

Porting LAMP Applications to Vibe.d

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What is a LAMP?

- L Linux
- A Apache web server
- M MySQL database (Can be any type of DB really)
- P PHP language (Also can mean Perl, Python, Ruby)

A Bit of History

- 2009: Joined NRM, a company specializing in installing smart cooler controls. <u>www.nrminc.com</u>
- Charged with creating an internal job tracking system
- LAMP application called "Willow Job Tracker" already in use in one division.
- Had very little web development experience.
- D at version 2.032, no real Web frameworks available

CoolTrac was Born



- Customized Willow Job Tracker to fit the workflow needs of our company
- Lots of back-end improvements over original design to ease my suffering.
- Introduced jQuery and jQueryUI for more "live" UI.

DConf 2013

- Vladimir Panteleev's presentation on D for Web Development was eye opening
- Began considering how I could use vibe.d instead of PHP
- Fateful conversation with Andrei

Why Vibe.d?

- 1. Performance
- 2. Statically typed
- 3. REST support
- 4. Metaprogramming
- 5. Because it's D!

Porting Requirements

- 1. This is an application used every day, we must keep it running while doing development
- 2. Keep the same database model including authentication
- 3. Seamless integration between D and PHP sides from a user perspective
- 4. Fix UI issues by redoing all CSS/javascript and standardizing on Bootstrap

Porting Plan

- System config
 - Apache
 - PHP Session management
- Back-end
 - Data model
 - Authentication and messages
 - Linking between back-ends
- Front end
 - Navigation
 - Mobile support

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Apache Config

- Apache handles all requests, vibe.d is handled via reverse proxy.
- Dedicate a subdirectory to vibe.d requests that isn't already used, "/d/".
- Use ProxyPass and ProxyPassReverse directives

```
ProxyPass /d/ http://127.0.0.1:8080/
ProxyPassReverse /d/ http://127.0.0.1:8080/
<Location /d/>
    ProxyPassReverse /
</Location>
```

Apache Config

- Want to avoid any reliance on Apache config in vibe.d itself
- Use mod_proxy_html to rewrite all links outside of headers

```
<Location /d/>
    SetOutputFilter proxy-html
    ProxyPassReverse /
    ProxyHTMLURLMap / /d/
</Location>
```

 Ensure you have the file proxy_html.conf under mods_enabled directory!

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PHP Session Config

- By default PHP puts sessions into a directory.
- php-redis package usually available. On Ubuntu, it's php-redis.
- Easy to config PHP to use Redis.

```
[Session]
; Handler used to store/retrieve data.
; http://php.net/session.save-handler
; session.save_handler = files
session.save_handler = redis
...
; session.save_path = "/var/lib/php5"
session.save_path = "tcp://127.0.0.1"
```

Use php_serialize as serialization method

```
; Handler used to serialize data. php is the standard serializer of PHP.
; http://php.net/session.serialize-handler
session.serialize_handler = php_serialize
```

PHP Session Config

- Redis is by default insecure
- Offers simple password security, but no encryption or any other mechanisms for rejecting hackers.
- Use UNIX sockets when available supports filesystem permission protections.

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Data Mode

- MySQL is supported with mysql-native in vibe.d
- CoolTrac's data system is hand-written SQL using string interpolation
- ORM is not easy because of the hand-tuned queries used to fetch data.
- Wanted something more usable than arrays of Variants (mysql-native's interface)

Data Model

Serialization library! Full utilization of D capabilities:

```
struct Person
{
   int id;
   string username;
   @(DB.colName!"password") string passwordHash;
   @(DB.colName!"status", DB.colType!string, DB.colParser!setAIBool) bool active;
   DateTime lastupdate;
   DateTime createdon;
   string firstname;
   string lastname;
   ...
```

Used via a nice range syntax that produces typed items from database rows:

Data Model

Query building tools:

```
auto sql = "timesheet AS ts"
    .sqlJoin("person AS p ON (p.id = ts.person_id)")
    .select("ts.*")
    .where("ts.year = ?", nYear)
    .where("ts.week = ?", nWeek)
    .where("ts.person_id = ?", forPerson)
    .where("ts.approved_on IS NOT NULL", !includeUnapproved)
    .where("ts.latest = 1")
    .orderBy("ts.year", "ts.week", "p.lastname", "p.firstname");
return conn.query(sql);
```

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Authentication and Messages

- Single sign-on for both PHP and D
- Need to have each side be able to read the other's cookies and session.
- Logging out is simple destroy both sessions!

Process vibe.d Data in PHP

```
// see if there is any message from the vibe.d side of things
if(isset($_COOKIE["vibe_session_id"]))
    $vibed_sessionid = $_COOKIE["vibe_session_id"];
    // use redis to get at the vibe session data
    $redis = new Redis();
    if($redis->connect("127.0.0.1"))
        $redis->select(0);
        $extraSessionData = $redis->hGet($vibed_sessionid, "phpSessionData");
        if($extraSessionData !== FALSE)
            // clear the session data
            $redis->hDel($vibed_sessionid, "phpSessionData");
            // process the session data.
            $sessionArr = json_decode($extraSessionData, true);
            if($sessionArr !== NULL)
                $_SESSION = array_merge($_SESSION, $sessionArr);
        $redis->close();
```

Process PHP Session Data in vibe.d

```
// read the user information. If user does not exist or is invalid,
// close the session.
int userid = req.session.get!(int)("userid", -1);
if(userid == -1)
   // in this case, see if the php's session is logged in.
    try
        if(auto phpsessid = req.cookies.get("PHPSESSID"))
        {
            auto redisConn = connectRedisDB(URL("redis://127.0.0.1/0"));
            scope(exit) redisConn.client.quit();
            // php session is stored "PHPREDIS_SESSION:<cookie>"
            auto phpSessionString = redisConn.get("PHPREDIS_SESSION:"
                          ~ phpsessid);
            if(phpSessionString.length)
```

PHP Session Parser

Yay, more serialization!

```
import nrm.phpser;
import std.algorithm: findSkip;
import std.range: retro;
static struct PHPSessionData
    string wjtpsession;
PHPSessionData sdata;
phpDeserialize(phpSessionString, sdata);
auto runame = sdata.wjtpsession.retro;
enforce(runame.findSkip("_"));// timestamp
enforce(runame.findSkip("_"));// hash
auto uname = runame.retro;
enforce(uname.findSkip("_"));// junk
// get the username from the person database
auto u = conn.fetchPersonByUsername(uname);
req.session.set!(int)("userid", u.id);
userid = u.id;
```

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More Apache Config

We need an override for the proxy!

```
ProxyPass /d/PHPExt/!
Redirect /d/PHPExt/ /cooltrac/www/
ProxyPass /d/ http://127.0.0.1:8080/
ProxyPassReverse /d/ http://127.0.0.1:8080/
```

- Links are sprinkled all over a web application.
- In D-land, we use placeholders to prevent having to do work when the target is ported.
- In PHP-land, we use redirects to avoid doing work once a page is ported.

Example in CoolTrac: in PHP the URL for job 12345 is

```
/cooltrac/www/index.php?display=JobDetails&id=12345
```

Implement a placeholder route in vibe.d:

```
// URL must be complete, not relative
$prot = ( "443" == $_SERVER["SERVER_PORT"] ) ? "https://" : "http://";
if(substr($this->url, 0, 1) === "/")
   $fullURL = $prot . $_SERVER["SERVER_NAME"] . $this->url;
else if(substr($this->url, 0, 4) === "http")
   $fullURL = $this->url;
else
   $self = $_SERVER["PHP_SELF"];
   $herepath = preg_replace("/[^\/]+$/", "", $self);
   if (!preg_match("/\/$/", $herepath))
       $herepath .= "/";
   $fullURL = $prot . $_SERVER["SERVER_NAME"] . $herepath . $this->url;
header("Location: $fullURL", true, $this->responseCode);
exit();
```

```
class JobDetails extends RedirectDisplay // use to extend TemplateDisplay
{
    function getName()
    {
        return "JobDetails";
    }

    function initialize()
    {
        sid = $this->context->request->get( "id" );
        $this->url = "/d/job/$id";
    }
}
```

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Navigation Design

- Should be similar in structure as the original to avoid confusion.
- Provide the top links the users are used to you can always change it after the port is done.
- Perhaps take this time to improve with the D side of things.

Comparison of CoolTrac

Before:



After:



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Congratulations!

- Now you have a vibe.d app to impress all your friends!
- Need a good acronym...

LAVDRMP

Live Demo!

Diamond MVC



- http://diamondmvc.org/
- Runs on top of Vibe.d
- Provides alternative system to vibe.d's diet templates
- Adds more framework for controllers/ORM

Symfony

- A more sophisticated, modernized, and supported framework than what CoolTrac is based on.
- Almost everything in this presentation still applies



Symfony - YAML

- Lots of configuration is stored in yaml files
- D has yaml support!

Symfony - ORM

- Symfony uses an ORM called doctrine
- Schema is unfortunately generated using PHP attributes.
- D has the potential to parse these, or using PHP, you could generate an alternative format.
- Use a supported D ORM instead: http://code.dlang.org/search?q=ORM

Symfony — Cross Linking

If you use YAML to do routing, updating links are easy.

```
#load_job:
# path: /job/{jobid}
# controller: App\Controller\JobController::jobDetails
load_job:
    path: /job/{jobid}
    controller: App\Controller\Redirector::redirectJob
```

Symfony — Cross Linking

```
<?php
// src/Controller/Redirector.php
namespace App\Controller;
use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\Controller;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\RedirectResponse;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Request;
class Redirector extends Controller
    public function redirectVibed(Request $request, $subroute)
        $urldata = parse_url($request->getUri());
        $portopt = isset($urldata["port"]) ? ":" . $urldata["port"] : "";
        return $this->redirect($urldata["scheme"] . "://" . $urldata["host"]
                               . "$portopt/d/" . $subroute);
    public function redirectJob(Request $request, $jobid)
        return $this->redirectVibed($request, "job/$jobid");
```

Ditching Symfony — Consider the Drawbacks

- Command-line code generation
- Development bar
- Exception/Error display
- Built-in Authentication support

Some Notes

- Mysql-native has gotten a whole lot better, but I still find the serialization part a bit wanting. The row struct is also quite limited.
- DMD compilation is fast. Vibe.d compilation is not. Would love to see some improvement here.
- Having to recompile/rebuild the entire project to change some classes on a template.



Thanks, Vibe.d!

Ask your Doctor if LAVDRMP is right for you

References

- Vladimir Panteleev's Dconf 2013 presentation: http://dconf.org/2013/talks/panteleev.html
- Using Redis as a PHP session handler: https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-set-up-a-redis-server-as-a-session-handler-for-php-on-ubuntu-14-04
- Apache config: mod_proxy: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/mod/mod_proxy.html, mod/mod_proxy_html: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/mod/mod/mod_proxy html.html (good luck understanding that!)
- Description of php_serialize format: http://www.phpinternalsbook.com/classes_objects/serialization.html
- Symfony: https://symfony.com/