

# Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions

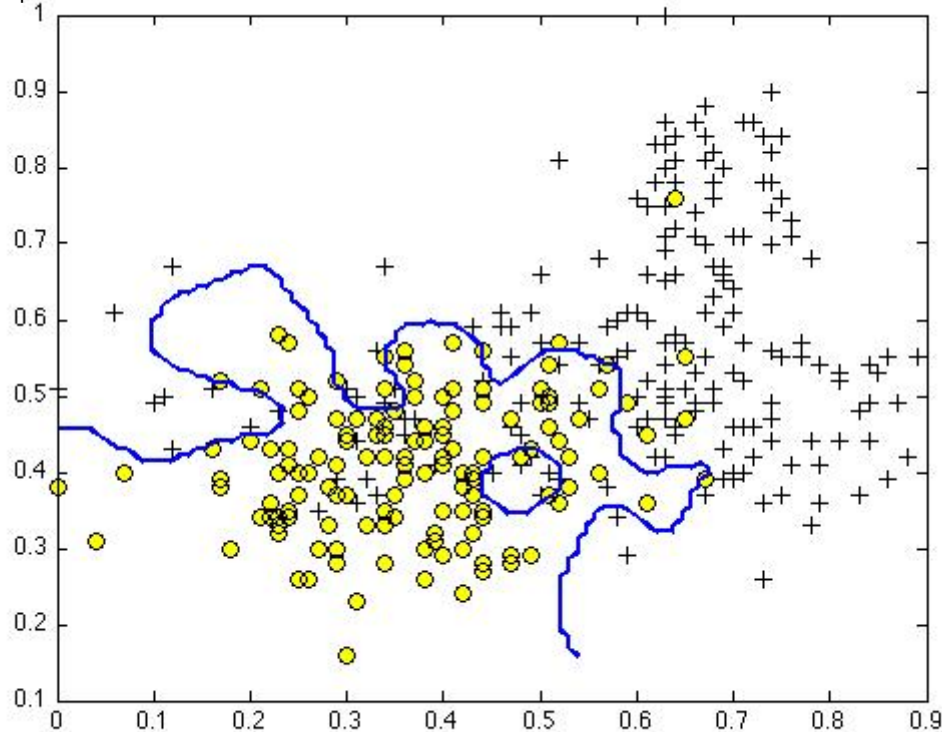
1  
point

1.

Suppose you have trained an SVM classifier with a Gaussian kernel, and it learned the following decision boundary on the training set:

## Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions



When you measure the SVM's performance on a cross validation set, it does poorly. Should you try increasing or decreasing  $C$ ? Increasing or decreasing  $\sigma^2$ ?

- ☐ It would be reasonable to try **increasing**  $C$ . It would also be reasonable to try **increasing**  $\sigma^2$ .
- ☐ It would be reasonable to try **increasing**  $C$ . It would also be reasonable to try **decreasing**  $\sigma^2$ .
- ☐ It would be reasonable to try **decreasing**  $C$ . It would also be reasonable to try **increasing**  $\sigma^2$ .
- ☐ It would be reasonable to try **decreasing**  $C$ . It would also be reasonable to try **decreasing**  $\sigma^2$ .

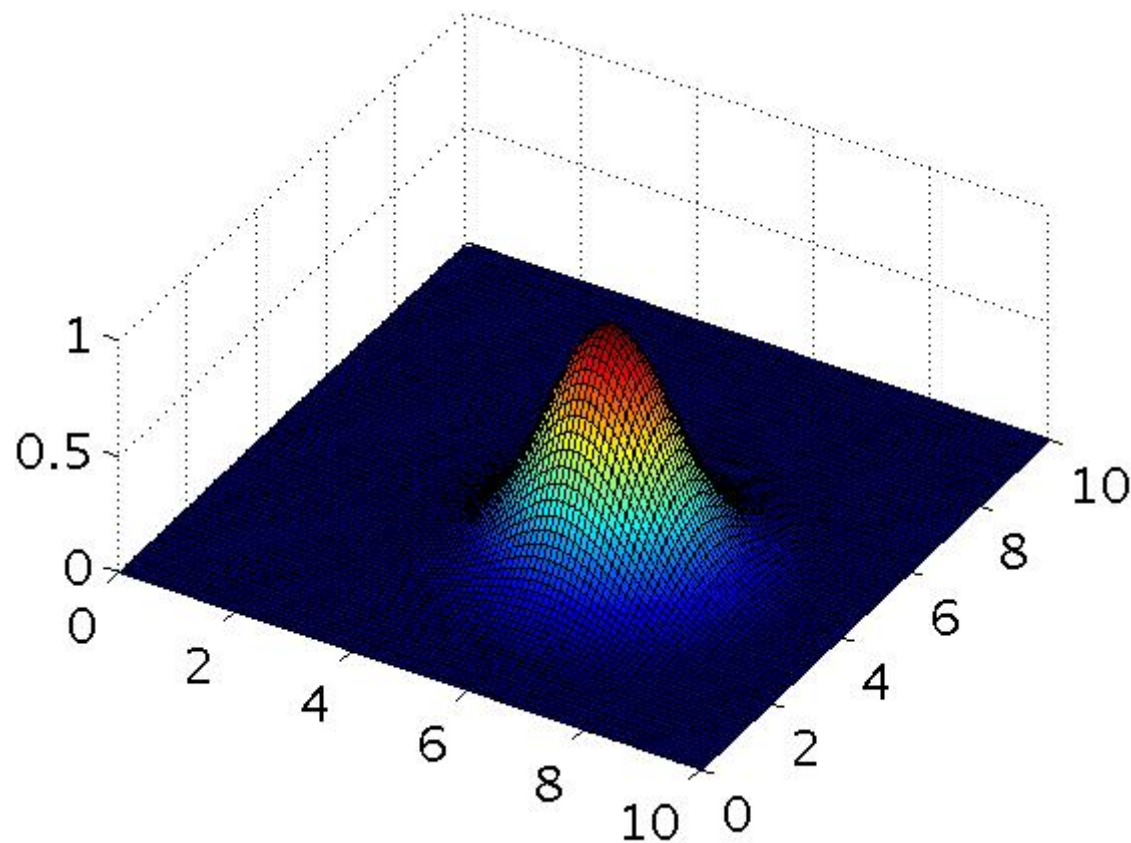
# Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions  
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2.

The formula for the Gaussian kernel is given by  $\text{similarity}(x, l^{(1)}) = \exp\left(-\frac{\|x - l^{(1)}\|^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$ .

The figure below shows a plot of  $f_1 = \text{similarity}(x, l^{(1)})$  when  $\sigma^2 = 1$ .

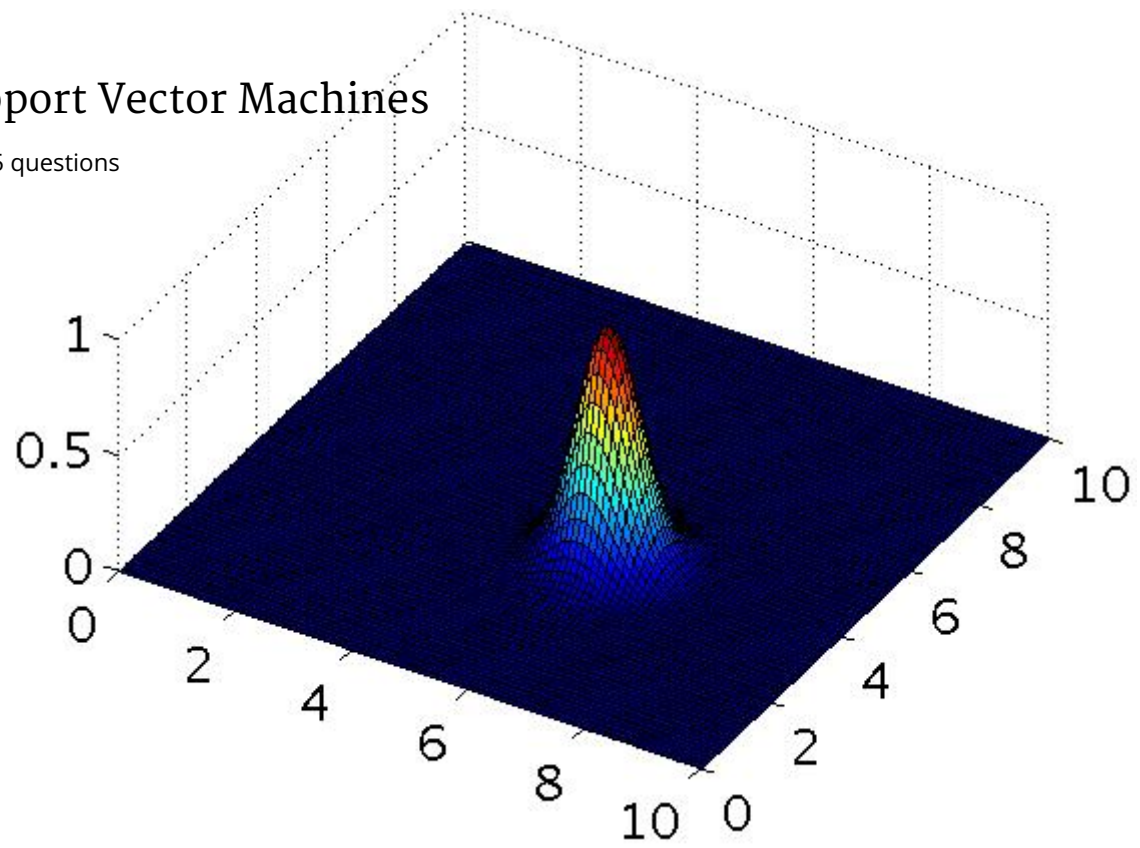


Which of the following is a plot of  $f_1$  when  $\sigma^2 = 0.25$ ?



## Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions



# Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions

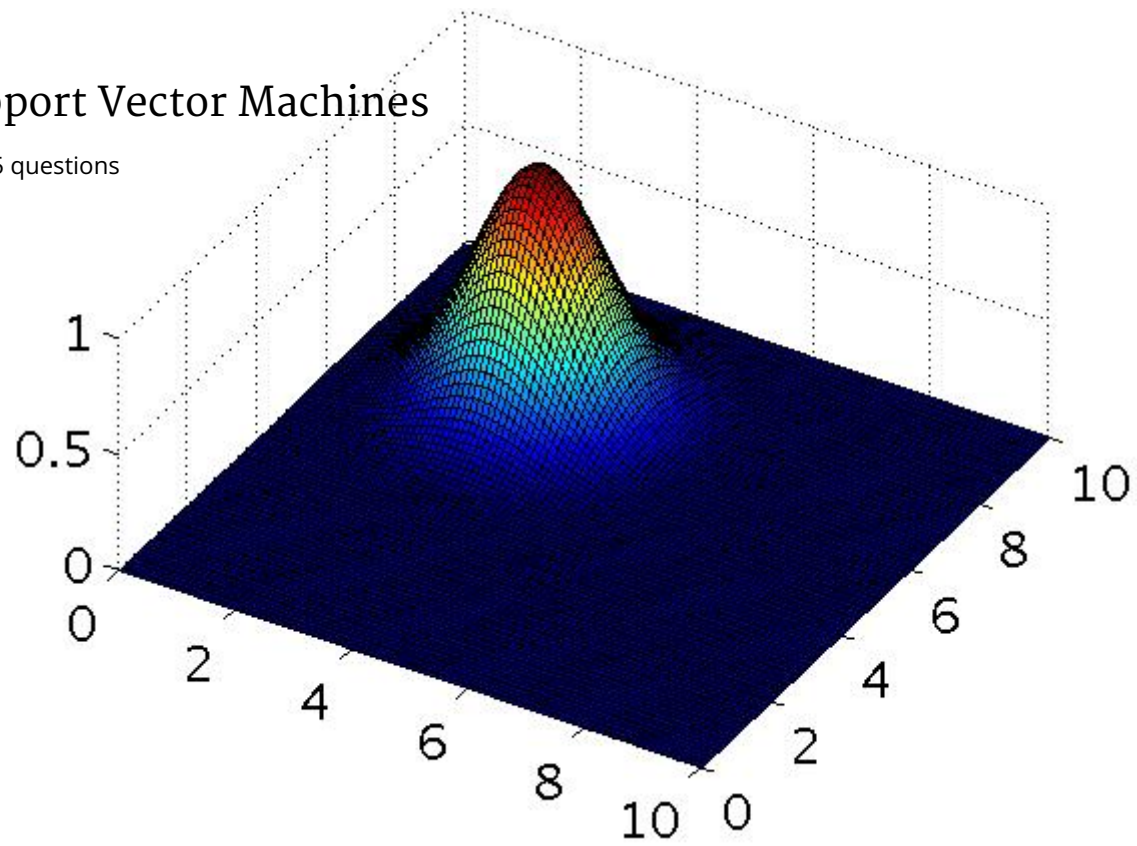


Figure 4.



## Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions

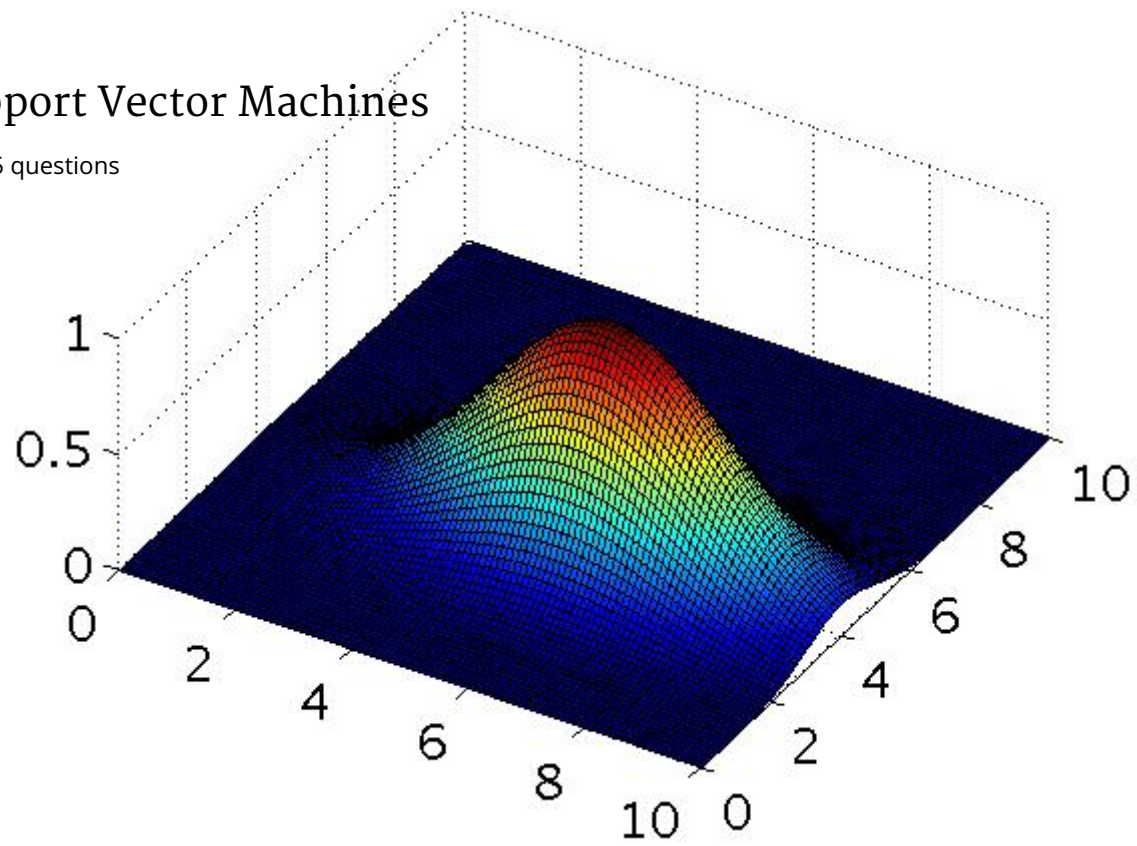


Figure 3.



# Support Vector Machines

Quiz, 5 questions

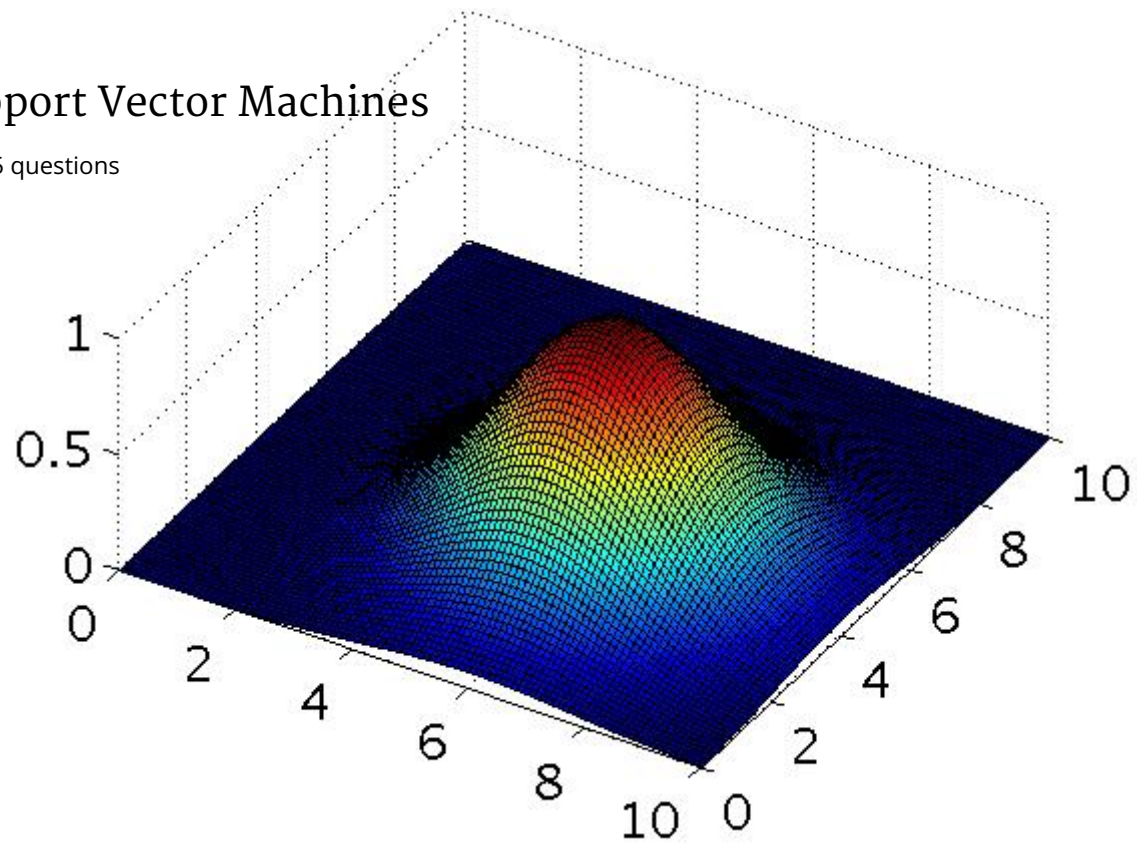


Figure 2.

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3.



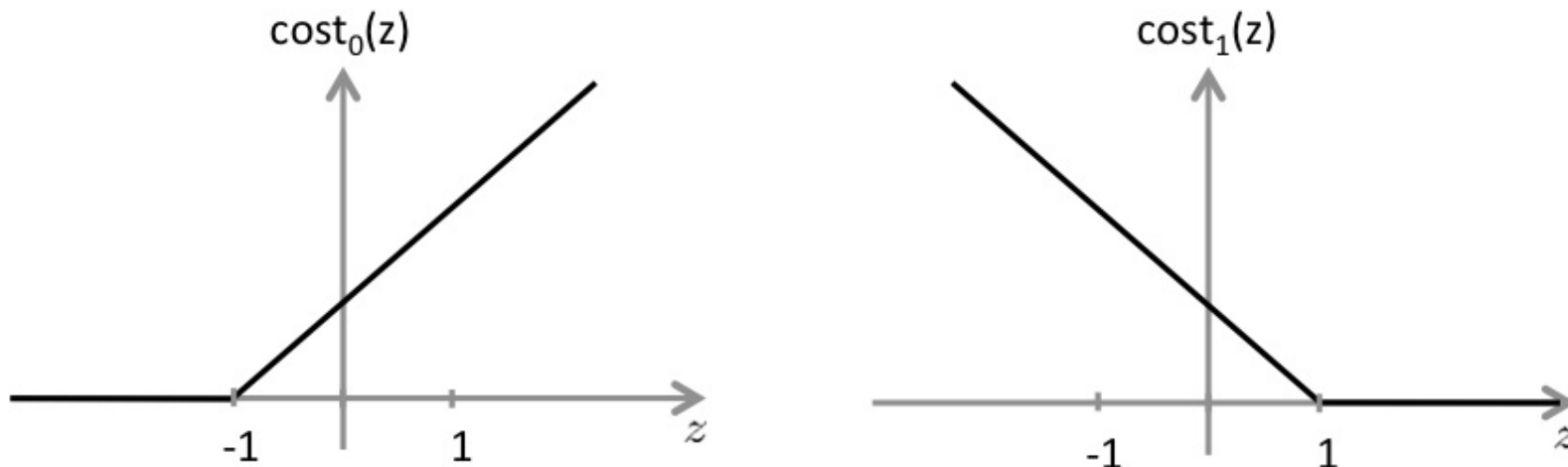
The SVM solves

## Support Vector Machines

$$\min_{\theta} C \sum_{i=1}^m y^{(i)} \text{cost}_1(\theta^T x^{(i)}) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \text{cost}_0(\theta^T x^{(i)}) + \sum_{j=1}^n \theta_j^2$$

Quiz, 5 questions

where the functions  $\text{cost}_0(z)$  and  $\text{cost}_1(z)$  look like this:



The first term in the objective is:

$$C \sum_{i=1}^m y^{(i)} \text{cost}_1(\theta^T x^{(i)}) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \text{cost}_0(\theta^T x^{(i)}).$$

This first term will be zero if two of the following four conditions hold true. Which are the two conditions that would guarantee that this term equals zero?

- ☐ For every example with  $y^{(i)} = 0$ , we have that  $\theta^T x^{(i)} \leq 0$ .
- ☐ For every example with  $y^{(i)} = 1$ , we have that  $\theta^T x^{(i)} \geq 0$ .
- ☐ For every example with  $y^{(i)} = 0$ , we have that  $\theta^T x^{(i)} \leq -1$ .
- ☐ For every example with  $y^{(i)} = 1$ , we have that  $\theta^T x^{(i)} \geq 1$ .



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## Support Vector Machines

1  
point  
Quiz 5 questions

4.

Suppose you have a dataset with  $n = 10$  features and  $m = 5000$  examples.

After training your logistic regression classifier with gradient descent, you find that it has underfit the training set and does not achieve the desired performance on the training or cross validation sets.

Which of the following might be promising steps to take? Check all that apply.

- ☐ Create / add new polynomial features.
- ☐ Try using a neural network with a large number of hidden units.
- ☐ Reduce the number of examples in the training set.
- ☐ Use a different optimization method since using gradient descent to train logistic regression might result in a local minimum.

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5.

Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.

- ☐ If the data are linearly separable, an SVM using a linear kernel will return the same parameters  $\theta$  regardless of the chosen value of  $C$  (i.e., the resulting value of  $\theta$  does not depend on  $C$ ).

☐ It is important to perform feature normalization before using the Gaussian kernel.

## Support Vector Machines

☐ The maximum value of the Gaussian kernel (i.e.,  $\text{sim}(x, l^{(1)})$ ) is 1.

☐ Suppose you are using SVMs to do multi-class classification and

would like to use the one-vs-all approach. If you have  $K$  different

classes, you will train  $K - 1$  different SVMs.

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