

# Intermediate SQL

FOR DATA ANALYSIS

# Agenda

Installing SQLiteStudio

Subqueries, Derived Tables, and Unions

**Regular Expressions** 

Advanced Joins

**Window Functions** 

Programming with SQL (Python, R and Java)

### About the Instructor

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**Business Consultant for Southwest Airlines** 

Author of <u>Getting Started with SQL</u> by O'Reilly and <u>Learning RxJava</u> by Packt

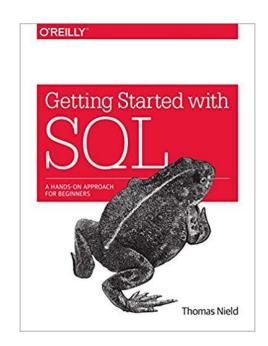
My other online trainings at O'Reilly:

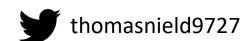
**SQL** Fundamentals for Data

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# Setting Up SQLite

SQLiteStudio or DB Browser for SQLite can be downloaded here:

https://sqlitestudio.pl/

https://sqlitebrowser.org/

You can install either of these platforms.

If you cannot install or download any software, you can use SQLiteOnline.com which is an online-only SQLite browser.

# Getting Resource Files

The few resources needed for this class are available on GitHub:

https://github.com/thomasnield/oreilly advanced sql for data

Unzip the contents to a location of your choice, and note where you put them

#### Contents include:

- A SQLite database file called thunderbird\_manufacturing.db
- Class notes with all examples (in three formats)
- A customer\_order.sql SQL script file to create a CUSTOMER\_ORDER table

### Section II Exercise

Bring in all fields from CUSTOMER\_ORDER, but for each record show the total quantity ordered for that given CUSTOMER\_ID and PRODUCT\_ID.

### Section III Exercise

Find all customers with an address containing a 3-4 digit street number

## **INNER JOIN**

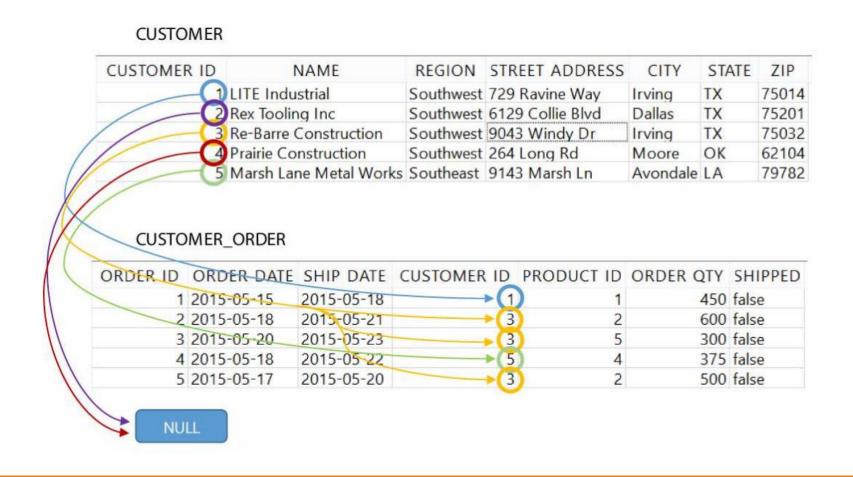
#### CUSTOMER

CUSTOMER ID	NAME	REGION	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
→(1	LITE Industrial	Southwest	729 Ravine Way	Irving	TX	75014
7	Rex Tooling Inc		6129 Collie Blvd	Dallas	TX	75201
/ 3	Re-Barre Construction	Southwest	9043 Windy Dr	Irving	TX	75032
	Prairie Construction	Southwest	264 Long Rd	Moore	ОК	62104
5	Marsh Lane Metal Works	Southeast	9143 Marsh Ln	Avondale	LA	79782

#### CUSTOMER\_ORDER

ORDER ID	ORDER DATE	SHIP DATE	CUSTOMER ID	PRODUCT ID	ORDER QTY	SHIPPED
1	2015-05-15	2015-05-18	→ (1	1	450	false
2	2015-05-18	2015-05-21	→ (3	2	600	false
3	2015-05-20	2015-05-23	3	5	300	false
4	2015-05-18	2015-05-22	<b>→</b> (5	4	375	false
5	2015-05-17	2015-05-20	→ (3	2	500	false

#### LEFT OUTER JOIN



### Section VI Exercise

For every CALENDAR\_DATE and CUSTOMER\_ID, show the total QUANTITY ordered for the date range of 2017-01-01 to 2017-03-31:

### Section V Exercise

For the month of March, bring in the rolling sum of QUANTITY ordered (to each ORDER\_DATE) by CUSTOMER\_ID and PRODUCT\_ID.

# Windowing Functions Support

Windowing functions are found on many database platforms, including:

- Oracle
- Teradata
- PostgreSQL
- SQL Server
- Apache Spark SQL
- MySQL (as of version 8)
- SQLite (as of version 3.25.0)

These platforms notably do not have windowing functions:

- MySQL (previous to version 8)
- SQLite (previous version 3.25.0)
- MariaDB

# Mixing Programming with SQL

When using SQL with a programming platform like Python, Java, or R, you will constantly be making a decision where the onus of processing will happen.

Should the database engine do the computation work, or the programming platform?

- You can simply pull in data and have your Python/Java/R codebase do the heavy-lifting.
- You can also leverage more complex SQL against the database, and have Python/Java/R consume the results.
- With a very large, expensive and calculated dataset you can save it to a temporary table and use it to support your Python/R/Java application.

A good rule of thumb: start with the simplest solution with minimal code/SQL that liberally hits the database as-needed, and gradually introduce caching strategies as performance starts to warrant it.

Never concatenate parameters, and use established SQL libraries to inject parameters safely to prevent SQL injection.

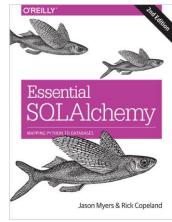
# Preventing SQL Injection

To prevent SQL injection, *never* concatenate a SQL string with parameters Instead, use the right tools and libraries to safely inject parameters for you *For Python, use SQLAlchemy* 

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine, text
engine = create_engine('sqlite:///C:\\Users\\thoma\\Dropbox\\rexon_metals.db')
conn = engine.connect()

def customer_for_id(customer_id):
    stmt = text("SELECT * FROM CUSTOMER WHERE CUSTOMER_ID = :id")
    return conn.execute(stmt, id=customer_id).fetchone()

print(customer_for_id(2))
```



More info at:

http://www.sqlalchemy.org/

# Preventing SQL Injection

For Java, Scala, Kotlin, and other JVM languages use JDBC's PreparedStatement

#### *More info at:*

http://tutorials.jenkov.com/jdbc/index.html

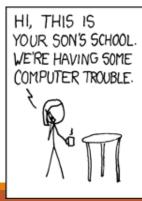
http://www.marcobehler.com/make-it-so-java-db-connections-and-transactions

# SQL Injection Humor

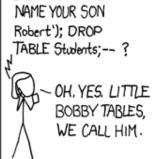












DID YOU REALLY



#### SQL Injection in the News

Simple Voice-Command SQL Injection Hack into Alexa Application

https://securityboulevard.com/2019/09/simple-voice-command-sql-injection-hack-into-alexa-application/

How a 'NULL' License Plate Landed One Hacker in Ticket Hell

https://www.wired.com/story/null-license-plate-landed-one-hacker-ticket-hell/

This couple cannot do the simplest things online because their last name is 'Null'

https://thenextweb.com/insider/2016/03/27/last-name-null-is-tough-for-computers/

# Other Online Trainings by Thomas Nield

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