

# **A Bayesian Model for Brain Network Functional Connectivity using PyMC3**

Rui Wang

M.S. Defense Presentation

Department of Biostatistics

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Previous Study

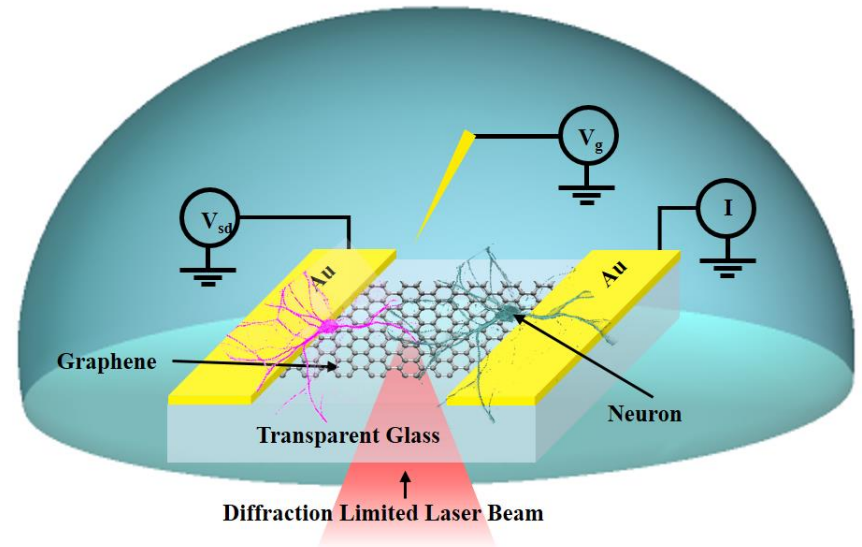
Precise Timing

High Electrical Sensitivity

High Throughput

High Spatial Accuracy

Long-term Duration



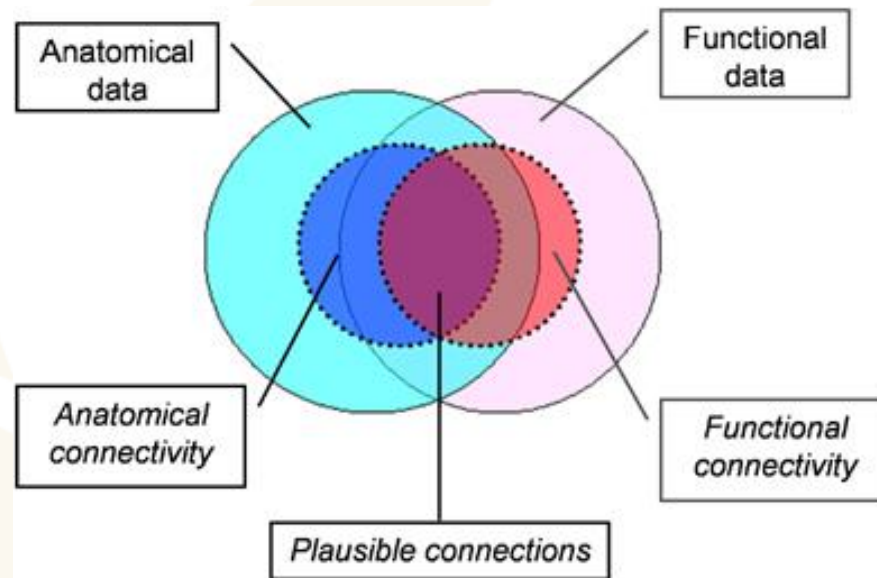
Wang, R et. al, *Nano Letter* (in review)

# Brain Imaging



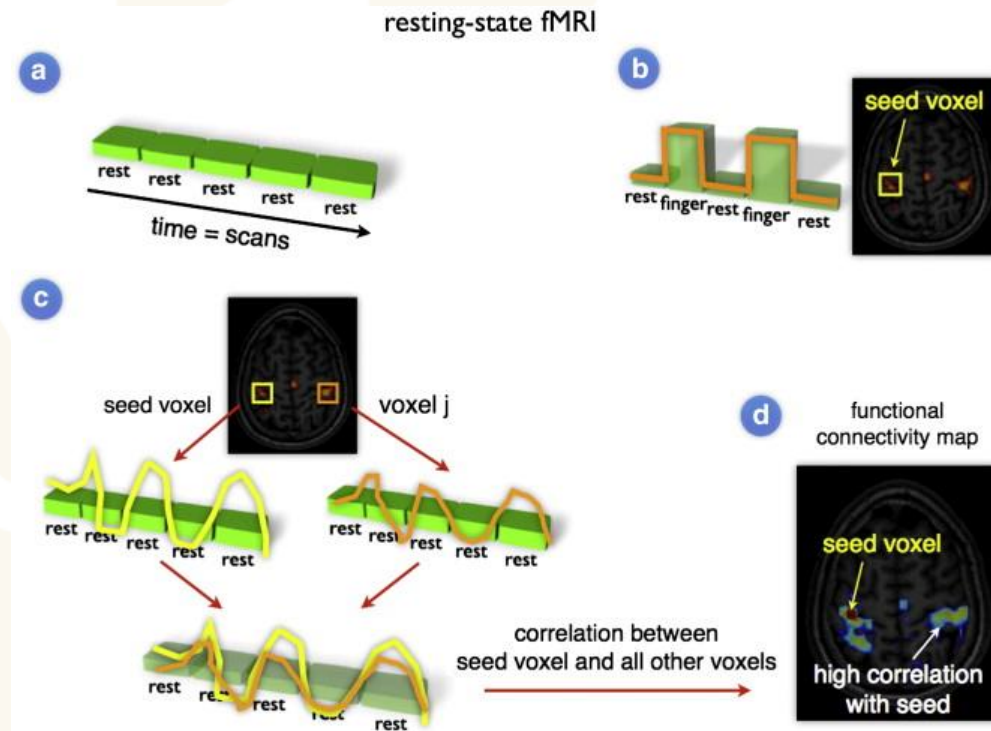
<https://www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2016/11/161103141437.htm>

# Brain Imaging



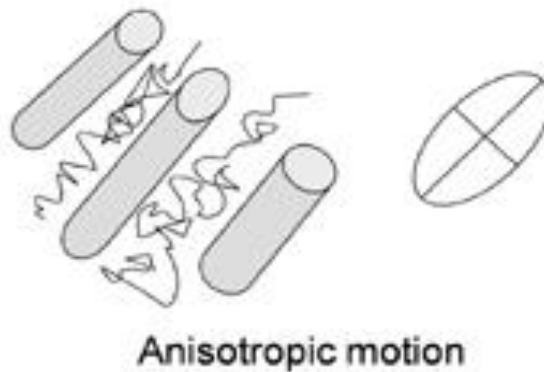
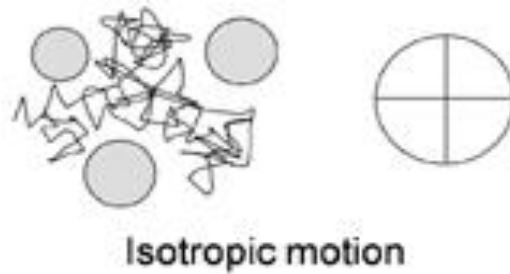
Rykhlevskaia et. al, *Psychophysiology* 45, 2 (2008)

# Functional Connectivity



van den Heuvel et. al, *European Neuropsychopharmacology* 20, 8 (2008)

# Structural Connectivity



Rykhlevskaia et. al, *Psychophysiology* 45, 2 (2008)



# Outline

- Introduction
- **Methods**
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Outline

- Introduction
- **Methods**
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Spatiotemporal Structure

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

- $\beta_c$ : the grand mean
- $b_c(v)$ : the zero-mean voxel-specific random effect
  - Local spatial dependency:

$$\text{Cov}(b_c(v), b_c(v')) = K_c(\|v - v'\|)$$

- $d_c$ : the zero-mean ROI-specific random effect
- $\epsilon_{cv}(t)$ : the noise
  - AR (1) temporal structure

Kang, H et. al, *Brain Connectivity* 7, 4 (2008)

# Kernel Covariance Function

Constant	$K(x, x') = c$
Linear	$K(x, x') = x^T x'$
Gaussian noise	$K(x, x') = \sigma^2 \delta_{x, x'}$
Squared exponential	$K(x, x') = \exp(-\frac{\ x - x'\ ^2}{2l^2})$
Exponential	$K(x, x') = \exp(-\frac{\ x - x'\ }{l})$
Matérn	$K(x, x') = \frac{2^{1-v}}{\Gamma(v)} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2v}\ x - x'\ }{l} \right)^v B_v\left(\frac{\sqrt{2v}\ x - x'\ }{l}\right)$
Periodic	$K(x, x') = \exp(-\frac{2\sin^2(\frac{x - x'}{2})}{l^2})$
Rational quadratic	$K(x, x') = (1 + \ x - x'\ ^2)^{-\alpha}, \alpha \geq 0$

# Kernel Covariance Function

$$r = \|v - v'\| \varphi_c$$

Exponential (Matérn1/2):

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 \exp(-r)$$

Gaussian or square exponential (Matérn $\infty$ ):

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 \exp(-\frac{1}{2}r^2)$$

Matérn5/2:

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 (1 + \sqrt{5}r + \frac{5}{3}r^2) \exp(-\sqrt{5}r)$$

Matérn3/2:

$$\sigma_{b_c}^2 (1 + \sqrt{3}r) \exp(-\sqrt{3}r)$$

# Temporal Correlation

AR (1) structure:

$$\epsilon_{cv}(t) = \delta_c + \phi_{cv} \epsilon_{cv}(t-1) + w(t)$$

- $\delta_c$ : the constant shift
- $\phi_{cv}$ : the coefficient with  $|\phi_{cv}| < 1$
- $w(t)$ : the Gaussian random noise

$$E[\epsilon_{cv}(t)] = \frac{\delta_c}{1 - \phi_{cv}}$$

$$\text{Var}[\epsilon_{cv}(t)] = \frac{\sigma_{cv}^2}{1 - \phi_{cv}^2}$$

# Outline

- Introduction
- **Methods**
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - **Hierarchical Structure**
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Hierarchical Structure

$$Y_c(t) = \beta_c + b_c + d_c + \epsilon_c(t)$$

- $Y_c(t) = [Y_{c1}(t), Y_{c2}(t), \dots, Y_{cV}(t)]^T$
- $\beta_c = \beta_c J_{(1 \times V)}$
- $b_c = [b_{c1}, b_{c2}, \dots, b_{cV}]^T$
- $d_c = d_c J_{(1 \times V)}$
- $\epsilon_c(t) = [\epsilon_{c1}(t), \epsilon_{c2}(t), \dots, \epsilon_{cV}(t)]^T$



# Hierarchical Structure

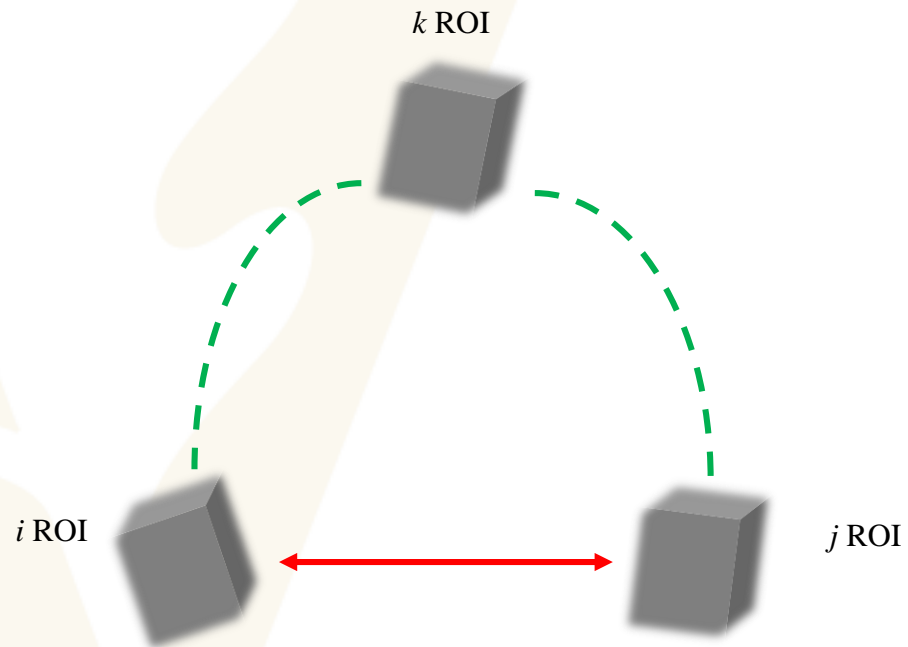
$$Y_c(t) = \beta_c + b_c + d_c + \epsilon_c(t)$$

- $\beta_c \sim N(0, \sigma_{\beta_c}^2)$
- $b_c \sim N(0, \Sigma_{b_c})$
- $d_c \sim N(0, \Sigma_d)$
- $\epsilon_{cv}(t) \sim N(\frac{\delta_c}{1-\phi_{cv}}, \frac{\sigma_{cv}^2}{1-\phi_{cv}^2})$

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - **Double Fusion**
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Double Fusion



# Double Fusion

$$L_d(\text{direct}) = \lambda L_{sc} + (1 - \lambda)L_{nfc}$$

$$L_d(\text{indirect}) = M_{sc}\lambda L_{sc} + (1 - M_{sc}\lambda)L_{nfc}$$

$$L_d = \omega L_d(\text{direct}) + (1 - \omega)L_d(\text{indirect})$$

$$\Sigma_d = L_d \times L_d^T$$

# Double Fusion

$$\rho_d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho_{12} & \cdots & \rho_{1n} \\ & 1 & & \vdots \\ & & \ddots & \\ 1 & & & \rho_{(n-1)n} \\ & & & 1 \end{pmatrix}_{n \times n}$$

$$[\rho_{12}, \dots, \rho_{1n}, \rho_{23}, \dots, \rho_{2n}, \dots, \rho_{(n-1)n}]_{n\_vec}$$

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - **Prior Distribution**
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Prior Information

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

- $\beta_c \sim N(0, 0.01^2)$

# Prior Information

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

$$\text{Cov}(b_c(v), b_c(v')) = \sigma_{b_c}^2 \exp(-\|v - v'\| \varphi_c)$$

- $\varphi_c \sim \text{Unif}(0, 20)$
- $\sigma_{b_c} \sim \text{Unif}(0, 100)$



# Prior Information

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

- $\lambda \sim \text{Beta}(1, 1)$
- $\omega \sim \text{Beta}(1, 1)$
- $\sigma_{d_c} \sim \text{Unif}(-8, 8)$

# Prior Information

$$Y_{cv}(t) = \beta_c + b_c(v) + d_c + \epsilon_{cv}(t)$$

$$\epsilon_{cv}(t) = \delta_c + \phi_{cv} \epsilon_{cv}(t-1) + w(t)\varphi_c$$

- $\phi_{cv} \sim \text{Unif}(0, 1)$
- $\sigma_{cv} \sim \text{Unif}(0, 100)$

# Prior Information

$$Y_{obs} \sim N(Y_{cv}, \sigma^2)$$

- $\sigma \sim \text{Unif}(0, 100)$

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - **PyMC3 and NUTS**
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# PyMC3 and NUTS

$$Y \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\mu = \alpha + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2$$

- $\alpha \sim N(0, 100)$
- $\beta_1 \text{ or } \beta_2 \sim N(0, 20)$
- $\sigma \sim \text{HalfNormal}(0, 1)$

# PyMC3 and NUTS

```
import pymc3 as pm
with pm.Model() as basic_model:

    # Priors for unknown model parameters
    alpha = pm.Normal('alpha', mu=0, sd=100)
    beta = pm.Normal('beta', mu=0, sd=20, shape=2)
    sigma = pm.HalfNormal('sigma', sd=1)

    # Expected value of outcome
    mu = alpha + beta[0]*X1 + beta[1]*X2

    # Likelihood (sampling distribution) of observations
    Y_obs = pm.Normal('Y_obs', mu=mu, sd=sigma, observed=Y)

with basic_model:

    # instantiate sampler
    step = pm.NUTS()

    # draw 1000 posterior samples and tune 500 as default
    trace = pm.sample(1000, step = step)
```

# Model Diagnostics

- Gelman Rubin statistics:

$$\hat{R} = \frac{\hat{V}}{W}$$

- Effective sample size:

$$\hat{n}_{eff} = \frac{mn}{1 + 2 \sum_{t=1}^T \hat{\rho}_t}$$

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study



# Optimization and Decomposition

- Vectorization
- Cholesky decomposition

$$X \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$$

$$\Sigma = U^T U$$

$$X = \mu + U^T Z, Z \sim N(0, 1)$$

# Outline

- Introduction
- Methods
  - Spatiotemporal Structure
  - Hierarchical Structure
  - Double Fusion
  - Prior Distribution
  - PyMC3 and NUTS
  - Optimization and Decomposition
- Simulation and Case Study

# Simulation Study

- Generate time-series data with a length of  $T = 128$  scans using AR (1) (coefficient: 0.6) at 5 ROIs and each ROI contains 100 voxels
- Imposed correlation using a multivariate normal distribution

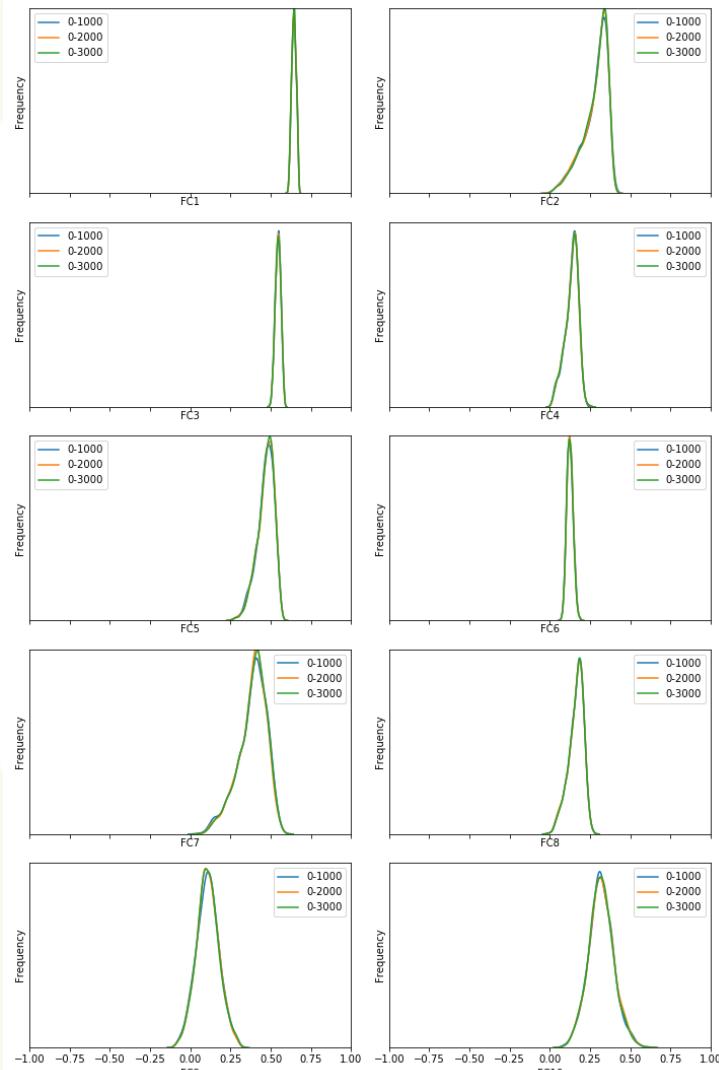
$$\rho_d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.6 & 0 & 0.5 & 0 \\ & 1 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 & 0.1 \\ & & & 1 & 0.2 \\ & & & & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- $SC \sim W_p(6, \rho_d)$

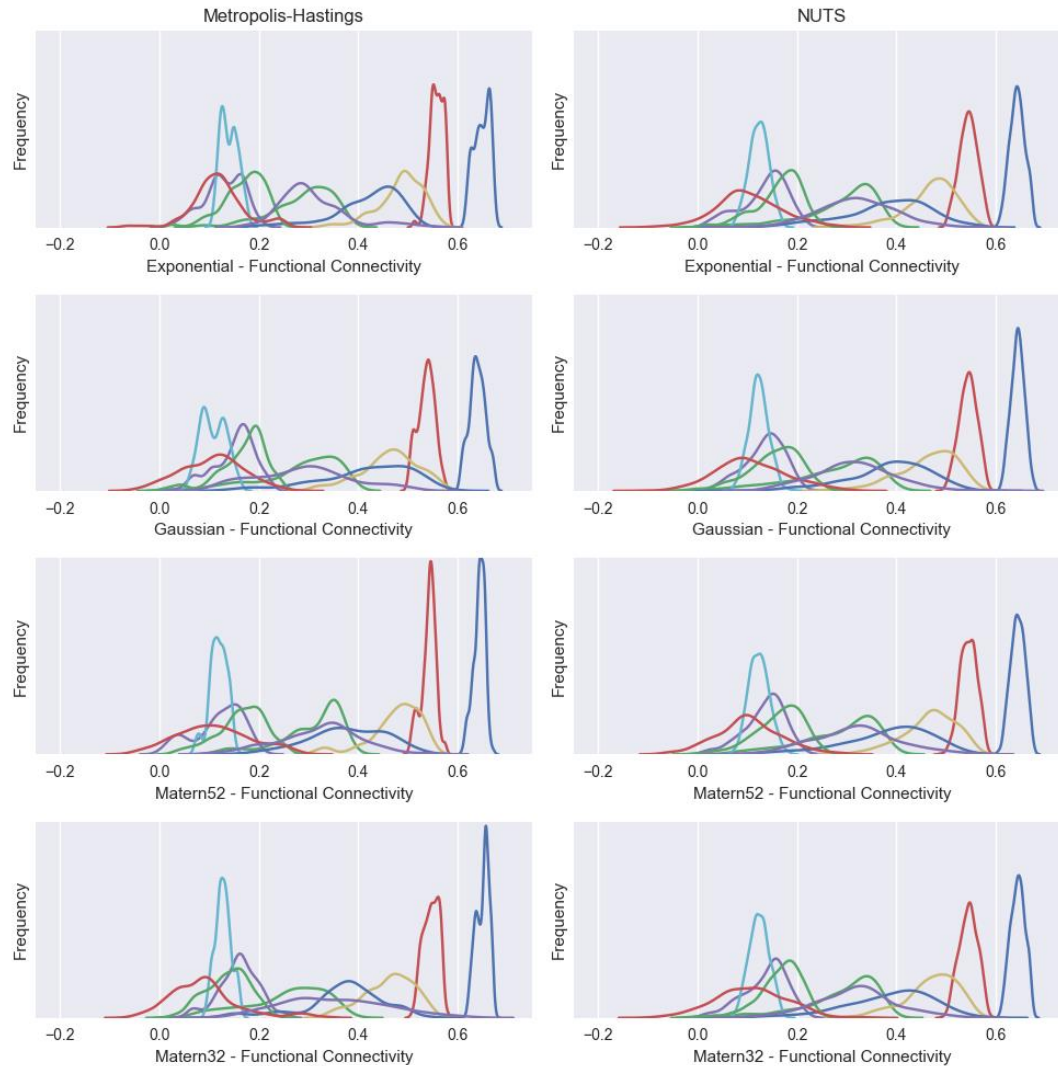
# Simulation Study

Bayesian correct SC					Bayesian independence			
FC	Median (SD)	[2.5% 97.5%]	$\hat{R}$	$\hat{n}_{eff}$	Median (SD)	[2.5% 97.5%]	$\hat{R}$	$\hat{n}_{eff}$
$\rho_1$	0.645 (0.014)	[0.617 0.669]	0.999	1675.438	0.531 (0.125)	[0.170 0.652]	1.002	979.951
$\rho_2$	0.310 (0.080)	[0.074 0.378]	0.999	1110.936	0.305 (0.078)	[0.091 0.379]	0.999	1303.385
$\rho_3$	0.546 (0.017)	[0.513 0.576]	0.999	1877.821	0.463 (0.108)	[0.151 0.572]	0.999	1033.009
$\rho_4$	0.145 (0.042)	[0.039 0.204]	0.999	1341.864	0.146 (0.042)	[0.040 0.204]	0.999	1034.929
$\rho_5$	0.478 (0.053)	[0.340 0.547]	0.999	1152.252	0.432 (0.090)	[0.197 0.537]	1.001	1285.429
$\rho_6$	0.123 (0.020)	[0.088 0.165]	1.000	1721.880	0.017 (0.106)	[-0.194 0.216]	1.000	1218.262
$\rho_7$	0.399 (0.083)	[0.180 0.522]	0.999	1102.607	0.419 (0.098)	[0.174 0.558]	0.999	1381.804
$\rho_8$	0.173 (0.049)	[0.047 0.235]	0.999	1293.770	0.158 (0.068)	[0.016 0.283]	1.000	1251.840
$\rho_9$	0.105 (0.070)	[-0.026 0.254]	0.999	1417.283	0.057 (0.063)	[-0.066 0.177]	1.000	1458.304
$\rho_{10}$	0.316 (0.077)	[0.165 0.484]	1.000	1524.805	0.348 (0.118)	[0.054 0.532]	0.999	1095.445

# Convergence



# Bayesian Correct SC



# Bayesian Correct SC

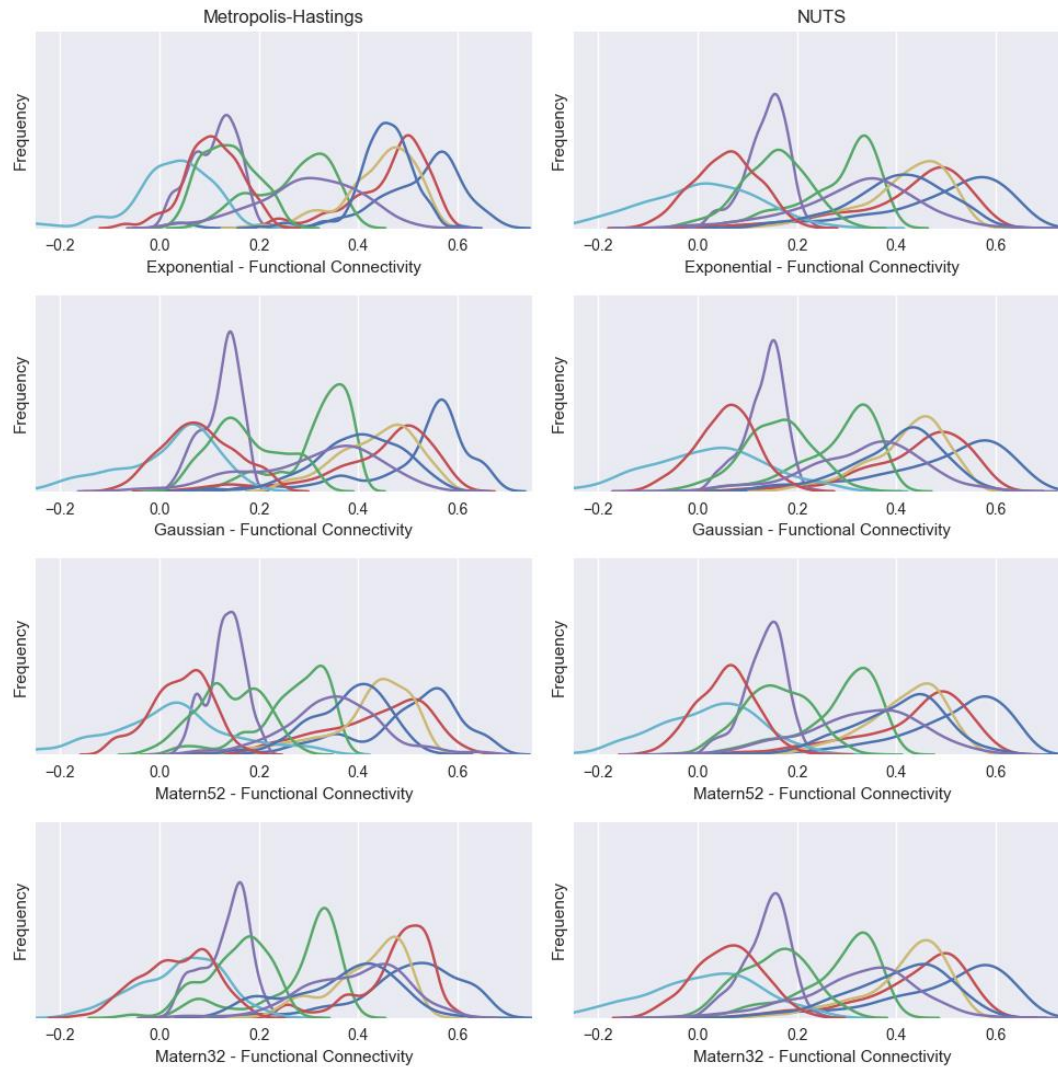
<i>FC</i>	<i>Metropolis-Hastings</i>				<i>NUTS</i>			
	<i>Median (SD)</i>				<i>Median (SD)</i>			
	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>
$\rho_1$	0.651(0.016)	0.640(0.016)	0.645(0.016)	0.654(0.016)	0.651(0.015)	0.640(0.015)	0.645(0.015)	0.654(0.015)
$\rho_2$	0.303(0.061)	0.305(0.061)	0.333(0.061)	0.273(0.061)	0.303(0.077)	0.305(0.077)	0.333(0.077)	0.273(0.077)
$\rho_3$	0.559(0.014)	0.540(0.014)	0.544(0.014)	0.548(0.014)	0.559(0.018)	0.540(0.018)	0.544(0.018)	0.548(0.018)
$\rho_4$	0.129(0.040)	0.160(0.040)	0.132(0.040)	0.162(0.040)	0.129(0.046)	0.160(0.046)	0.132(0.046)	0.162(0.046)
$\rho_5$	0.492(0.046)	0.469(0.046)	0.486(0.046)	0.470(0.046)	0.492(0.052)	0.469(0.052)	0.486(0.052)	0.470(0.052)
$\rho_6$	0.139(0.017)	0.107(0.017)	0.119(0.017)	0.128(0.017)	0.139(0.019)	0.107(0.019)	0.119(0.019)	0.128(0.019)
$\rho_7$	0.438(0.068)	0.430(0.068)	0.378(0.068)	0.379(0.068)	0.438(0.088)	0.430(0.088)	0.378(0.088)	0.379(0.088)
$\rho_8$	0.179(0.043)	0.182(0.043)	0.170(0.043)	0.142(0.043)	0.179(0.047)	0.182(0.047)	0.170(0.047)	0.142(0.047)
$\rho_9$	0.116(0.053)	0.111(0.053)	0.108(0.053)	0.086(0.053)	0.116(0.066)	0.111(0.066)	0.108(0.066)	0.086(0.066)
$\rho_{10}$	0.293(0.069)	0.293(0.069)	0.336(0.069)	0.350(0.069)	0.293(0.077)	0.293(0.077)	0.336(0.077)	0.350(0.077)

# Bayesian Correct SC

	<i>Metropolis-Hastings</i>				<i>NUTS</i>			
<i>MSE</i>	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>
Total FC	0.043	0.042	0.040	0.037	0.040	0.039	0.040	0.041
Zero FC	0.083	0.084	0.075	0.066	0.076	0.073	0.076	0.078
Low FC	0.024	0.020	0.025	0.024	0.023	0.022	0.023	0.024
High FC	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002



# Bayesian Independence



# Bayesian Independence

<i>FC</i>	<i>Metropolis-Hastings</i> <i>Median (SD)</i>				<i>NUTS</i> <i>Median (SD)</i>			
	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>
$\rho_1$	0.547(0.016)	0.56(0.016)	0.529(0.016)	0.517(0.016)	0.547(0.015)	0.560(0.015)	0.529(0.015)	0.517(0.015)
$\rho_2$	0.283(0.061)	0.339(0.061)	0.283(0.061)	0.317(0.061)	0.283(0.077)	0.339(0.077)	0.283(0.077)	0.317(0.077)
$\rho_3$	0.488(0.014)	0.481(0.014)	0.453(0.014)	0.493(0.014)	0.488(0.018)	0.481(0.018)	0.453(0.018)	0.493(0.018)
$\rho_4$	0.116(0.040)	0.134(0.040)	0.136(0.040)	0.145(0.040)	0.116(0.046)	0.134(0.046)	0.136(0.046)	0.145(0.046)
$\rho_5$	0.461(0.046)	0.449(0.046)	0.443(0.046)	0.434(0.046)	0.461(0.052)	0.449(0.052)	0.443(0.052)	0.434(0.052)
$\rho_6$	0.032(0.017)	0.047(0.017)	0.025(0.017)	0.053(0.017)	0.032(0.019)	0.047(0.019)	0.025(0.019)	0.053(0.019)
$\rho_7$	0.456(0.068)	0.407(0.068)	0.391(0.068)	0.391(0.068)	0.456(0.088)	0.407(0.088)	0.391(0.088)	0.391(0.088)
$\rho_8$	0.136(0.043)	0.162(0.043)	0.139(0.043)	0.167(0.043)	0.136(0.047)	0.162(0.047)	0.139(0.047)	0.167(0.047)
$\rho_9$	0.108(0.053)	0.079(0.053)	0.048(0.053)	0.042(0.053)	0.108(0.066)	0.079(0.066)	0.048(0.066)	0.042(0.066)
$\rho_{10}$	0.307(0.069)	0.339(0.069)	0.356(0.069)	0.411(0.069)	0.307(0.077)	0.339(0.077)	0.356(0.077)	0.411(0.077)

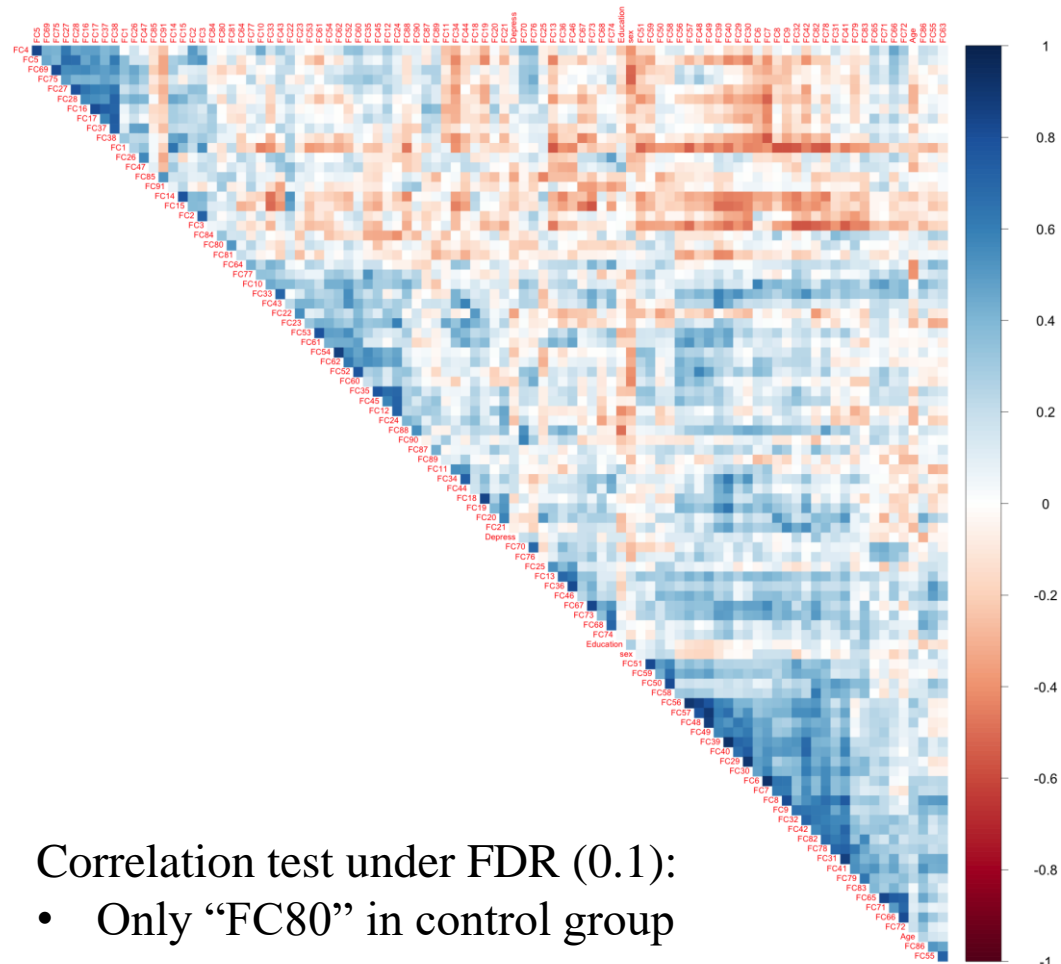
# Bayesian Independence

<i>Metropolis-Hastings</i>					<i>NUTS</i>			
<i>MSE</i>	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>	<i>Exponential</i>	<i>Gaussian</i>	<i>Matérn52</i>	<i>Matérn32</i>
Total FC	0.118	0.119	0.108	0.118	0.111	0.113	0.113	0.113

# Case Study

	<i>Control (n=23)</i>	<i>MDD (n=18)</i>	<i>Wilcoxon Rank Sum Tests</i>
	<i>Mean (SD)</i>	<i>Mean (SD)</i>	
Age(years)	31.78 (10.16)	32.06 (8.55)	t = -0.512, p = 0.608
Sex (% female)	65%	50%	t = 0.828, p = 0.408
Education (years)	15.78 (1.73)	16.28 (1.90)	t = -0.512, p = 0.608
Beck Depression Inventory (BDI)	1.90 (2.62)	22.11 (9.38)	t = -4.085, p <0.001
Montgomery–Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS)	0.70 (1.06)	25.29 (3.20)	t = -5.438, p < 0.001
Processing Speed Domain	0.36 (0.67)	0.20 (0.61)	t = 0.841, p = 0.401
Working Memory Domain	0.10 (0.88)	0.02 (0.81)	t = 0.158, p = 0.875
Episodic Memory Domain	0.23 (0.55)	0.07 (0.75)	t = 0.578, p = 0.563
Executive Function Domain	0.20 (0.55)	0.23 (0.59)	t = -0.053, p = 0.958

# Case Study



# Case Study

Cognitive domain  $\sim$  Age + Sex + Education +  $FC_i$  + Depress +  $FC_i * \text{Depress}$

- Cognitive domain:

Processing Speed Domain

Working Memory Domain

Episodic Memory Domain

Executive Function Domain

- Interaction term  $FC_i * \text{Depress}$ : “FC80”

# Variable Selection

	<i>Processing Speed Domain</i>	<i>Working Memory Domain</i>	<i>Episodic Memory Domain</i>	<i>Executive Function Domain</i>
Exhaustive	FC4, FC27, FC28, FC48, FC57, FC69	<b>FC26</b> , FC29, FC62, FC64, <b>FC69</b> , FC71	FC6, <b>FC9</b> , FC42, FC57, FC78, FC79	FC6, FC7, <b>FC26</b> , FC27, FC50, FC79
Forward	<b>FC10</b> , FC20, <b>FC29</b> , FC44, FC51, FC58	FC20, <b>FC26</b> , FC33, FC62, <b>FC69</b> , FC85	FC6, <b>FC9</b> , FC11, FC26, FC35, FC65	FC18, FC20, <b>FC26</b> , FC43, FC50, FC77
Backward	FC2, FC4, FC6, FC12, FC20, FC24	FC7, FC18, FC19, FC25, <b>FC26</b> , FC33	FC7, <b>FC9</b> , FC11, FC22, FC29, FC30	FC3, FC6, FC8, FC11, FC13, <b>FC26</b>
Sequential	<b>FC10</b> , FC11, FC17, FC28, <b>FC29</b> , FC78	<b>FC26</b> , FC29, FC62, FC64, <b>FC69</b> , FC71	FC1, FC5, FC6, <b>FC9</b> , FC11, FC35	FC18, FC20, <b>FC26</b> , FC43, FC50, FC77
Lasso	<b>FC10</b> , FC11, FC26, <b>FC29</b> , FC70, FC85	FC20, <b>FC26</b> , FC62, FC64, <b>FC69</b> , FC84	FC6, FC25, FC34, FC57, FC77, FC86	FC11, <b>FC26</b> , FC58, FC70, FC77, FC85

# Documentation

wangruinju / Double-Fusion

Watch 0 Star 0 Fork 0

Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Projects 0 Wiki Insights Settings

A Bayesian Double Fusion Model for Resting-State Brain Connectivity Using Joint Functional and Structural Data

Edit

pymc3 theano fmri bayesian-analysis hierarchical-models Manage topics

19 commits 1 branch 0 releases 1 contributor

Branch: master

New pull request

Create new file

Upload files

Find file

Clone or download

wangruinju minor	Latest commit cae6636 3 days ago
accre	add examples 6 days ago
.Rhistory	add html 6 days ago
README.html	add cov function in html 3 days ago
README.md	add cov function in html 3 days ago
environment.yml	revise 6 days ago
model.py	minor 3 days ago

README.md

## Double-Fusion

This repository documentation is used to explain the model in the paper by Kang, Hakmook, et al. "A bayesian double fusion model for resting-state brain connectivity using joint functional and structural data." Brain connectivity 7.4 (2017): 219-227.

Since GitHub does not render the equation in Markdown, you can preview the [Readme](#) file in HTML format.

## Introduction



# Future Work

- Other kernel covariance functions
- 200-300 subjects
- Other machine learning methods of variable selection
- MDD classification

# Acknowledgement

## **Committee Members**

Dr. Hakmook Kang (Advisor)

Dr. Qingxia Chen

## **Faulty and Students**

Dr. Jeffrey Blume

Dr. Fannesbeck Christopher

Dr. Warren Taylor

Sandya Lakkur

David Schlueter

Ya-Chen Lisa Lin

and all the faulty and fellow students in the department

A large, stylized background graphic on the left side of the slide. It features a light beige hand with fingers slightly curled, holding a white flower with five petals. The entire graphic is set against a light beige background that transitions into a white background on the right.

*Thank you!*