

1. Write a program [AllEqual.java](#) that takes three integer command-line arguments and prints `equal` if all three are equal, and `not equal` otherwise.

```
public class AllEqual {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int b = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        int c = Integer.parseInt(args[2]);

        if (a == b && a == c) {
            System.out.println("all equal");
        }
        else {
            System.out.println("not all equal");
        }
    }
}
```

2. Write a program [RollLoadedDie.java](#) that prints the result of rolling a loaded die such that the probability of getting a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 is 1/8 and the probability of getting a 6 is 3/8.

```
public class RollLoadedDie {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // double in the range [0.0, 1.0)
        double r = Math.random();

        // integer in the range 1 to 6 with desired probabilities
        int roll;
        if (r < 1.0/8.0) roll = 1;
        else if (r < 2.0/8.0) roll = 2;
        else if (r < 3.0/8.0) roll = 3;
        else if (r < 4.0/8.0) roll = 4;
        else if (r < 5.0/8.0) roll = 5;
        else roll = 6;

        // print result
        System.out.println(roll);
    }
}
```

3. Write a program [FunctionGrowth.java](#) that prints a table of the values of  $\ln n$ ,  $n$ ,  $n \ln n$ ,  $n^2$ ,  $n^3$ , and  $2^n$  for  $n = 16, 32, 64, \dots, 2048$ . Use tabs (`'\t'` characters) to line up columns.

```
public class FunctionGrowth {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("log n \tn \tn log n \tn^2 \tn^3");
        for (long i = 2; i <= 2048; i *= 2) {
            System.out.print((int) Math.log(i));
            System.out.print('\t'); // tab character
            System.out.print(i);
            System.out.print('\t');
            System.out.print((int) (i * Math.log(i)));
            System.out.print('\t');
            System.out.print(i * i);
            System.out.print('\t');
            System.out.print(i * i * i);
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

4. Write a program that takes three integer command-line arguments a, b, and c and print the number of distinct values (1, 2, or 3) among a, b, and c.
5. Write a program that takes five integer command-line arguments and prints the *average*.
6. Write a program that takes five integer command-line arguments and prints the *median* (the third largest one).
7. Write a program [BowTie.java](#) that takes a command-line argument N and prints a  $(2N + 1)$ -by- $(2N + 1)$  bowtie like the one below. Use two for loops and one if-else statement.

```
public class BowTie {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);

        for (int i = -n; i <= n; i++) {
            for (int j = -n; j <= n; j++) {
                if (i*i <= j*j) System.out.print("* ");
                else            System.out.print(". ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

8. Write a program [Heart.java](#) that takes a command-line argument N and prints a heart.

```
public class Heart {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        for (int i = -3*n/2; i <= n; i++) {
            for (int j = -3*n/2; j <= 3*n/2; j++) {

                // inside either diamond or two circles
                if ((Math.abs(i) + Math.abs(j) < n)
                    || ((-n/2-i) * (-n/2-i) + ( n/2-j) * ( n/2-j) <= n*n/2)
                    || ((-n/2-i) * (-n/2-i) + (-n/2-j) * (-n/2-j) <= n*n/2)) {
                    System.out.print("* ");
                }
                else {
                    System.out.print(". ");
                }
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```