Mathematics II

029

30 Oct. 2013

8.30-11.30 am

REPUBLIC OF RWANDA



ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2013

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS II

COMBINATIONS: - MATHEMATICS-CHEMISTRY-BIOLOGY (MCB)

- MATHS-COMPUTER SCIENCE-ECONOMICS (MCE)
- MATHEMATICS-ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY (MEG)
- MATHS-PHYSICS-COMPUTER SCIENCE (MPC)
- MATHEMATICS-PHYSICS-GEOGRAPHY (MPG)
- PHYSICS-CHEMISTRY-MATHEMATICS (PCM)
- PHYSICS-ECONOMICS-MATHEMATICS (PEM)

DURATION: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Don't open this question paper until you are told to do so.
- 2. This paper consists of two sections: A and B.

• **Section A**: Attempt **all** questions.

(55 marks)

• Section B: Attempt only three questions.

(45 marks)

3. Geometrical instruments and silent non-programmable calculators may be used.

SECTION A: ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS. (55 marks)

- 1. Let consider the graph of the function $f(x)=-2x^2+12x+5$
 - a) Specify the type of graph and explain why.

(1 mark)

b) Explain the concavity.

(1mark)

c) Find the vertex.

(2marks)

2. Two cars start out at the same point. One car start out driving north at 25 km/h. Two hours later the second car starts driving east at 20 km/h. How long after the first car starts travelling does it take for the two cars to be 300 km apart?

(4 marks)

3. Find the probability of getting 5 heads and 7 tails in 12 flips of a coin.

(2 marks)

4. Solve for x:

a)
$$4^{5-9x} = \frac{1}{8^{x-2}}$$

(3 marks)

b)
$$log_2(x^2-6x) = 3 + log_2(1-x)$$

(3 marks)

(3 marks)

- 5. Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x\to-\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+6}}{5-2x}$
- 6. Find the derivative of the following function using the definition of the derivative:

$$g(t) = \frac{t}{t+1}$$

(3 marks)

7. A sphere was measured and its radius was found to be 45 cm with a possible error of no more than 0.01 cm. What is the maximum possible error in the volume if we use this value of the radius?

(3 marks)

8. Evaluate the following integral:

$$\int \frac{2t^8+1}{(t^4+2t)^8} dt$$

(3 marks)

- 9. Solve: $\cos x + \sin x > \sqrt{2}$ (Hint: use complex number theory). (3 marks)
- 10. Using integral rules, compute the circumference of a circle (6 marks) centred at the origin.
- 11. Calculate the expected value, the variance and the standard deviation for the following probability density function:

x_i	-5	-4	1	2	(3 marks)
$f(x_i)$	1/4	1/8	1/2	1/8	

- 12. Solve for $z: |3 2z| \le 5$
- 13. Find the slope and the y-intercept of the regression line

y=ax + b that fits the following data:

(4 marks)

(3 marks)

Marks(x)	5	5	7	7	9	11	13	15	14	13	16	17
Marks(y)	4	8	10	7	10	10	12	13	15	16	17	17

- 14. Solve: $2(\ln x)^3 + (\ln x)^2 5 \ln x + 2 = 0$ (4 marks)
- 15. Determine the shape of the graph with the following equation: (4 marks) $x^2 + y^2 3x + 10y 1 = 0$

Find its parameters.

SECTION B: Attempt ONLY THREE questions (45 marks)

16. a) Solve the following system of equations using the Gauss-Jordan elimination method.

$$\begin{cases}
3x + y - 2z = 2 \\
x - 2y + z = 3 \\
2x - y - 3y = 3
\end{cases}$$
(7 marks)

b) Solve: $y'' - y' - 2y = \sin 2x$ (8 marks)

17. a) Solve for t: $4\sin^2\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) - 3\sin\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) = 1$ (7 marks)

- b) Determine if the following vectors are in the same plane: (8 marks) $\vec{a}'(1;4;-7)$; $\vec{b}(2;-1;4)$; $\vec{c}(0;-9;18)$.
- 18. Calculate the area of the surface bounded by the curve:
 - a) $x = 6(\theta \sin \theta)$ and $y = 6(1 \cos \theta)$, where $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$. (8 marks)
 - b) $f(x) = \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x}$, where $\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le 2\pi$ (7 marks)
- 19. a) Determine the standard form of the following flat shape: (5 marks) $5x^2 + y^2 10x + 4y + 4 = 0$
 - b) Which shape is it? (1 mark)
 - c) Find the coordinates of the most points, the focal points, and the equation of the focal line. (9 marks)
- 20. Compute:
 - $a) \int \sin x \ e^{\cos x} dx \tag{5 marks}$
 - b) $\int \sin x * \sin 3x \, dx$ (Hint: apply complex numbers). (10 marks)