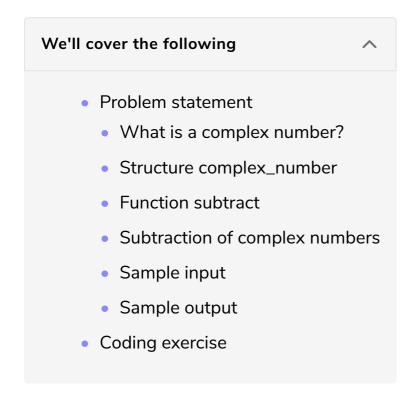
Challenge 1: Subtract Two Complex Numbers

Let's test your understanding of structures by solving a simple challenge.



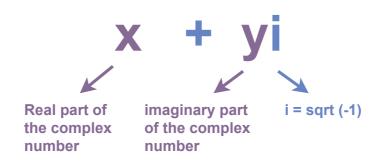
Problem statement

In this challenge, your task is to subtract two complex numbers.

What is a complex number?

A complex number is a number with both real and imaginary parts.

In the figure below, x + yi is a complex number.



Structure complex number #

To store the complex number, we have already defined the structure

struct complex_number {

double real; —> real will store real part of the complex number

double imaginary; —> imaginary will store imaginary part of the complex number

Function subtract

};

complex_number for you.

In this challenge, we have already declared the function complex_number that will take values of type complex_number in its input parameters and return value of type complex_number in output.

```
complex_number subtract ( struct complex_number c1 , struct complex_number c2 )
```

You have to write your program logic inside the function complex_number.

Subtraction of complex numbers

To subtract the complex number, we will follow the following steps:

STEP 1: Apply the negative sign to the real and imaginary parts of the second complex number.

STEP 2: Add a real part of the first complex number in the real part of the second complex number and imaginary part of the first complex number in the imaginary part of a second complex number.

Sample input

```
subtract ({12.3 , 67.4} , {54.2 , 90.8})
```

Sample output

```
-41.900000 + -23.400000
```

Coding exercise

Before diving directly into the solution, first, try to solve it yourself, and then check if your code passes all the test cases. If you get stuck, you can always see the given

solution.

Good Luck! 🐴

```
// Structure to store complex number struct complex_number {
   double real;
   double imaginary;
};

// Function to subtract two complex numbers
complex_number subtract(struct complex_number c1, struct complex_number c2) {
   struct complex_number c;
   // Write your code here
   return c;
}

\[
\textstyle{\textstyle{1}} \overline{\textstyle{2}} \textstyle{3} \textstyle{4} \textstyle{5} \te
```

> Well done! If you have solved the problem, give yourself a round of applause.

In case you are stuck, let's go over the solution review in the next lesson.