# **Examples for running the scripts**

### GreekSyllabicParser.py

```
>>> parser('κανονικός')
['κα', 'νο', 'νι', 'κός']
>>> parser('άνθρωπος')
['άν', 'θρω', 'πος']
```

Alternatively, an entire database can be parsed but it needs to have the following structure:

```
words var1 var2  \alpha \rho \chi \dot{\eta} \quad .. \qquad .. \\ \zeta \dot{\omega} \dot{\eta} \quad .. \qquad .. \\
```

>>> syllabifyLexicon('database.txt', False)

The output will look like:

```
Word syll syll num αρχή αρ-χή 2 \zetaωή \zetaω-ή 2
```

## GPconverter.py

```
>>> convert('φτώχεια','φτώ-χεια')

'ftóXa'

>>> convert('αδειανός','α-δεια-νός')

'aDjanós'
```

The second argument needs to be the syllabified orthographic form. You can use the previous script for this.

Whole databases can be processed here as well. Example:

```
Word syll syll num
αρχή αρ-χή 2
ζωή ζω-ή 2
```

```
>>> convertLexicon('database.txt')
```

The output will look like:

```
Word syll phones phonSyl
αρχή αρ-χή arXί ar-Xί
ζωή ζω-ή zoί zo-ί
```

Note that the syllabified output will entail the orthographic syllables, not the phonological ones

### GreekPhonSyllabicParser.py

```
>>> parser('aDjanós')
```

'a-Dja-nós'

>>> parser('άnTropos')

'άn-Tro-pos'

# Database example:

phonTranscriptions var1 var2 eksoraizmós ... ... eksostrefís ... ...

>>> syllabifyLexicon('test.txt')

The output will look like:

Word syll syll num

eksoraizmós e-kso-ra-i-zmós 5 eksostrefís e-kso-stre-fís 4

Kyparissiadis, A., van Heuven, W.J.B., Pitchford, N.J., & Ledgeway, T. (submitted). GreekLex 2: A comprehensive upgrade of the GreekLex database with syllabic, phonological and part-of-speech information.

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