

**performing random experiment
2 as a function of experiment 1**

happens in probabilistic algorithms

$W = (S, p)$ probability space

$X : S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ random variable

expected value of random variable X

$$E(X) = \sum_{a \in S} X(a) \cdot p(a)$$

probability of B given A

$$A, B \subseteq S, p(A) \neq 0$$

$$p(B|A) = \frac{p(B \cap A)}{p(A)}$$

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performing experiment 2 as function of result of experiment 1

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two experiments:

- throw coin
- if 0 throw coin c, otherwise dice d
- expected total number of points

it might be

$$E(c) + 1/2 \cdot E(c) + 1/2 \cdot E(d) = 1/2 + 1/4 + 7/4$$

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$$W_i = (R_i, p_i) \quad i \in S$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{(i,a) \in Q} q(i,a) &= \sum_{i \in S} \sum_{a \in R_i} p(i) \cdot p_i(a) \\ &= \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot \left(\sum_{a \in R_i} p_i(a) \right) \\ &= \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot 1 \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

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Lemma 11. For events $A \subseteq R_i$ the conditional probability that A occurs second given that i occurred first is

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$$\begin{aligned} (\{i\} \times R_i) \cap (\{i\} \times A) &= \{i\} \times A \\ q(\{i\} \times A \mid \{i\} \times R_i) &= \frac{q((\{i\} \times R_i) \cap (\{i\} \times A))}{q(\{i\} \times R_i)} \\ &= \frac{q(\{i\} \times A)}{q(\{i\} \times R_i)} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{a \in A} q(i, a)}{\sum_{r \in R_i} q(i, r)} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{a \in A} p(i) \cdot p_i(a)}{\sum_{r \in R_i} p(i) \cdot p_i(r)} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{a \in A} p_i(a)}{\sum_{r \in R_i} p_i(r)} \\ &= \frac{p_i(A)}{1} \\ &= p_i(A) \end{aligned}$$

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$$X : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

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Lemma 12.

$E(X) = E(X_0) + \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot E(X_i)$

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$$\begin{aligned} E(X) &= \sum_{i \in S} \sum_{r \in R_i} q(i, r) \cdot X(i, r) \\ &= \sum_{i \in S} \sum_{r \in R_i} p(i) \cdot p_i(r) \cdot (X_0(i) + X_i(r)) \\ &= \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot \left(\sum_{r \in R_i} p_i(r) \cdot (X_0(i) + X_i(r)) \right) \\ &= \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot X_0(i) \cdot \left(\sum_{r \in R_i} p_i(r) \right) + \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot \left(\sum_{r \in R_i} p_i(r) \cdot X_i(r) \right) \\ &= \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot X_0(i) \cdot 1 + \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot E(X_i) \\ &= E(X_0) + \sum_{i \in S} p(i) \cdot E(X_i) \end{aligned}$$