

# Evolutionary Stable Strategies

**Definition 1.** We call a two player game  $(A, B)$  symmetric if  $A = B^\top$ .

**Definition 2** (pure version). Let  $A$  be a payoff matrix for a symmetric game and let  $u(x, y) = x^\top Ay$ . A mixed strategy  $x$  is an evolutionarily stable strategy (ESS) if for every **pure** strategy  $y \neq x$ :

- (i)  $u(x, x) \geq u(y, x)$ , and
- (ii) if  $u(x, x) = u(y, x)$ , then  $u(x, y) > u(y, y)$ .

**Definition 3** (mixed version). Let  $A$  be a payoff matrix for a symmetric game and let  $u(x, y) = x^\top Ay$ . A mixed strategy  $x$  is an evolutionarily stable strategy (ESS) if for every **mixed** strategy  $y \neq x$ :

- (i)  $u(x, x) \geq u(y, x)$ , and
- (ii) if  $u(x, x) = u(y, x)$ , then  $u(x, y) > u(y, y)$ .

**Definition 4** (ESS invasion form). Let  $A$  be the payoff matrix of a symmetric game and  $u(p, q) = p^\top Aq$ . A mixed strategy  $x \in \Delta$  is an evolutionarily stable strategy (ESS) if for all  $z \in \Delta$  with  $z \neq x$  there exists  $\bar{\varepsilon} > 0$  such that for all  $\varepsilon \in (0, \bar{\varepsilon})$ ,

$$u(x, (1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z) > u(z, (1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z),$$

i.e.

$$x^\top A((1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z) > z^\top A((1 - \varepsilon)x + \varepsilon z).$$

**Exercise 1** (1p). Show that Definition 2 and Definition 3 are not equivalent.

**Exercise 2** (1p). Show that Definition 3 and Definition 4 are equivalent.

**Exercise 3** (1p). Find all ESS for the symmetric game with payoff matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$