

Differential Equations Plus (Math 286)

H27 Use the phase line to investigate the stability of the equilibrium solutions of the following autonomous ODE's.

a) $y' = 2(1 - y)(1 - e^y)$; b) $y' = (1 - y^2)(4 - y^2)$; c) $y' = \sin^2 y$.

H28 For the following ODE's $y' = f(y)$, use the Existence and Uniqueness Theorem to determine the points $(t_0, y_0) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ such that the initial value problem $y' = f(y) \wedge y(t_0) = y_0$ has a unique solution near (t_0, y_0) . Then solve the ODE, sketch the integral curves, and compare with your prediction.

a) $y' = |y|$; b) $y' = \sqrt{|y - y^2|}$.

H29 Use Picard-Lindelöf iteration to compute the solution $\phi = (\phi_1, \phi_2)^\top$ of the system

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1' \\ y_2' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -y_2 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

with initial condition $\phi(0) = (1, 0)^\top$.

H30 Suppose that $f: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is continuous and satisfies locally a Lipschitz condition, and that

$$f(-t, y) = -f(t, y) \quad \text{for all } (t, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2.$$

Show that any solution $\phi: [-r, r] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $r > 0$, of $y' = f(t, y)$ is its own mirror image with respect to the y -axis.

H31 Compute the norms $\|\mathbf{A}\|$ of the following matrices $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$ and compare them with their Frobenius norms $\|\mathbf{A}\|_F$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \pm 1 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

H32 Solve the initial value problem

$$y'' + |y| = 0, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1.$$

Your solution should have the (maximal) domain \mathbb{R} .

Does the Existence and Uniqueness Theorem apply to this ODE?

H33 Optional Exercise

Let M be a set and $d: M \times M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ a function satisfying $d(a, a) = 0$ for $a \in M$, $d(a, b) \neq 0$ for $a, b \in M$ with $a \neq b$, and $d(a, b) \leq d(b, c) + d(c, a)$ for $a, b, c \in M$.

- a) Show that d is a metric.
- b) Does this conclusion also hold if $d(a, b) \leq d(b, c) + d(c, a)$ is replaced by the ordinary triangle inequality $d(a, b) \leq d(a, c) + d(c, b)$?

H34 Optional Exercise

Let (M, d) be a metric space and $(a, b) \in M \times M$.

- a) Show that the metric d is *continuous* in the following sense:
For every $\epsilon > 0$ there exists $\delta > 0$ such that $d(x, a) < \delta \wedge d(y, b) < \delta$ implies $|d(x, y) - d(a, b)| < \epsilon$.
Hint: First derive the so-called *quadrangle inequality* $|d(x, y) - d(a, b)| \leq d(x, a) + d(y, b)$.
- b) Using a), show in detail that $x_n \rightarrow a$ and $y_n \rightarrow b$ implies $d(x_n, y_n) \rightarrow d(a, b)$.
(A special case of this, viz. $d(x_n, b) \rightarrow d(a, b)$, was used in the proof of Part (2) of Banach's Fixed-Point Theorem.)

H35 Optional Exercise

- a) Show that a closed subset N of a complete metric space (M, d) is complete in the induced metric $d|_N: N \times N \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $(x, y) \mapsto d(x, y)$.
- b) Conversely, show that a subset of a metric space that is complete in the induced metric must be closed.

H36 Optional Exercise

- a) Prove that $\mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $\mathbf{A} \mapsto \|\mathbf{A}\|$ satisfies (N1)–(N4).
- b) Repeat a) for the Frobenius norm $\mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $\mathbf{A} \mapsto \|\mathbf{A}\|_F$.
- c) Show that $\|\mathbf{A}\| \leq \|\mathbf{A}\|_F$ for all matrices $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ or, equivalently, $|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}| \leq \|\mathbf{A}\|_F |\mathbf{x}|$ for all $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ and $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$.
Hint: Use $\|\mathbf{A}\| = \max\{|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}|; \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n, |\mathbf{x}| = 1\}$ and the Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality for vectors in \mathbb{R}^n .

Due on Fri Oct 29, 6 pm

The phase line of an autonomous ODE (required for H27) will be discussed in the lecture on Wed Oct 27 (cf. also [BDM17], Ch. 2.5); Picard-Lindelöf iteration (required for H29) in the lecture on Mon Oct 25 (cf. also [BDM17], Ch. 2.8). The optional exercises can be handed in until Fri Nov 5, 6 pm.