

Evolutionary Stable Strategies

Definition 1. We call a two player game (A, B) symmetric if $A = B^\top$.

Definition 2 (pure version). Let A be a payoff matrix for a symmetric game and let $u(x, y) = x^\top A y$. A mixed strategy x is an evolutionarily stable strategy (ESS) if for every **pure** strategy $y \neq x$:

- (i) $u(x, x) \geq u(y, x)$, and
- (ii) if $u(x, x) = u(y, x)$, then $u(x, y) > u(y, y)$.

Definition 3 (mixed version). Let A be a payoff matrix for a symmetric game and let $u(x, y) = x^\top A y$. A mixed strategy x is an evolutionarily stable strategy (ESS) if for every **mixed** strategy $y \neq x$:

- (i) $u(x, x) \geq u(y, x)$, and
- (ii) if $u(x, x) = u(y, x)$, then $u(x, y) > u(y, y)$.

Definition 4 (ESS invasion form). Let A be the payoff matrix of a symmetric game and $u(p, q) = p^\top A q$. A mixed strategy $x \in \Delta$ is an evolutionarily stable strategy (ESS) if for all $z \in \Delta$ with $z \neq x$ there exists $\bar{\varepsilon} > 0$ such that for all $\varepsilon \in (0, \bar{\varepsilon})$,

$$u(x, (1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z) > u(z, (1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z),$$

i.e.

$$x^\top A((1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z) > z^\top A((1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z).$$

Exercise 1 (1p). Show that Definition 2 and Definition 3 are not equivalent.

Exercise 2 (1p). Show that Definition 3 and Definition 4 are equivalent.

Exercise 3 (1p). Find all ESS for the symmetric game with payoff matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$