## Histogram-of-an-images

### **Aim**

To obtain a histogram for finding the frequency of pixels in an Image with pixel values ranging from 0 to 255. Also write the code using OpenCV to perform histogram equalization.

## Software Required:

Anaconda - Python 3.7

## Algorithm:

#### Step1:

Read the gray and color image using imread()

#### Step2:

Print the image using imshow().

#### Step3:

Use calcHist() function to mark the image in graph frequency for gray and color image.

#### step4:

Use calcHist() function to mark the image in graph frequency for gray and color image.

#### Step5:

The Histogram of gray scale image and color image is shown.

## **Program:**

```
# Developed By: Cynthia Mehul J
# Register Number: 212223240020
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
grayscale_image = cv2.imread("snoopy.jpg", cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
color img = cv2.imread("snoopy.jpg")
gray_hist = cv2.calcHist([grayscale_image], [0], None, [256], [0, 256])
hist_b = cv2.calcHist([color_img], [0], None, [256], [0, 256])
hist_g = cv2.calcHist([color_img], [1], None, [256], [0, 256])
hist_r = cv2.calcHist([color_img], [2], None, [256], [0, 256])
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(grayscale_image, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Grayscale Image')
plt.axis('off')
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(colourscale image, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB))
plt.title('Color Image')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
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plt.plot(gray_hist, color='black')
plt.title("Grayscale Image Histogram (Normalized)")
plt.xlabel("Pixel Intensity")
plt.ylabel("Normalized Pixel Count")
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(hist_r, color='red')
plt.plot(hist_b, color='blue')
plt.plot(hist_g, color='green')
plt.title("Color Image Histogram (Normalized)")
plt.xlabel("Pixel Intensity")
plt.ylabel("Normalized Pixel Count")
plt.show()
equalized_grey_img = cv2.equalizeHist(grayscale_image)
plt.title("Equalized Hist of Gray Image")
plt.hist(equalized_grey_img.ravel(),bins=256,color='black',alpha=0.6)
plt.show()
```

## **Output:**

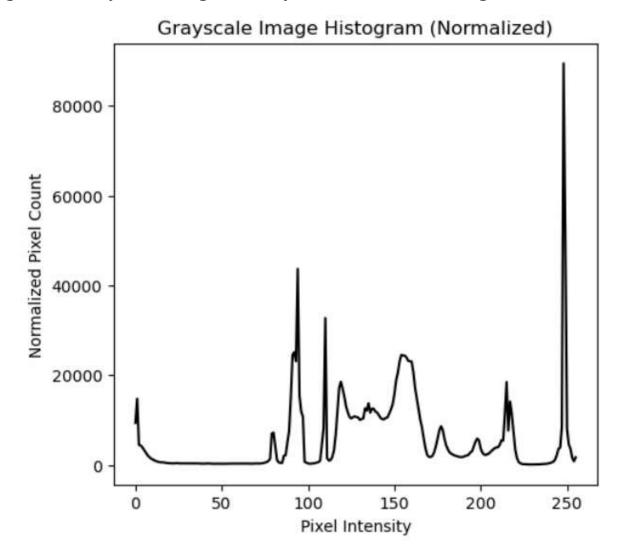
# Input Grayscale Image and Color Image Grayscale Image



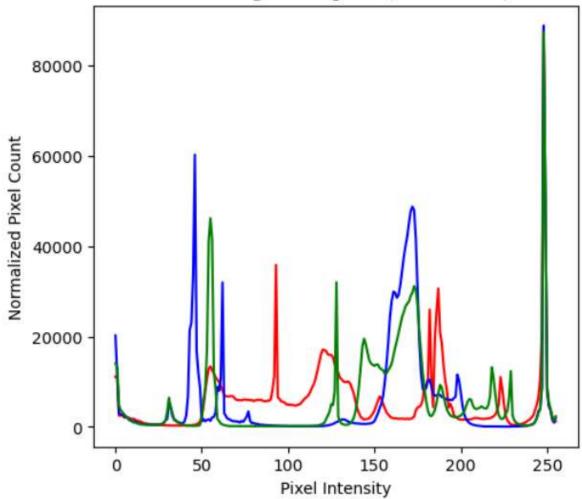
Color Image



Histogram of Grayscale Image and any channel of Color Image

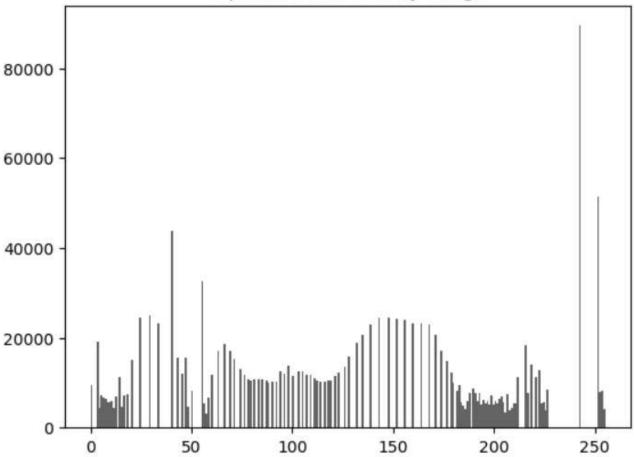


## Color Image Histogram (Normalized)



Histogram Equalization of Grayscale Image.

## Equalized Hist of Gray Image



## **Result:**

Thus the histogram for finding the frequency of pixels in an image with pixel values ranging from 0 to 255 is obtained. Also, histogram equalization is done for the gray scale image using OpenCV.