Computer Networks Laboratory

Assignment 7

Name: Anirban Das Class: BCSE-III Roll: 001910501077 Group: A3

Problem Statement:

Network, Transport and Application layer protocols.

Implement any two protocols using TCP/UDP Socket as suitable:

- 1. BOOTP
- 2. FTP
- 3. DHCP
- 4. BGP
- 5. RIP

Design:

TCP/UDP Sockets:

To manage the connection between application layer network protocols, TCP and UDP use ports and sockets. TCP and UDP operate at the host-to-host layer in the IP communication model and provide host-to-host communication services for the application layer protocol. This means an application layer protocol is on one IP host connecting to an application layer protocol on another IP host.

TCP is a connection-oriented protocol. Connection-orientation means that the <u>communicating devices</u> <u>should establish a connection before transmitting data</u> and should close the connection after transmitting the data.

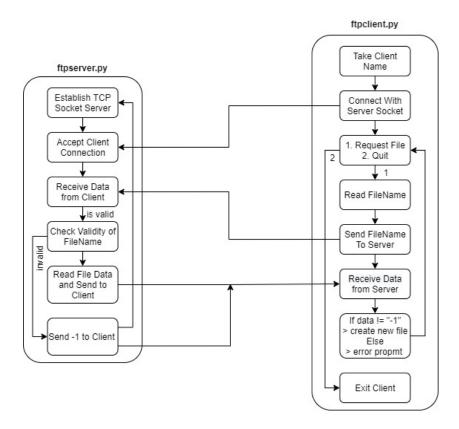
UDP is the Datagram oriented protocol. This is because <u>there is no overhead for opening a connection</u>, <u>maintaining a connection</u>, and <u>terminating a connection</u>. UDP is efficient for broadcast and multicast type of network transmission.

PROTOCOLS IMPLEMENTED

File Transfer Protocol:

The **File Transfer Protocol** (**FTP**) is a standard communication protocol used for the transfer of computer files from a server to a client on a computer network. FTP is built on a client—server model architecture using separate control and data connections between the client and the server.

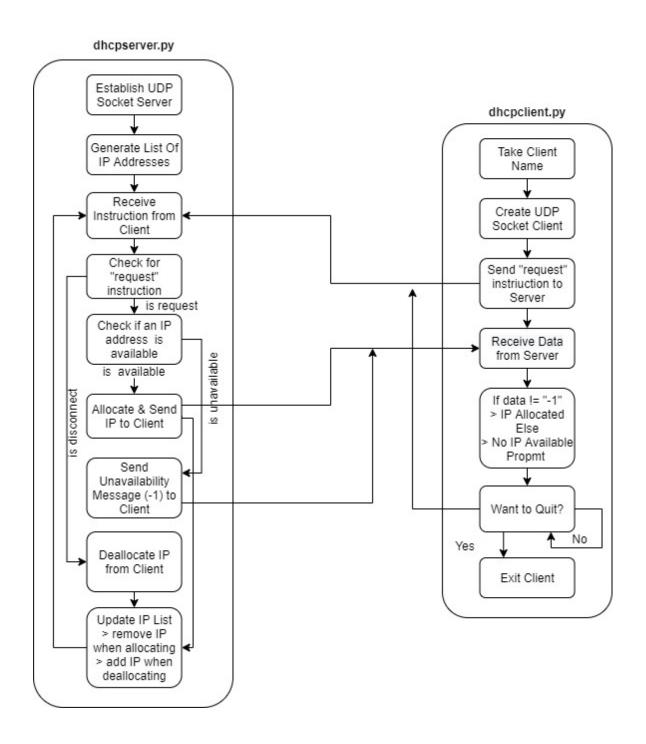
TCP Sockets are used to implement the client-server model in File Transfer Protocol. The following flow diagram explains the control flow of the algorithm:



Dynamic Host Control Protocol:

The **Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)** is a network management protocol used on Internet Protocol (IP) networks for automatically assigning IP addresses and other communication parameters to devices connected to the network using a client—server architecture.

UDP Sockets are used to implement the client-server model in File Transfer Protocol. The following flow diagram explains the control flow of the algorithm:



Implementation:

Dynamic Host Control Protocol

server

client

File Transfer Protocol

server

client

```
client > 🏺 ftpclient.py > .
import socket
Host = '127.0.0.2' # The server's hostname or IP address
FTPport = 65300 # The port used by the server
name = input("Enter name of the client: ")
while True:
    s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    s.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADOR, 1)
choice = int(input("\n1. Retrieve file.\n2. Quit.\nEnter Your Choice: "))
         s.connect((Host, FTPport))
         s.send(bytes(name, "utf-8"))
filename = input("Enter filename to be searched: ")
s.send(bytes(filename, "utf-8"))
          data = s.recv(1024).decode()
          # if filename is invalid
if data == "-1":
             print("File does not exists. Terminating Request..")
               print("New File Created in Client with the contents: \n" + data + "\n")
              file = open(filename, "w")
file.write(data)
          s.close()
          break
          print("Invalid Choice. Try Again.")
```

Results & Output:

File Transfer Protocol

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG COMSOLE

PS C:\Users\MSUS\Desktop\Computer Networks\Assignment 7\ftp-tcp\server> python3 .\ftpserver.py
FIP Server started!!
Listening for a connection on its own port....

Client A with address ('127.0.0.1', 55117) is requesting file: hello.txt
Data sent!

FIP Server still running!
Listening for a connection on its own port....

Client A with address ('127.0.0.1', 55118) is requesting file: hello1.txt
File does not exists. Terminating Request...

FIP Server still running!
Listening for a connection on its own port....

Client A with address ('127.0.0.1', 55118) is requesting file: hello1.txt
File does not exists. Terminating Request...

FIP Server still running!
Listening for a connection on its own port....

I. Retrieve file.
2. Quit.
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter filename to be searched: hello1.txt
File does not exists. Terminating Request...

I. Retrieve file.
2. Quit.
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter filename to be searched: hello1.txt
File does not exists. Terminating Request...

I. Retrieve file.
2. Quit.
Enter Your Choice: 2
Client Disconnected..
PS C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\Computer Networks\Assignment 7\ftp-tcp\client>
```

Dynamic Host Control Protocol



Comments:

This assignment helped me understand the working procedure of FTP and DHCP protocols and successfully implementing them using TCP/UDP sockets in Python 3.