Exercise Sheet 3

Handout: Sep 26th — Deadline: Oct 10th - 4pm

Question $3.1 \quad (0.25 \text{ marks})$

Consider the following input for MergeSort:

12	10	4	2	9	6	5	25	8

Illustrate the operation of the algorithm (follow how it was done in the lecture notes).

Question 3.2 (0.5 marks) Prove using the substitution method the runtime of the MERGE-SORT Algorithm on an input of length n, as follows. Let n be an exact power of 2, $n = 2^k$ to avoid using floors and ceilings. Use mathematical induction over k to show that the solution of the recurrence involving positive constants c, d > 0

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} d & \text{if } n = 2^0 = 1\\ 2T(n/2) + cn & \text{if } n = 2^k \text{ and } k \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

is $T(n) = dn + cn \log n$ (we always use log to denote the logarithm of base 2, so $\log = \log_2$).

Hint: you may want to rewrite the above by replacing n with 2^k . Then the task is to prove that $T(2^k) = d2^k + c2^k \cdot k$ using the recurrence

$$T(2^k) = \begin{cases} d & \text{if } k = 0\\ 2T(2^{k-1}) + c2^k & \text{if } k \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

Question 3.3 (0.5 marks) Use the Master Theorem to give asymptotic tight bounds for the following recurrences. Justify your answers.

- 1. T(n) = 2T(n/4) + 1
- 2. $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n}$
- 3. $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n}\log^2 n$
- 4. T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n

Question 3.4 (0.5 marks) Write the pseudo-code of the recursive BINARYSEARCH(A, x, low, high) algorithm discussed during the lecture to find whether a number x is present in an increasingly sorted array of length n. Write down its recurrence equation and prove that its runtime is $\Theta(\log n)$ using the Master Theorem.

Question 3.5 (0.25 marks) Implement the MERGESORT(A, p, r) algorithm and the BINARYSEARCH(A, x, low, high) algorithm designed in the previous question.