

# Foreach Loop

This lesson discusses the foreach loop and its implementation in PHP.

## We'll cover the following ^

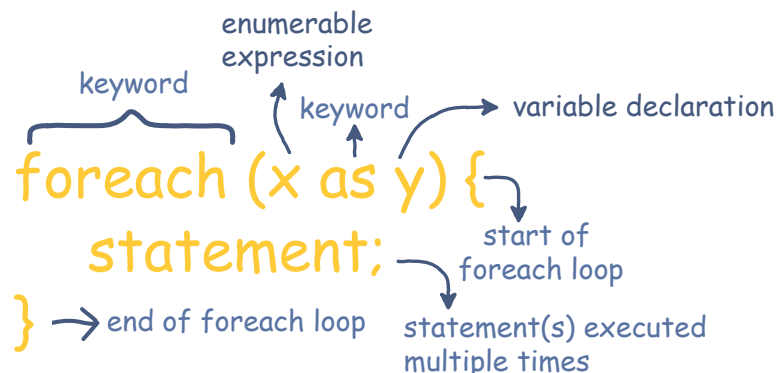
- Introduction
- Syntax
  - Explanation
- Example
  - Explanation

## Introduction #

The `foreach` statement is similar to the `for` statement in that both allow code to *iterate* over the *items* of collections, but the `foreach` statement lacks an *iteration* index, so it works even with collections that lack indices altogether.

## Syntax #

It is written in the following form:



## Explanation #

- The **enumerable-expression** is the *collection* on which the iteration will happen so it can be an **array** or a **list**
- The **variable-declaration** declares a variable that will be set to the successive elements of the enumerable expression. For example, if the enumerable expression is an array, the variable will be set to the first element, then the second, and so on.

elements of the **enumerable-expression** for each pass through the *body*

- The **foreach** loop **exits** when there are **no** more elements of the **enumerable-expression** to assign to the variable of the **variable-declaration**

## Example #

Let's take a look at an example implementing the **foreach** loop.

```
<?php

$itemToWrite = array('Alpha', 'Bravo', 'Charlie'); //an array of strings

foreach($itemToWrite as $item){ //iterating through each element of array itemToWrite
    echo "$item\n"; //displaying each element of array in console
}

?>
```



## Explanation #

In the above code:

- the **foreach** statement *iterates* over the elements of the *list* containing *strings* to write “**Alpha**”, “**Bravo**”, and “**Charlie**” to the *console*.

In the next lesson we'll discuss equivalence of looping structures.