JAVA 编程进阶上机报告



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一、实验目的

使用注解和反射来完成动态 Sql 编程。

二、实验要求

1. 提供用户表: user

表中包含字段:

- id, 用户名, 性别, 邮箱, 电话等信息。
- 2. 要求通过注解和反射的方式封装一个小型的 sql 操作类,可以通过对应的方法生成增、删、改、查等操作的 SQL 语句。
- 3. 要求实现注解:

@Column: 用来标注每个 field 对应的表中的字段是什么

@Table: 用来标记表的名字

三、实验过程

1. 定义@Column 注解,用来标注每个 field 对应的表中的字段是什么:

```
@Target({ElementType.FIELD})
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
public @interface Column {
    String value();
}
```

@Target({ElementType.FIELD})表明作用范围为成员变量;

@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)表明注解保留时间为运行期保留,并且可以通过反射去获取注解信息。

```
2. 定义@Table注解. 用来标记表的名字:
@Target({ElementType.TYPE})
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
public @interface Table {
   String value();
}
@Target({ElementType. TYPE})表明作用范围为类或接口;
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)表明注解保留时间为运行期保留,并且可以
通过反射去获取注解信息。
3. 实现接口关键部分
Class us = user.getClass();
   String tablename = null;
   if(us.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class)) {
       Table table = (Table) us.getAnnotation(Table.class);
       tablename = table.value();
   }
isAnnotationPresent 判断user是否含有自定义的@Table注解。
Field [] fields = us.getDeclaredFields();
   for(int i=0; i<fields.length; i++) {</pre>
       if(fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
          fields[i].setAccessible(true);
          try {
                 values += fields[i].get(user);
              } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
                 // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                 e.printStackTrace();
              } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
                 // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                 e.printStackTrace();
              }
```

}

get(Object obj)函数得到field在obj的值

四、实验结果

```
sterminated> Main(1) [Java Application] F:\UDK1\bin\javaw.exe (2020年4月10日下午8:57:37)

SELECT * FROM user WHERE id = 175;

SELECT * FROM user WHERE username LIKE '史荣贞';

INSERT INTO user ('username', 'age', 'email', 'telephone') VALUES ('user', 20, 'user@123.com', '12345678123')

INSERT INTO user ('username', 'age', 'email', 'telephone') VALUES ('user', 20, 'user@123.com', '12345678123'), ('user2', 20, 'user2@123.com', '12345678121')

UPDATE user SET email = 'change@123.com' WHERE id = 1

DELETE FROM user WHERE id = 1
```

五、实现接口的代码:

```
public class SqlUtil {
   /**
    * 根据传入的参数返回查询语句
    * @param user
    * @return 返回查询语句
    */
   String query(User user) {
   Class us = user.getClass();
   String tablename = null;
   int idvalue = 0;
   String namevalue = null;
   if(us.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class)) {
       Table table = (Table) us.getAnnotation(Table.class);
       tablename = table.value();
   }
   String result = "SELECT * FROM " + tablename;
   try {
           Field id = us.getDeclaredField("id");
           Field name = us.getDeclaredField("username");
           name.setAccessible(true);
           if(id.isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
               id.setAccessible(true);
               idvalue = id.getInt(user);
           if(name.isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
```

```
name.setAccessible(true);
               namevalue = (String) name.get(user);
           }
       } catch (NoSuchFieldException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (SecurityException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       }
   if(idvalue!=0) {
       result += " WHERE id = " + String.valueOf(idvalue) + ";";
   }
   else {
       result += " WHERE username LIKE '" + namevalue + "';";
   }
       return result;
   }
   /**
    * 根据传入的参数返回插入语句
    * @param user
    * @return 返回插入语句
   String insert(User user) {
   Class us = user.getClass();
   String tablename = null;
   if(us.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class)) {
       Table table = (Table) us.getAnnotation(Table.class);
       tablename = table.value();
   }
   String result = "INSERT INTO " + tablename + " ('username', 'age', 'email',
'telephone') VALUES (";
   Field [] fields = us.getDeclaredFields();
   for(int i=0; i<fields.length; i++) {</pre>
       if(fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
           fields[i].setAccessible(true);
           try {
```

```
if(fields[i].getName().equals("username")) {
                   result += "'" + fields[i].get(user) + "'" + ", ";
               if(fields[i].getName().equals("age")) {
                   result += String.valueOf(fields[i].getInt(user)) + ", ";
               }
               if(fields[i].getName().equals("email")) {
                  result += "'" + fields[i].get(user) + "'" + ", ";
               }
               if(fields[i].getName().equals("telephone")) {
                  result += "'" + fields[i].get(user) + "'" + ")";
               }
               } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
                  // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                  e.printStackTrace();
               } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
                  // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                  e.printStackTrace();
               }
       }
   }
       return result;
   }
   /**
    * 根据传入的参数返回插入语句
    * @param users
    * @return 返回插入语句
    */
   String insert(List<User> users) {
   Class temp = users.get(0).getClass();
   String tablename = null;
   if(temp.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class)) {
       Table table = (Table) temp.getAnnotation(Table.class);
       tablename = table.value();
   }
   String result = "INSERT INTO" + tablename + " ('username', 'age', 'email',
'telephone') VALUES ";
   for(User user: users) {
       Class us = user.getClass();
       Field [] fields = us.getDeclaredFields();
       for(int i=0; i<fields.length; i++) {</pre>
           if(fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
               fields[i].setAccessible(true);
```

```
try {
                   if(fields[i].getName().equals("username")) {
                      result += "('" + fields[i].get(user) + "'" + ", ";
                  }
                   if(fields[i].getName().equals("age")) {
                      result += String.valueOf(fields[i].getInt(user)) + ",
";
                  }
                  if(fields[i].getName().equals("email")) {
                      result += "'" + fields[i].get(user) + "'" + ", ";
                  }
                   if(fields[i].getName().equals("telephone")) {
                      result += "'" + fields[i].get(user) + "'" + ")";
               } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
                  // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                  e.printStackTrace();
               } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
                  // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                  e.printStackTrace();
               }
           }
       }
       if(users.size() - 1 != users.indexOf(user)) {
           result += ", ";
       }
   }
       return result;
   }
   /**
    * 根据传入的参数返回删除语句(删除id为user.id的记录)
    * @param user
    * @return 返回删除语句
    */
   String delete(User user) {
   Class us = user.getClass();
   String tablename = null;
   int idvalue = 0;
   if(us.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class)) {
       Table table = (Table) us.getAnnotation(Table.class);
       tablename = table.value();
   }
   String result = "DELETE FROM " + tablename;
```

```
try {
           Field id = us.getDeclaredField("id");
           if(id.isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
               id.setAccessible(true);
               idvalue = id.getInt(user);
           }
       } catch (NoSuchFieldException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (SecurityException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       }
   result += " WHERE id = " + String.valueOf(idvalue);
       return result;
   }
/**
    * 根据传入的参数返回更新语句(将id为user.id的记录的其它字段更新成user中的对应
值)
    * @param user
    * @return 返回更新语句
    */
   String update(User user) {
   Class us = user.getClass();
   String tablename = null;
   int idvalue = 0;
   String email = null;
   if(us.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class)) {
       Table table = (Table) us.getAnnotation(Table.class);
       tablename = table.value();
   String result = "UPDATE " + tablename;
   try {
           Field id = us.getDeclaredField("id");
           Field name = us.getDeclaredField("email");
           name.setAccessible(true);
           if(id.isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
               id.setAccessible(true);
```

```
idvalue = id.getInt(user);
           }
           if(name.isAnnotationPresent(Column.class)) {
               name.setAccessible(true);
               email = (String) name.get(user);
           }
       } catch (NoSuchFieldException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (SecurityException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       }
   result += " SET email = '" + email + "'" + " WHERE id = " +
String.valueOf(idvalue);
       return result;
   }
}
```