Computer Programming 143 – Lecture 9 Program Control III

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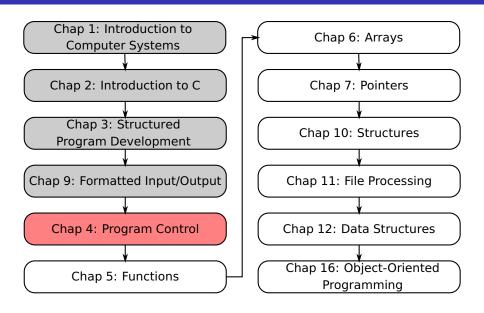
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Lecture Overview

1 The switch Multiple-Selection Statement (4.7)

The break Statement (4.9)

3 Summary of Structured Programming (4.12)

4.7 The switch Multiple-Selection Statement I

Unelegant if statement

```
if ( condition ) {
    statement(s);
else if ( condition ) {
    statement(s);
else if ( condition ) {
    statement(s);
else if ( condition ) {
    statement(s);
```

4.7 The switch Multiple-Selection Statement II

switch

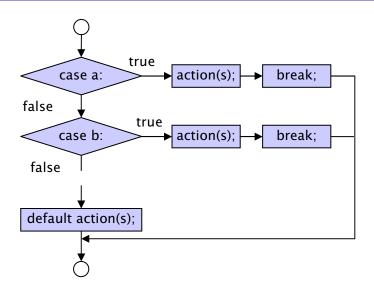
 Useful when a variable or expression is tested for all the values it can assume and different actions are taken

Format:

```
Series of case labels and an optional default case
switch ( value ) {
    case 1 : action(s);
        break;
    case 2 : action(s);
        break;
    default: action(s);
}
```

break; exits from statement

4.7 The **switch** Multiple-Selection Statement III



```
int n_wheels;
printf("How many wheels does your vehicle have? ");
scanf("%d", &n_wheels);
switch (n_wheels)
  case 1:
    printf("It's a unicycle\n");
    break:
  case 2:
    printf("It might be a bicycle\n");
    break;
  case 3:
    printf("Probably a tricycle\n");
    break:
  case 4:
    printf("It might be a car\n");
    break:
  default:
    printf("No idea; we are far from solving AI\n");
    break;
```

4.7 **switch** Simple Example II

Example output

How many wheels does your vehicle have? 2 It might be a bicycle

4.7 switch Bigger Example I

Example C code

```
/* Counting Grades (based on Fig. 4.7 in Deitel & Deitel) */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// function main begins program execution
int main( void )
 int numStudents; //total number of students
  char grade: // grade input variable
 int passCount = 0: // number of passes
 int failCount = 0: // number of failures
 printf("Enter the total number of students.\n");
  scanf("%d",&numStudents); //read the total number of students
  printf( "Enter results (P for pass: F for failure).\n"):
 do {
    scanf(" %c". &grade)://scanf reads one charater from keyboard
```

4.7 switch Bigger Example II

Example C code (cont'd...)

4.7 **switch** Bigger Example III

Example C code (cont'd...)

```
default:  // catch all other characters
    printf( "Invalid character entered. " );
    printf( "Enter a new result (P or F).\n" );
    break;
} // end switch
} while ((passCount+failCount) < numStudents);// end do....while

// output summary of results
printf( "\nTest results:\n" );
printf( "Passed: %d\n", passCount ); // display number of passes
printf( "Failed: %d\n", failCount ); // display number of failures

return 0; // indicate program ended successfully
} // end function main</pre>
```

4.7 **switch** Bigger Example IV

Example output

```
Enter the total number of students.
5
Enter results (P for pass; F for failure).
k
Invalid character entered. Enter a new result (P or F).
Ρ
Test results:
Passed: 3
Failed: 2
```

4.9 The **break** Statement I

break

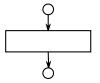
- Causes immediate exit from a while, for, do...while or switch statement
- Program execution continues with the first statement after the structure
- Common uses of the break statement
 - Escape early from a loop
 - Skip the remainder of a switch statement

Remarks

- Violates rules of structured programming when used with while, for or do...while statement
- For more information refer to the textbook

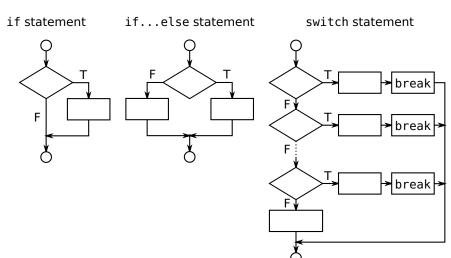
4.12 Summary of Structured Programming I

Sequence structure



4.12 Summary of Structured Programming II

Selection structures

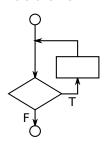


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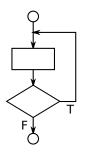
4.12 Summary of Structured Programming III

Repetition structures

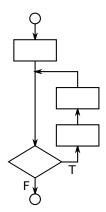
while statement



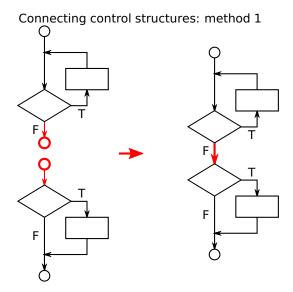
do...while statement



for statement

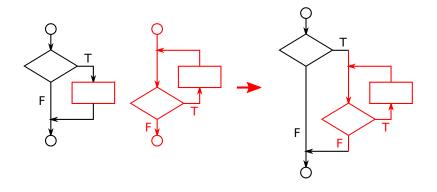


4.12 Summary of Structured Programming IV



4.12 Summary of Structured Programming V

Connecting control structures: method 2



Perspective

Today

Program control III

- switch selection structure
- break and continue
- Summary of structured program development

Next lecture

Functions I

Introduction to functions

Homework

- Study Sections 4.7, 4.9, 4.12 in Deitel & Deitel
- On Self Review Exercises 4.1, 4.2(a)&(b), 4.4(c) in Deitel & Deitel
- Do Exercises 4.5(b)&(c), 4.19, 4.24