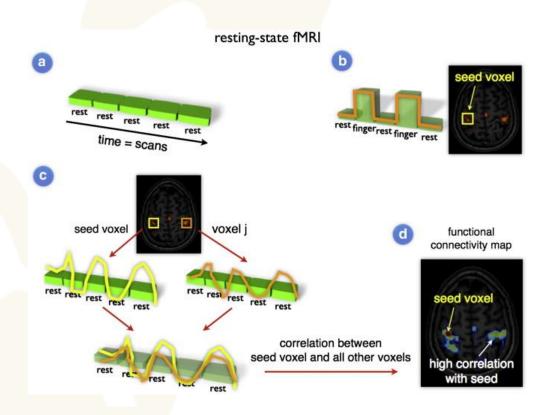


# **Brain Imaging**



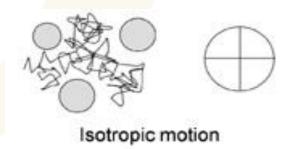
Rykhlevskaia et. al, *Psychophysiology* 45, 2 (2008)

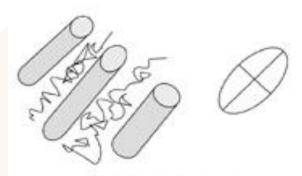
# **Functional Connectivity**



van den Heuvel et. al, European Neuropsychopharmacology 20, 8 (2008)

# **Structural Connectivity**





Anisotropic motion

Rykhlevskaia et. al, *Psychophysiology* 45, 2 (2008)



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# Spatiotemporal Structure

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

- $\beta_c$ : the grand mean
- $b_c(v)$ : the zero-mean voxel-specific random effect
  - Local spatial dependency:

$$Cov(b_c(v), b_c(v')) = K_c(||v - v'||)$$

- $d_c$ : the zero-mean ROI-specific random effect
- $\epsilon_{cv}(t)$ : the noise
  - AR (1) temporal structure

#### **Kernel Covariance Function**

Constant	K(x,x')=c
Linear	$K(x,x') = x^T x'$
Gaussian noise	$K(x,x') = \sigma^2 \delta_{x,x'}$
Squared exponential	$K(x, x') = \exp(-\frac{\ x - x'\ ^2}{2l^2})$
Exponential	$K(x,x') = \exp(-\frac{ x-x' }{l})$
Matérn	$K(x,x') = \frac{2^{1-v}}{\Gamma(v)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2v} x-x' }{l}\right)^{v} B_{v}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2v} x-x' }{l}\right)$
Periodic	$K(x,x') = \exp\left(-\frac{2\sin^2(\frac{x-x'}{2})}{l^2}\right)$
Rational quadratic	$K(x, x') = (1 +  x - x' ^2)^{-\alpha}, \alpha \ge 0$

#### **Kernel Covariance Function**

$$r = \|v - v'\|\varphi_c$$

**Exponential**:

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 \exp(-r)$$

Gaussian:

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 \exp(-r^2)$$

Matérn52:

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 (1 + \sqrt{5}r + \frac{5}{3}r^2) \exp(-\sqrt{5}r)$$

Matérn32:

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2(1+\sqrt{3}r)\exp(-\sqrt{3}r)$$

### **Temporal Correlation**

AR (1) structure:

$$\epsilon_{cv}(t) = \delta_c + \phi_{cv} \epsilon_{cv}(t-1) + w(t)$$

- $\delta_c$ : the constant shift
- $\phi_{cv}$ : the coefficient with  $|\phi_{cv}| < 1$
- w(t): the Gaussian random noise

$$E[\epsilon_{cv}(t)] = \frac{\delta_c}{1 - \phi_{cv}}$$

$$Var[\epsilon_{cv}(t)] = \frac{\sigma_{cv}^2}{1 - \phi_{cv}^2}$$

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#### **Hierarchical Structure**

$$Y_c(t) = \boldsymbol{\beta}_c + \boldsymbol{b}_c + \boldsymbol{d}_c + \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_c(t)$$

• 
$$Y_c(t) = [Y_{c1}(t), Y_{c2}(t), ..., Y_{cV}(t)]^T$$

$$\bullet \boldsymbol{\beta}_c = \beta_c \boldsymbol{J}_{(1 \times V)}$$

• 
$$b_c = [b_{c1}, b_{c2}, ..., b_{cV}]^T$$

• 
$$d_c = d_c J_{(1 \times V)}$$

• 
$$\epsilon_c(t) = [\epsilon_{c1}(t), \epsilon_{c2}(t), ..., \epsilon_{cV}(t)]^T$$

#### **Hierarchical Structure**

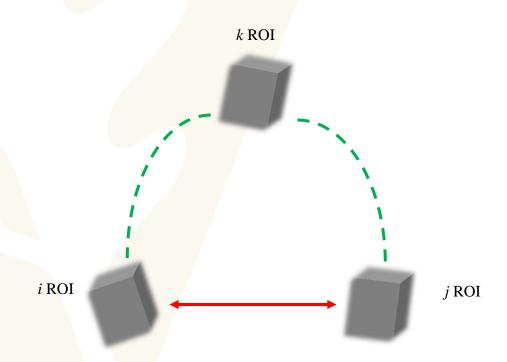
$$Y_c(t) = \boldsymbol{\beta}_c + \boldsymbol{b}_c + \boldsymbol{d}_c + \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_c(t)$$

- $\beta_c \sim N(0, \sigma_{\beta_c}^2)$
- $\boldsymbol{b}_c \sim N(0, \Sigma_{b_c})$
- $d_c \sim N(0, \Sigma_d)$
- $\epsilon_{cv}(t) \sim N(\frac{\delta_c}{1-\phi_{cv}}, \frac{\sigma_{cv}^2}{1-\phi_{cv}^2})$

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# **Double Fusion**



#### **Double Fusion**

$$L_d(direct) = \lambda L_{sc} + (1 - \lambda) L_{nfc}$$

$$L_d(indirect) = M_{sc}\lambda L_{sc} + (1 - M_{sc}\lambda)L_{nfc}$$

$$L_d = \omega L_d(direct) + (1 - \omega)L_d(indirect)$$

$$\Sigma_d = L_d \times L_d^T$$

#### **Double Fusion**

$$\rho_d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho_{12} & \dots & \rho_{1n} \\ & 1 & \ddots & \vdots \\ & & 1 & \rho_{(n-1)n} \\ & & & 1 \end{pmatrix}_{n \times n}$$

$$[\rho_{12}, \dots, \rho_{1n}, \rho_{23}, \dots, \rho_{2n}, \dots, \rho_{(n-1)n}]_{n\_vec}$$

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$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

•  $\beta_c \sim N(0, 0.01^2)$ 

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

$$Cov(b_c(v), b_c(v')) = \sigma_{b_c}^2 \exp(-\|v - v'\|\varphi_c)$$

- $\varphi_c \sim \text{Unif}(0, 20)$
- $\sigma_{b_c}$  ~ Unif (0, 100)

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

- $\lambda \sim \text{Beta}(1,1)$
- $\omega \sim \text{Beta}(1,1)$
- $\sigma_{d_c}$  ~ Unif(-8,8)

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

$$\epsilon_{cv}(t) = \delta_c + \phi_{cv} \epsilon_{cv}(t-1) + w(t)\varphi_c$$

- $\phi_{cv} \sim \text{Unif}(0,1)$
- $\sigma_{cv} \sim \text{Unif}(0, 100)$

$$Y_{obs} \sim N(Y_{cv}, \sigma^2)$$

•  $\sigma \sim \text{Unif}(0, 100)$ 

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# PyMC3 and NUTS

$$Y \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\mu = \alpha + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2$$

- $\alpha \sim N(0, 100)$
- $\beta_1$  or  $\beta_2 \sim N(0, 20)$
- $\sigma \sim \text{HalfNormal}(0, 1)$

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# PyMC3 and NUTS

```
import pymc3 as pm
with pm.Model() as basic model:
   # Priors for unknown model parameters
    alpha = pm.Normal('alpha', mu=0, sd=100)
    beta = pm.Normal('beta', mu=0, sd=20, shape=2)
    sigma = pm.HalfNormal('sigma', sd=1)
   # Expected value of outcome
    mu = alpha + beta[0]*X1 + beta[1]*X2
    # Likelihood (sampling distribution) of observations
    Y_obs = pm.Normal('Y_obs', mu=mu, sd=sigma, observed=Y)
with basic_model:
    # instatiate sampler
    step = pm.NUTS()
    # draw 1000 posterior samples and tune 500 as default
    trace = pm.sample(1000, step = step)
```

# **Model Diagnostics**

Gelman Rubin statistics:

$$\hat{R} = \frac{\hat{V}}{W}$$

Effective sample size:

$$\hat{n}_{eff} = \frac{mn}{1 + 2\sum_{t=1}^{T} \hat{\rho}_t}$$

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# **Optimization and Decomposition**

- Vectorization
- Cholesky decomposition

$$X \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$$

$$\Sigma = U^T U$$

$$X = \mu + U^T Z, Z \sim N(0, 1)$$

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# Simulation Study

- Generate time-series data with a length of T = 128 scans using AR (1) (coefficient: 0.6) at 5 ROIs and each ROI contains 100 voxels
- Imposed correlation using a multivariate normal distribution

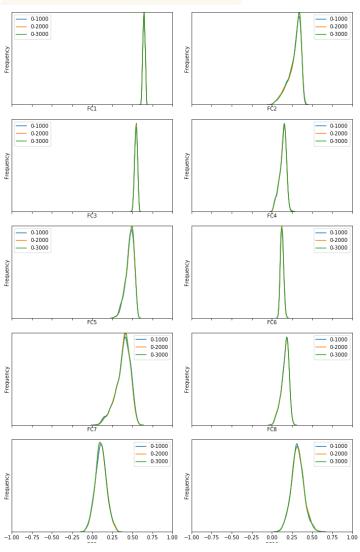
$$\rho_d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.6 & 0 & 0.5 & 0 \\ & 1 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 & 0.1 \\ & & & 1 & 0.2 \\ & & & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

•  $SC \sim W_p(6, \rho_d)$ 

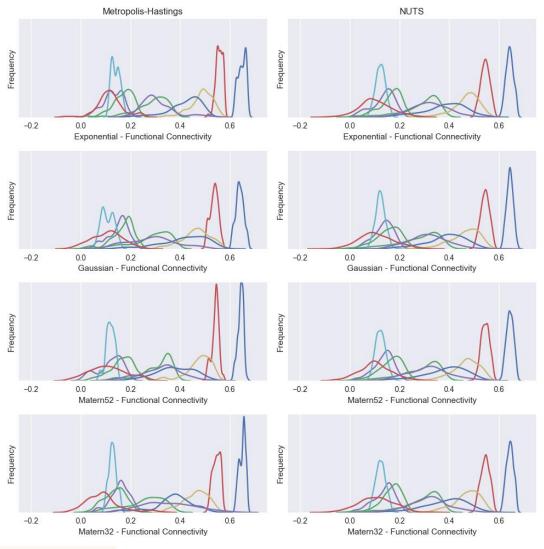
# **Simulation Study**

Bayesian correct SC				Bayesian independence				
FC	Median (SD)	[2.5% 97.5%]	R	$\widehat{n}_{eff}$	Median (SD)	[2.5% 97.5%]	Ŕ	$\widehat{n}_{eff}$
$ ho_1$	0.645 (0.014)	[0.617 0.669]	0.999	1675.438	0.531 (0.125)	[0.170 0.652]	1.002	979.951
$\rho_2$	0.310 (0.080)	[0.074 0.378]	0.999	1110.936	0.305 (0.078)	[0.091 0.379]	0.999	1303.385
$\rho_3$	0.546 (0.017)	[0.513 0.576]	0.999	1877.821	0.463 (0.108)	[0.151 0.572]	0.999	1033.009
$\rho_4$	0.145 (0.042)	[0.039 0.204]	0.999	1341.864	0.146 (0.042)	[0.040 0.204]	0.999	1034.929
$ ho_5$	0.478 (0.053)	[0.340 0.547]	0.999	1152.252	0.432 (0.090)	[0.197 0.537]	1.001	1285.429
$\rho_6$	0.123 (0.020)	[0.088 0.165]	1.000	1721.880	0.017 (0.106)	[-0.194 0.216]	1.000	1218.262
$\rho_7$	0.399 (0.083)	[0.180 0.522]	0.999	1102.607	0.419 (0.098)	[0.174 0.558]	0.999	1381.804
$\rho_8$	0.173 (0.049)	[0.047 0.235]	0.999	1293.770	0.158 (0.068)	[0.016 0.283]	1.000	1251.840
$\rho_9$	0.105 (0.070)	[-0.026 0.254]	0.999	1417.283	0.057 (0.063)	[-0.066 0.177]	1.000	1458.304
$\rho_{10}$	0.316 (0.077)	[0.165 0.484]	1.000	1524.805	0.348 (0.118)	[0.054 0.532]	0.999	1095.445

# Convergence



## **Bayesian Correct SC**



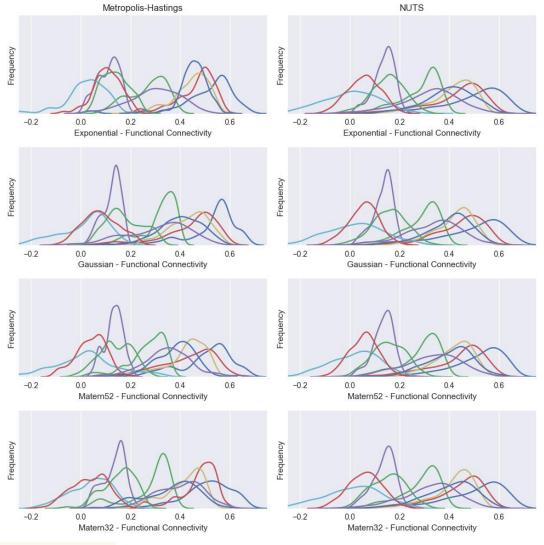
# **Bayesian Correct SC**

	Metropolis-Hastings Median (SD)				NUTS Median (SD)			
FC	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn <mark>52</mark>	Matérn32	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn52	Matérn32
$ ho_1$	0.651(0.016)	0.640(0.016)	0.645(0.016)	0.654(0.016)	0.651(0.015)	0.640(0.015)	0.645(0.015)	0.654(0.015)
$\rho_2$	0.303(0.061)	0.305(0.061)	0.333(0.061)	0.273(0.061)	0.303(0.077)	0.305(0.077)	0.333(0.077)	0.273(0.077)
$\rho_3$	0.559(0.014)	0.540(0.014)	0.544(0.014)	0.548(0.014)	0.559(0.018)	0.540(0.018)	0.544(0.018)	0.548(0.018)
$ ho_4$	0.129(0.040)	0.160(0.040)	0.132(0.040)	0.162(0.040)	0.129(0.046)	0.160(0.046)	0.132(0.046)	0.162(0.046)
$\rho_5$	0.492( <mark>0.</mark> 046)	0.469(0.046)	0.486(0.046)	0.470(0.046)	0.492(0.052)	0.469(0.052)	0.486(0.052)	0.470(0.052)
$\rho_6$	0.139(0.017)	0.107(0.017)	0.119(0.017)	0.128(0.017)	0.139(0.019)	0.107(0.019)	0.119(0.019)	0.128(0.019)
$\rho_7$	0.438(0.068)	0.430(0.068)	0.378(0.068)	0.379(0.068)	0.438(0.088)	0.430(0.088)	0.378(0.088)	0.379(0.088)
$\rho_8$	0.179(0.043)	0.182(0.043)	0.170(0.043)	0.142(0.043)	0.179(0.047)	0.182(0.047)	0.170(0.047)	0.142(0.047)
$\rho_9$	0.116(0.053)	0.111(0.053)	0.108(0.053)	0.086(0.053)	0.116(0.066)	0.111(0.066)	0.108(0.066)	0.086(0.066)
$\rho_{10}$	0.293(0.069)	0.293(0.069)	0. <mark>336(0.069</mark> )	0.350(0.069)	0.293(0.077)	0.293(0.077)	0.336(0.077)	0.350(0.077)

# **Bayesian Correct SC**

Metropolis-Hastings			NUTS					
MSE	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn52	Matérn32	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn52	Matérn32
Total FC	0.043	0.042	0.040	0.037	0.040	0.039	0.040	0.041
Zero FC	0.083	0.084	0.075	0.066	0.076	0.073	0.076	0.078
Low FC	0.024	0.020	0.025	0.024	0.023	0.022	0.023	0.024
High FC	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002

# **Bayesian Independence**



# **Bayesian Independence**

Metropolis-Hastings Median (SD)					NUTS Median (SD)				
FC	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn52	Matérn32	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn52	Matérn32	
$\rho_1$	0.547(0.016)	0.56(0.016)	0.529(0.016)	0.517(0.016)	0.547(0.015)	0.560(0.015)	0.529(0.015)	0.517(0.015)	
$\rho_2 \\$	0.283(0.061)	0.339(0.061)	0.283(0.061)	0.317(0.061)	0.283(0.077)	0.339(0.077)	0.283(0.077)	0.317(0.077)	
$\rho_3$	0.488(0.014)	0.481(0.014)	0.453(0.014)	0.493(0.014)	0.488(0.018)	0.481(0.018)	0.453(0.018)	0.493(0.018)	
$\rho_4$	0.116( <mark>0.0</mark> 40)	0.134(0.040)	0.136(0.040)	0.145(0.040)	0.116(0.046)	0.134(0.046)	0.136(0.046)	0.145(0.046)	
$\rho_5$	0.461 <mark>(0.</mark> 046)	0.449(0.046)	0.443(0.046)	0.434(0.046)	0.461(0.052)	0.449(0.052)	0.443(0.052)	0.434(0.052)	
$\rho_6$	0.032(0.017)	0.047(0.017)	0.025(0.017)	0.053(0.017)	0.032(0.019)	0.047(0.019)	0.025(0.019)	0.053(0.019)	
$\rho_7$	0.456(0.068)	0.407(0.068)	0.391(0.068)	0.391(0.068)	0.456(0.088)	0.407(0.088)	0.391(0.088)	0.391(0.088)	
$\rho_8$	0.136(0.043)	0.162(0.043)	0.139(0.043)	0.167(0.043)	0.136(0.047)	0.162(0.047)	0.139(0.047)	0.167(0.047)	
$\rho_9$	0.108(0.053)	0.079(0.053)	0.048(0.053)	0.042(0.053)	0.108(0.066)	0.079(0.066)	0.048(0.066)	0.042(0.066)	
$\rho_{10}$	0.307(0.069)	0.339(0.069)	0.356(0.069)	0.411(0.069)	0.307(0.077)	0.339(0.077)	0.356(0.077)	0.411(0.077)	

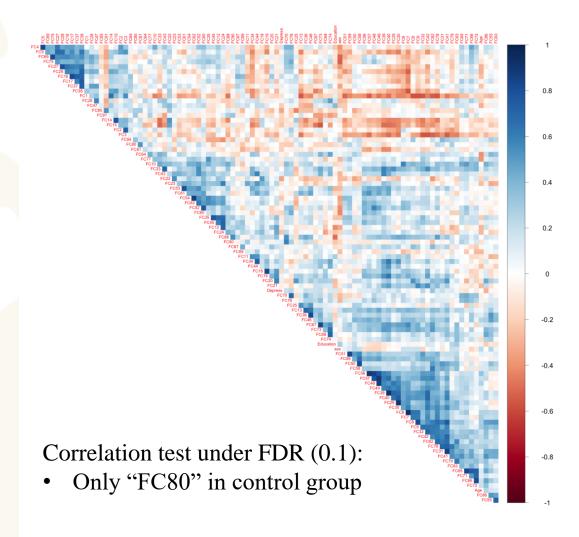
# **Bayesian Independence**

		Metropolis-Hastings			NUTS			
MSE	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn <mark>52</mark>	Matérn32	Exponential	Gaussian	Matérn52	Matérn32
Total FC	0.118	0.119	0.108	0.118	0.111	0.113	0.113	0.113

# **Case Study**

	Control (n=23)	MDD (n=18)	Wilson Doub Com Toute	
	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	Wilcoxon Rank Sum Tests	
Age(years)	31.78 (10.16)	32.06 (8.55)	t = -0.512, p = 0.608	
Sex (% female)	65%	50%	t = 0.828, p = 0.408	
Education (years)	15.78 (1.73)	16.28 (1.90)	t = -0.512, p = 0.608	
Beck Depression Inventory (BDI)	1.90 (2.62)	22.11 (9.38)	t = -4.085, p < 0.001	
Montgomery–Asberg  Depression Rating Scale (MADRS)	0.70 (1.06)	25.29 (3.20)	t = -5.438, p < 0.001	
Processing Speed Domain	0.36 (0.67)	0.20 (0.61)	t = 0.841, p = 0.401	
Working Memory Domain	0.10 (0.88)	0.02 (0.81)	t = 0.158, p = 0.875	
Episodic Memory Domain	0.23 (0.55)	0.07 (0.75)	t = 0.578, p = 0.563	
Executive Function Domain	0.20 (0.55)	0.23 (0.59)	t = -0.053, p = 0.958	

# **Case Study**



### **Case Study**

Cognitive domain  $\sim$  Age + Sex + Education + FC<sub>i</sub> + Depress + FC<sub>i</sub> \* Depress

• Cognitive domain:

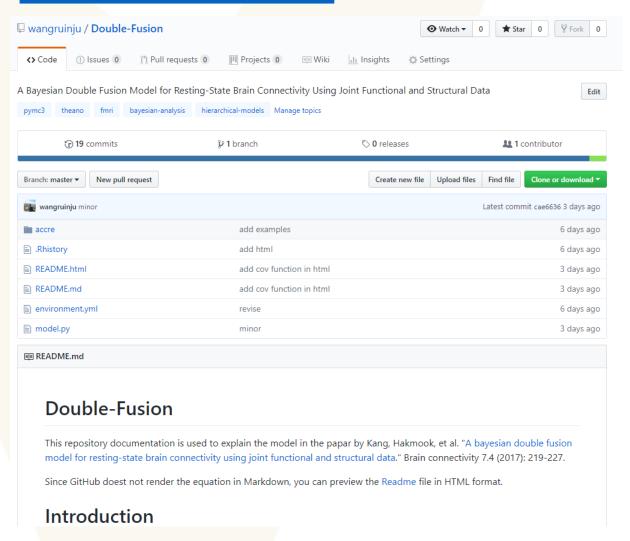
Processing Speed Domain
Working Memory Domain
Episodic Memory Domain
Executive Function Domain

• Interaction term FC<sub>i</sub> \* Depress: "FC80"

### Variable Selection

	Processing Speed Domain	Working Memory Domain	Episodic Memory Domain	Executive Function Domain
Exhaustive	FC4, FC27, FC28,	FC26, FC29, FC62,	FC6, FC9, FC42,	FC6, FC7, FC26,
	FC48, FC57, FC69	FC64, FC69, FC71	FC57, FC78, FC79	FC27, FC50. FC79
Forward	FC10, FC20, FC29,	FC20, FC26, FC33,	FC6, FC9, FC11,	FC18, FC20, FC26,
	FC44, FC51, FC58	FC62, FC69, FC85	FC26, FC35, FC65	FC43, FC50, FC77
Backward	FC2, FC4, FC6, FC12,	FC7, FC18, FC19,	FC7, FC9, FC11,	FC3, FC6, FC8, FC11,
	FC20, FC24	FC25, FC26, FC33	FC22, FC29, FC30	FC13, FC26
Sequential	FC10, FC11, FC17,	FC26, FC29, FC62,	FC1, FC5, FC6, FC9,	FC18, FC20, FC26,
	FC28, FC29, FC78	FC64, FC69, FC71	FC11, FC35	FC43, FC50, FC77
Lasso	FC10, FC11, FC26,	FC20, FC26, FC62,	FC6, FC25, FC34,	FC11, FC26, FC58,
	FC29, FC70, FC85	FC64, FC69, FC84	FC57, FC77, FC86	FC70, FC77, FC85

#### **Documentation**



#### **Future work**

- Other kernel covariance functions
- 200-300 subjects
- Other machine learning methods of variable selection
- MDD classification

#### Acknowledgement

#### **Committee Members**

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Dr. Qingxia Chen

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Sandya Lakkur

David Schlueter

Ya-Chen Lisa Lin

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