

## Module 4: Control Structures, Functions, and Data Structures

## **Practice Activity 4.1 Practice with Conditionals**

## **Activity 1 – Solution**

```
let temperature = 10;

if (temperature > 30) {
    console.log("It's a hot day!");
} else if (temperature >= 20 && temperature <= 30) {
    console.log("The weather is pleasant.");
} else {
    console.log("It's a bit chilly.");
}</pre>
```

The output of above code will be "It's a bit chilly."

- The first if condition, check if the temperature is greater than 30. If it is, print "It's a hot day!"
- In the else if condition, check if the temperature is greater than or equal to 20 and less than or equal to 30. If it is, print "The weather is pleasant."
- Lastly, if none of the conditions are true, print "It's a bit chilly."

## **Activity 2 – Solution**

```
const year = 2024;

if (year % 4 === 0 && year % 100 !== 0) {
    // The year is divisible by 4 but not by 100

console.log("It is a leap year.");
} else if (year % 400 === 0) {
    // The year is divisible by 400

console.log("It is a leap year.");
} else {
    // The year does not meet any leap year conditions

console.log("It is not a leap year.");
}
```



- The first if statement checks whether the year is divisible by 4 but not by 100. If this condition is true, it returns true as it satisfies the leap year condition.
- The else if statement checks whether the year is divisible by 400. If this condition is true, it returns true as well, satisfying the leap year condition.
- If none of the above conditions are met, the else statement is executed, and the function returns false since the year does not meet any of the leap year conditions.

