

Plague Graves of 6th C. France



40%

Of individuals were not adults. The largest group consisted of ages 5 - 14. Strangely, infants were underrepresented, with only 4% of individuals being between the ages of 0-4.

62 of 126 individuals in the plague graves were male, creating a 49/51 split between the sexes. This suggests no conditions at the time made the disease sex-discriminatory.



**62/
126**



**Over
120%**

For individuals 5-14, the mortality quotient was consistently over 120%, meaning that a great deal more people in this age group were dying than expected for the population at the time!

Despite the strange statistics for age, individuals under 20 display the expected mortality rates as a whole for this time. Many questions remain, and as research continues, these answers may be found.



Why?