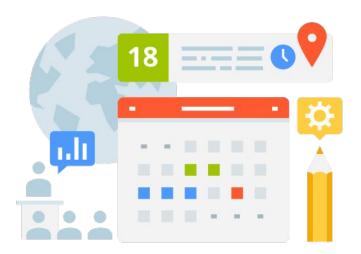




Incident Response
Google Cloud Platform

# **Agenda**



- The Mission
- Data exfiltration from cloud storage
- Preparation
- Investigation
- Questions



#### **Mission**



- Attention security analyst, we have a breach in progress!
   Your mission is to infiltrate the Google Cloud Project and track down the enemy responsible for stealing sensitive data.
- You will need to gather intelligence by analyzing different sources of evidence. Look for unusual activity, such as unauthorized logins, changes to permissions, objects access, and suspicious network traffic.
- Once you've identified the enemy's location, it's time to strike! Use your security tools to contain the breach and prevent further data loss.
- Collect all the evidence you can find to determine the extent of the breach and identify the stolen data. You will need to preserve this evidence for future investigation and legal action.
- Good luck, soldier! The fate of our organization rests in your hands."





# **Preparation**

### **The Attack**

Initial Access 8 techniques	<b>Execution</b> 9 techniques	Persistence 17 techniques	Privilege Escalation 11 techniques	<b>Defense Evasion</b> 25 techniques	Credential Access 15 techniques	<b>Discovery</b> 25 techniques	Lateral Movement 8 techniques	Collection 15 techniques	Command and Control 16 techniques	<b>Exfiltration</b> 9 techniques
Valid Accounts (0/4)	Command and Scripting	Valid Accounts (0/4)	Valid Accounts (0/4)	Valid Accounts (0/4)	Adversary-in- the-Middle (0/2)	Cloud Storage Object Discovery	Exploitation of Remote	Data from Cloud Storage	Application Layer	Exfiltration Over
Exploit Public- Facing Application	Interpreter (0/4) Exploitation for Client Execution	Account Manipulation (0/3)	Abuse Elevation Control	Abuse Elevation Control Mechanism (0/2)	Brute Force <sub>(0/4)</sub>	Account Discovery (0/3)  Application Window	Services  Internal Spearphishing	Adversary-in- the-Middle <sub>(0/2)</sub>	Protocol (0/4)  Communication Through	Alternative Protocol (0/3) Exfiltration
Drive-by Compromise	Inter-Process Communication (0/0)	Boot or Logon Autostart Execution (0/2)	Mechanism (0/2) Boot or Logon	Debugger Evasion  Deobfuscate/Decode	Credentials from Password I Stores (0/3)	Discovery  Browser Bookmark	Lateral Tool Transfer	Archive Collected Data <sub>(0/3)</sub>	Removable Media	Over Web Service (0/2)
External Remote Services	Native API	Boot or Logon Initialization	Autostart Execution (0/2)	Execution	Exploitation for Credential	Discovery Cloud Infrastructure	Remote Service	Audio Capture	Data Encoding (0/2)	Transfer Data to Cloud Account
Hardware Additions	Scheduled Task/Job (0/3)	Scripts <sub>(0/1)</sub> Browser	Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts (0/1)	Guardrails (0/1)  Exploitation for	Access Forge Web	Discovery Cloud Service	Session Hijacking (0/1)	Automated Collection	Data Obfuscation (0/3)	Automated Exfiltration (0/0)
Phishing (0/3)	Serverless Execution	Extensions  Compromise	Create or Modify System	Defense Evasion File and Directory	Credentials (0/2)	Dashboard Cloud Service	Remote Services (0/2)	Clipboard Data  Data from	Dynamic Resolution (0/3)	Data Transfer Size Limits
Supply Chain Compromise <sub>(0/3)</sub>	Software Deployment Tools	Client Software Binary	Process (0/1)  Escape to Host	Permissions Modification (0/1)	Capture (0/3)	Discovery  Debugger Evasion	Software Deployment Tools	Information Repositories (0/0)	Encrypted Channel (0/2)	Exfiltration Over C2
Trusted Relationship	System Services (0/0)	Create Account (0/3)	Event	Hide Artifacts (0/7)  Hijack Execution	Authentication I Process (0/3)	File and Directory Discovery	Taint Shared Content	Data from Local System	Fallback Channels	Channel Exfiltration
	User Execution (0/3)	Create or Modify System	Triggered Execution (0/3)	Flow <sub>(0/1)</sub>	Multi-Factor Authentication	Network Service	Use Alternate	Data from Network Shared	Ingress Tool Transfer	Over Other Network
		Process (0/1)	Exploitation for	Impair Defenses (0/7)	Interception	Discovery	Authentication I	Drive	Multi-Stago	Medium (0/1)



### **Preparation**



- Understand Google Cloud Project
- Data Classification Policies
- Communication Templates (External & Internal)
- Cloud storage security guidelines
- Cloud logging / audit policies
- Threat Modeling
- Test your controls
  - Table Tops
  - Playbooks

https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1530/





Investigating data breaches due to compromised buckets

### Here we go!





- Built-in audit logs
- Platform Logs
- Host (VMs) Logs
- App Logs
- VPC Flow Logs
- Firewall Logs
- Network Capture
- Load Balancing Logs
- Google Cloud Storage Logs
- Google Cloud Storage Usage Logs
- GKS logs





Mission Failed

From: The Boss

To: Cloud Security Engineer Sent: 2022-11-04T17:28

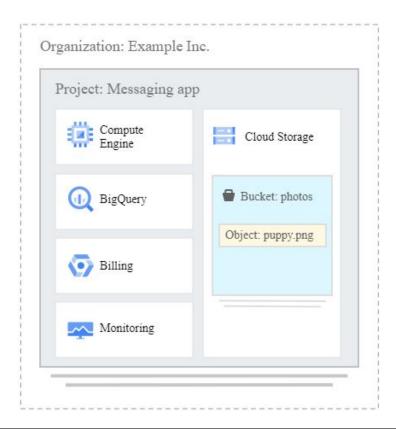
You lost the mission, you're fired!!!







Investigating data breaches due to compromised buckets



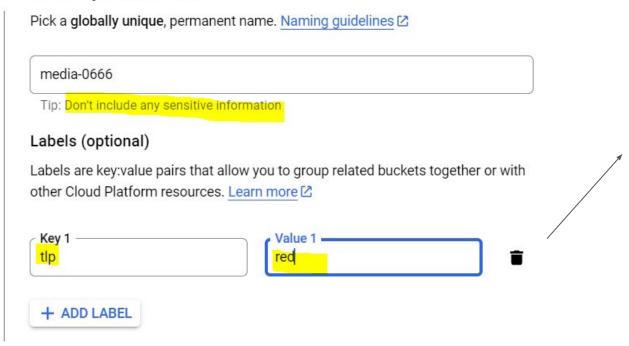
**Bucket**: Each project can contain multiple buckets, which are containers to store your objects. For example, you might create a photos bucket for all the image files your app generates and a separate videos bucket.

**Object**: An individual file, such as an image called puppy.png.

https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/introduction



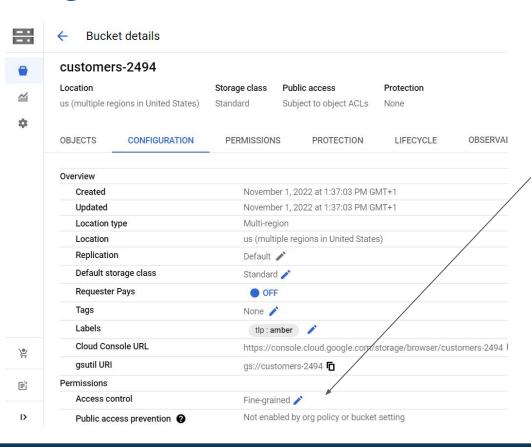
#### Name your bucket





TRAFFIC LIGHT PROTOCOL <a href="https://www.first.org/tlp/">https://www.first.org/tlp/</a>





#### Edit access control

Choose how to control object access in this bucket.

○ Uniform

Ensure uniform access to all objects in the bucket by using only bucket-level permissions (IAM). This option becomes permanent after 90 days. Learn more 🔀

Fine-grained

Specify access to individual objects by using object-level permissions (ACLs) in addition to your bucket-level permissions (IAM). Learn more 🔀



#### Edit access

Object name: terraform.tar.gz

If you don't rely on individual object-level access, you can start managing all access uniformly at the bucket-level. Go to the bucket's Permissions tab to get started. <a href="Learn more"><u>Learn more </u></a>



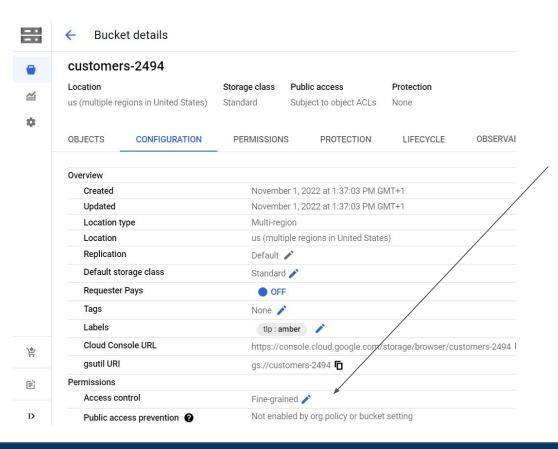
#### Edit access control

Choose how to control object access in this bucket.

- Uniform
  - Ensure uniform access to all objects in the bucket by using only bucket-level permissions (IAM). This option becomes permanent after 90 days. Learn more 2
- Fine-grained Specify access to individual objects by using object-level permissions (ACLs) in addition to your bucket-level permissions (IAM). Learn more ☑
  - Uniform access control removes object ACLs from this bucket.

    This will revoke object access for users who rely solely on ACLs for access unless you add their permissions to the bucket's IAM policy. Learn more

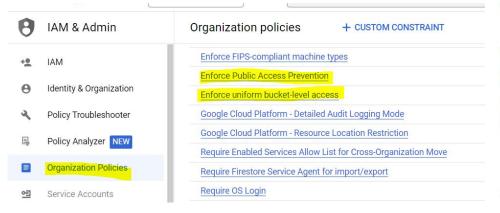




Public access prevention may be enforced through an org policy or bucket-level setting:

- Enabled via org policy inheritance means public access is restricted by an org policy
- Enabled via bucket setting means public access is only restricted at the bucket level
- Not enabled by org policy or bucket setting means public access is not restricted
- Not enabled via bucket setting; org policy status unavailable means that public access is not restricted at the bucket level but could be inherited at the org, folder, or project level





#### **Enforce Public Access Prevention**

Secure your Cloud Storage data from public exposure by enforcing public access prevention. This governance policy prevents existing and future resources from being accessed via the public internet by disabling and blocking ACLs and IAM permissions that grant access to allUsers and allAuthenticatedUsers. Enforce this policy on the entire organization (recommended), specific projects, or specific folders to ensure no data is publicly exposed.

This policy overrides existing public permissions. Public access will be revoked for existing buckets and objects after this policy is enabled.

#### Applies to

Organization "85 bits

- Inherit parent's policy
- Google-managed default
- Customize 2

SAVE CANCEL



#### Choose how to protect object data

Your data is always protected with Cloud Storage but you can also choose from these additional data protection options to prevent data loss. Note that object versioning and retention policies cannot be used together.

#### Protection tools

- None
- Object versioning (best for data recovery)

For restoring deleted or overwritten objects. To minimize the cost of storing versions, we recommend limiting the number of noncurrent versions per object and scheduling them to expire after a number of days. Learn more [2]

Retention policy (best for compliance)

For preventing the deletion or modification of the bucket's objects for a specified minimum duration of time after being uploaded. Learn more

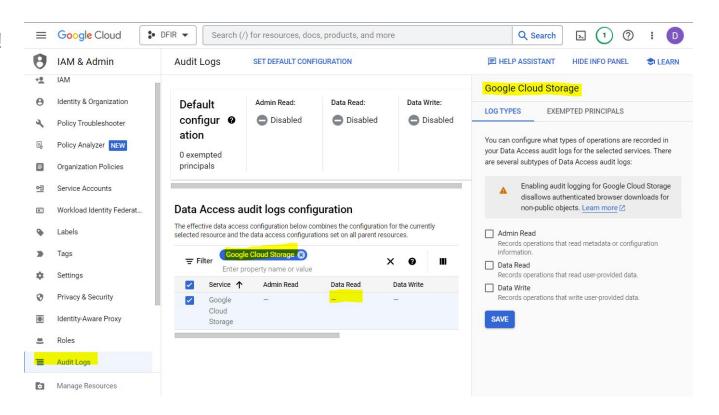
#### Data encryption ②

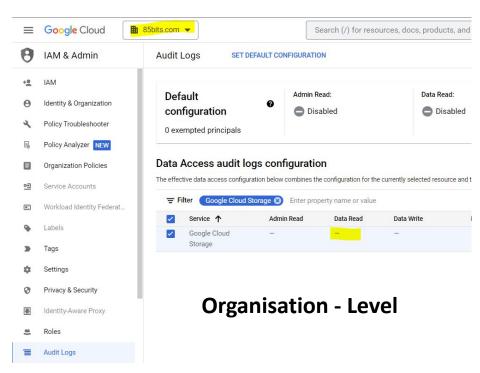
- Google-managed encryption key
   No configuration required
- Customer-managed encryption key (CMEK)

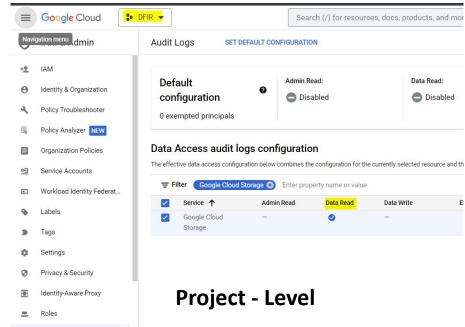
  Manage via Google Cloud Key Management Service



Disabled by Default!

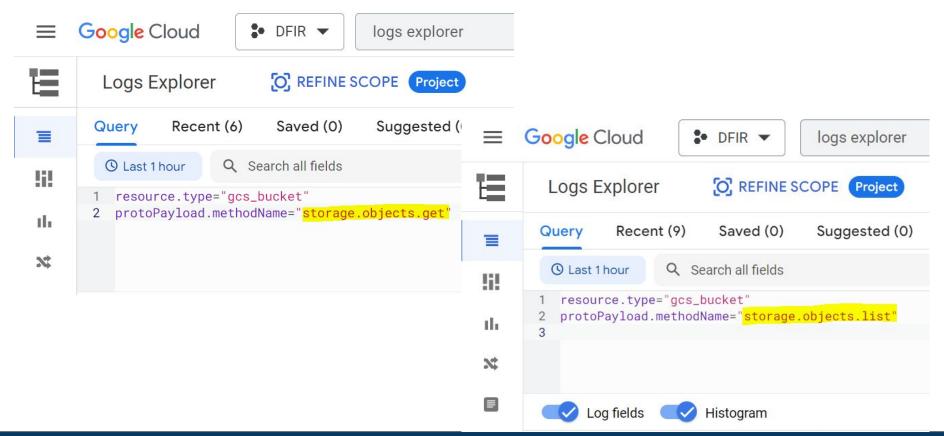






Audit Logs





```
# Bucket creation
gsutil mb gs://bucket-logs4dfir

# Grant permissions group:role
gsutil iam ch group:cloud-storage-analytics@google.com:legacyBucketWriter
gs://bucket-logs4dfir

# Enable logging
```

gsutil logging set on -b gs://bucket-logs4dfir gs://customers-249

https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/access-logs#delivery



(dvirus gondor)-[~]
\$ whoami
Daniel Rodriguez
Security Consultant
Incident Response / Digital Forensics
Twitter @dvirus
Website: https://dvirus.training/

