## Exercises for TTF



Introduction to Theory of Computation Kikutadze, Lomauridze, Melikidze & Nadareishvili Summer semester 2024

Exercises below are your homework; they will be discussed during exercise classes. Problems marked with a (\*) are more challenging.

## Week 4

- 1. Pumping Lemma for context free grammars. Fix the argument in Lemma 6 from the lecture on Chomsky hierarchy so that  $vx \neq \epsilon$  and  $|vwx| \leq n_0$  follow.
- 2. Chomsky normal form. Consider the grammar  $(\{S, A, B\}, \{0, 1\}, P, S)$  with productions

$$\begin{split} S &\to 1A, & S &\to 0B, \\ A &\to 0S, & B &\to 1S, \\ A &\to 0, & B &\to 1, \\ A &\to 1AA, & B &\to 0BB. \end{split}$$

Find an equivalent grammar in Chomsky normal form.

- 3. Clusure operations for context free languages. Show
  - (1) if L and L' are context free, then  $L \cup L'$  is context free.
  - (2) If L is context free, then it is possible that  $\overline{L}$  is not context free. *Hint:* try to write a non context free language as the intersection of context free languages.
- 4. Variants of the npda model. We have defined that an npda accepts if both the pushdown store is empty and the state is accepting. There are obvious variants of this definition:
  - accept by (reaching an) accepting state.
  - Accept by (reaching an) empty pushdown store.

Show that all these are equivalent, that is

- (1) if an npda M accepts L by accepting state, then there is an npda M' which accepts L by accepting state and empty pushdown store.
- (2) If an npda M accepts L by empty pushdown store, then there is an npda M' which accepts L by accepting state and empty pushdown store.
- 5. **Extended npda.** Call a push down automaton *extended* if it can push more than one symbol on the stack simultaneously. Prove that notions of extended and (regular) push down automatons are equivalent.