



MeteoCal

Software Engineering 2 Project

RASD

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1 Introduction

1.1 Description

We will project and implement *MeteoCal*, a new weather based online calendar for helping people scheduling their personal events avoiding bad weather conditions in case of outdoor activities.

Users, once registered, should be able to create, delete and update events. An event should contain information about when and where the event will take place, whether the event will be indoor or outdoor. During event creation, any number of registered users can be invited. Only the organizer will be able to update or delete the event. Invited users can only accept or decline the invitation.

Whenever an event is saved, the system should enrich the event with weather forecast information (if available). Moreover, it should notify all event participants one day before the event in case of bad weather conditions for outdoor events. Notifications are received by the users when they log into the system.

1.2 Goals

MeteoCal provides a set of specific features which make this platform an absolute news for online calendars:

- Create a personal calendar and visit other users calendar
- Add events to the calendar and invite other users
- Integrate weather conditions and events
- Receive notifications for bad weather condition and modify the events
- Manage calendar and events either publicly or in total privacy

1.3 Domain Properties

The world where we suppose to develop *MeteoCal* should respect these conditions:

- When a user creates an event, it does exist in the real world
- Location and weather conditions informations are given from absolutely trusted internet providers
- If some event location can contain a precise number of participants, the creator user knows exactly this information before creating the event

1.4 Glossary

Here follows some important concepts which must be precisely defined:

- **User:** Someone who has signed up to *MeteoCal*
- **Organizer:** A user who created a particular event
- **Public:** Something that can be seen from any user
- **Private:** Something that is (partially) invisible to other users
- **User Page:** Personal page of each user, containing his/her calendar and some other informations
- **Notification:** Message received by a user directly from the system
- **Address Book:** User's personal list, containing name, surname and e-mail address of people in general, not necessarily other users

1.5 Assumptions

There are few points that are not very clear in the specification document, so we will have to assume some facts. We assume that:

- The creator of an event can invite other people at the moment in which the event is created and also until the day the event takes place
- Each user is identified by his e-mail address, and he(he) has exactly one calendar: this means that users can search other users in order to see their calendar
- Calendars and Events can be either public or private, so there can be four situations:
 1. Public calendar with public event: any user can see the calendar and all the event details
 2. Public calendar with private event: any user can see the calendar but the users who are not invited to the event, can only see a “busy” mark on that day of the calendar, but not the event details
 3. Private calendar with public event: no one can see the calendar and of course its events, but if some user participates to the same event (which is public) and has a public calendar, the event will be visible on the calendar of that user
 4. Private calendar with private event: no one can see the calendar nor the event, except for people who are invited
- When a User decides to import an existing Calendar, it will overwrite the current Calendar; it should be written accordingly to a certain syntax and format that will be explained later on.
- To invite someone to an event, he(he) must be signed up with *MeteoCal*: from the moment in which the event has been created, the Organizer can invite other Users, choosing from his(her) Address Book.
- The creator of an event cannot create a new event which is going to be in a period of time overlapped to a pre-existing event in his(her) calendar.
- If a user receives an invitation to an event which is going to be in a period of time overlapped to a pre-existing event in his(her) calendar, he(he) can choose to accept it but the old event will be deleted. The System will notify the User that the event has been successfully created.
- Each user can add to his(her) Address Book only *MeteoCal* Users: the system is going to check if that User exists or not. This ensures that only *MeteoCal* Users could be invited to events.
- Each user can set his(her) e-mail address as public or private: if it's public other users can add him(her) to his address book with just a click on a button on the user page (without doing it manually)

1.6 Identifying Stakeholders

MeteoCal is going to be a web platform with no limits regarding age, sex or particular abilities in real life, which means that it is not limited to a small target of people who have special interests or abilities. So we could consider the following stakeholders:

- **Companies** that want to organize conferences or other special events with all the employees or simply business dinners.
- **Sportsmen**, who are very interested in weather conditions while organizing some event
- **Individuals** in general, who want to keep a precise schedule of their events, without the need of being always up-to-date with weather conditions, and of course invite their friends
- **Professor of SE2**, that is the “financial” stakeholder of this project, or simply the one who's interested in developing this new kind of application.

1.7 Proposed System

MeteoCal is going to be a very professional web platform that wants to be an absolute news with respect to the other platforms such as social networks. This means that there is no friendship concept nor wall sharing contents, but it focuses on organizing events and invite other people. There is no meaning in try to compete with Facebook™ or similars, because they offer yet a good way to create events but ignoring weather forecast functionalities that *MeteoCal* is going to offer.

1.7.1 Software Interfaces and Server Requirements

1. DBMS

- Name: MySQL
- Mnemonic: MySQL
- Version number: 5.6.14
- Source: <http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/mysql/>

2. Application Server

- Name: GlassFish
- Mnemonic: GlassFish
- Specification number: Open source edition
- Version number: 4.0
- Source: <https://glassfish.java.net/download.html>

3. Operating System: must support MySQL, Glassfish and the JVM (Java Virtual Machine)

1.7.2 Software Interfaces and Client Requirements

There's no limitation on Operating Systems but the web browser must support HTML 4/XHTML, CSS3, Javascript and, of course, the client must be on a stable internet connection.

2 Requirements

It is possible to categorize the actors involved in using *MeteoCal*, in particular we have:

- **Guest:** someone who wants to access *MeteoCal* but not signed up
- **User:** someone who has signed up to *MeteoCal*
- **Organizer:** a user who created a particular event

2.1 Functional Requirements

Here it is the list of functional requirements for each actor of *MeteoCal*:

- **Guest:**
 1. Sign up to *MeteoCal*
- **User:**
 1. Log in
 2. Accept invite to events
 3. Decline invite to events
 4. See public events details
 5. See public events participants
 6. Create public events
 7. Create private events
 8. Invite users to an event he created
 9. Import calendar
 10. Export calendar
 11. Make the calendar public
 12. Find users
 13. See public calendars
 14. Recover lost password
- **Organizer**, who needs the same requirements of a normal user and also:
 1. Update events he(she) created
 2. Delete events he(she) created

The system must also satisfy these requirements:

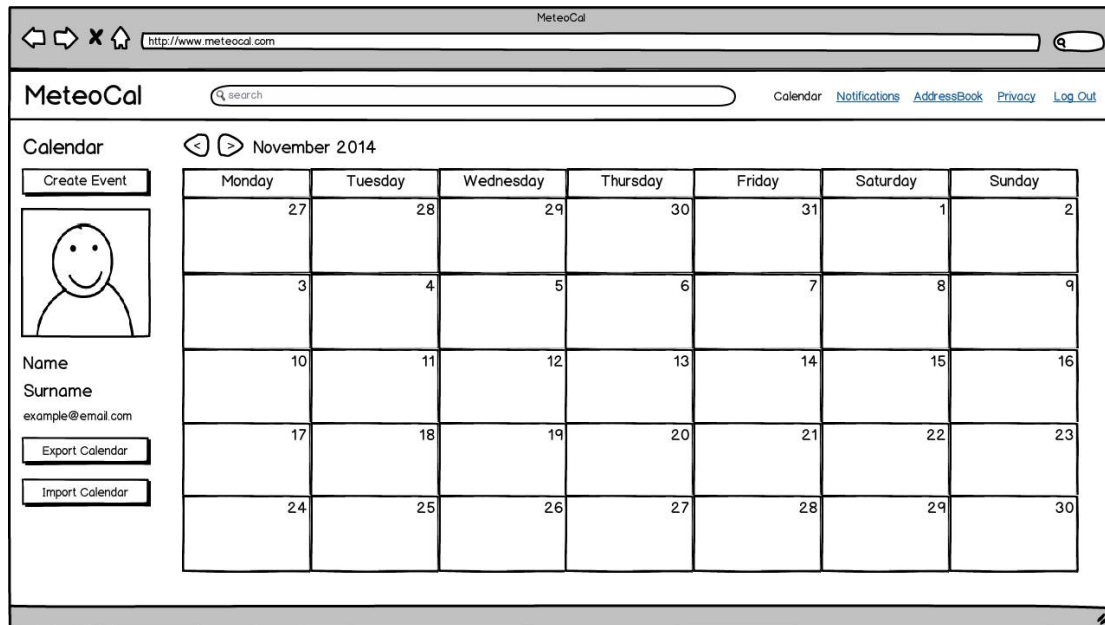
1. An event should contain information about when and where the event will take place, whether the event will be indoor or outdoor
2. During event creation, any number of registered users can be invited
3. Whenever an event is saved, the system should enrich the event with weather forecast information (if available)
4. The system should notify all event participants one day before the event in case of bad weather conditions for outdoor events. Notifications are received by the users when they log into the system
5. If user A has a public calendar, other users will see all the time slots in which A is busy but without seeing the details of the corresponding events, unless they have been defined as public.

6. In case of bad weather conditions for outdoor events, three days before the event, the system should propose to its creator the closest (in time) sunny day (if any).
7. The system will provide email notifications (both for invitation and cloudy outdoor events alerts)
8. Manage time consistency when creating an event by avoiding conflicts with existing events
9. Update weather information associated to events periodically, and of course, notify outdoor event participants in case the forecast has changed

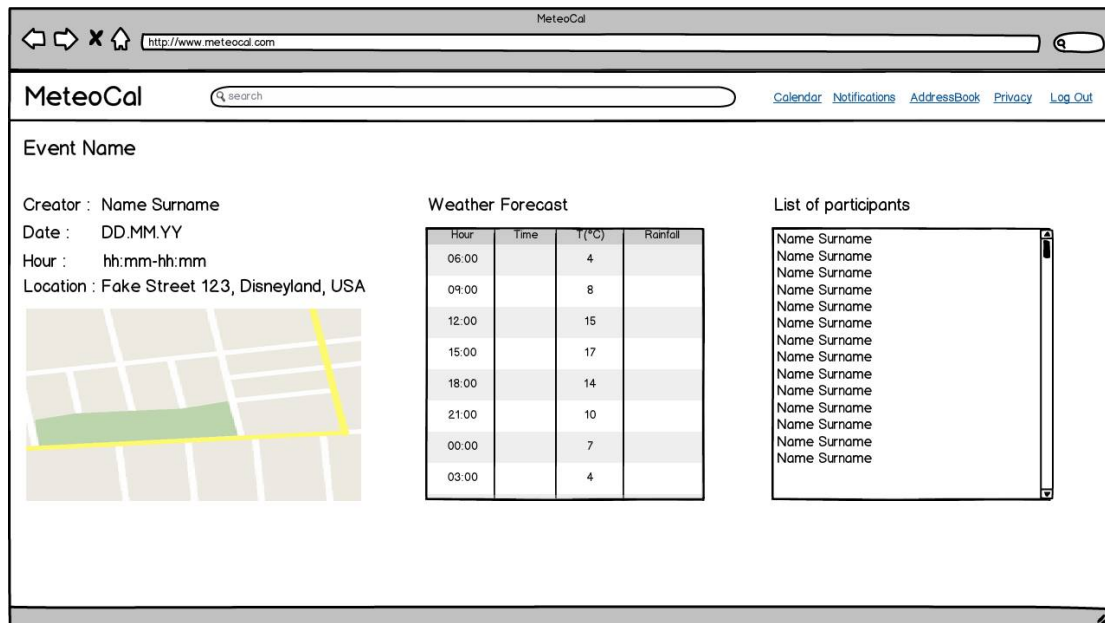
2.2 Non Functional Requirements

2.2.1 User Interface

The basic idea is to create a minimal but very effective user interface. Here we have a pair of possible web pages, just to figured out the idea of what are we looking for. This won't be exactly the final result, because design problems will be discussed later in the development.



Mockup of user interface



2.2.2 Documentation

Here it is the list of document regarding *MeteoCal* development:

- **Project Plan:** to define tasks and development timing
- **RASD:** Requirement Analysis and Specification Document
- **DD:** Design Document, to define the real structure of the web application and its tiers
- **JavaDoc** comments in the source code: to make anyone that wants to develop the platform or do maintenance on it, understand the code.
- **Installation Manual:** a guide to install *MeteoCal*
- **User Manual:** a guide to use *MeteoCal*
- **Testing Document:** a report of our testing of another *MeteoCal* project.

2.2.3 Architectural Considerations

MeteoCal will be developed with the J2EE platform and MySQL database in which all system's information will be stored. What is this information will be clearer watching the Class Diagram given below, because it could be considered as a basis for our database, but the precise ER Diagram will be drawn in the DD. An Internet connection is needed to use *MeteoCal* and also a recent web browser.

2.2.4 Other Considerations

- **Availability:** The system should be online 24h/7d, also during maintenance
- **Security:** Log in phase will be supported by password hashing according to last standards (MD5) and possibly in the future, connection will be under SSH protocol.
- **Maintainability:** There could be server-side modification or upgrades for future features, but never client-side maintenance
- **Portability:** *MeteoCal* only needs a web browser and an internet connection: it supports any kind of device

3 Scenarios Identifying

3.1 Cene Eleganti

Emilio is very sad because his friend Silvio, no more invites him to his “Cene Eleganti”; Emilio and Silvio are both registered to *MeteoCal*, but Emilio doesn’t remember his password because it’s a long time since his last login. So Emilio decides to use the recovery password option to restore his password. After that he decides to search for Silvio’s calendar (which is public) but then he realizes that all Silvio’s events are private and he cannot stalk him in anyway.

3.2 Bad Weather for Renato

Renato is a party planner and he needs a software that could help him to schedule every party he organizes. A friend of his suggests him to sign up *MeteoCal* because of its features related to weather conditions, that would be very useful, especially for outdoor events. First of all he signs up *MeteoCal*, and then starts to use the calendar in order to insert the next party he was going to plan. The party will be on Friday and it will take place in a garden. On Tuesday (three days before the party) he receives an email from *MeteoCal*, notifying that Friday will be rainy, suggesting him to change the date into Sunday (because it’s the first sunny day). Renato is an anxious person, so he decides to change the party location, choosing an indoor one. All the participants receive the change notification.

3.3 Lovely Lunch

Nichi wasn’t doing fine using “weatherCal” a weather based online calendar, because it does not inform users if the weather forecast of an outdoor event has changed. So he decides to use *MeteoCal*, and after the sign up procedure, he starts to import his previous calendar (the one created with the “weatherCal” software). Then he decides to make his calendar as public, in order to make his friends see if he is busy or not. Two days later he creates a new public event for his birthday, and invites some friends who are *MeteoCal* users for a lunch in a French restaurant .

3.4 Beautiful

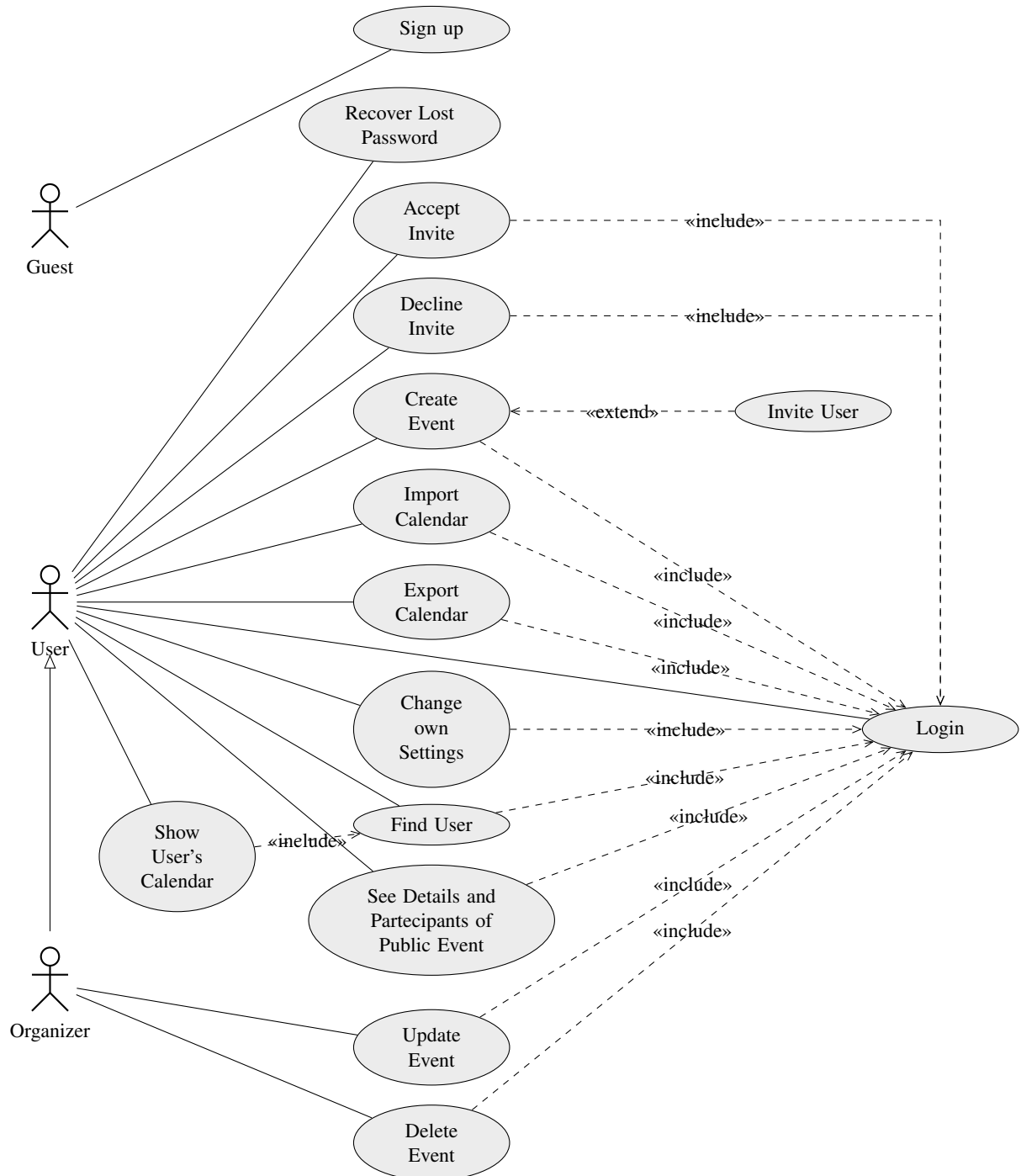
Maria Elena and Matteo are going to get married and they want to create a new event using *MeteoCal* for their marriage party. They create the event and send an invitation to their friends registered to *MeteoCal*. A week later Maria Elena decides to change the date of the party because in that day the place when they wanted to do the party is busy, so she changes the location into “Leopolda Station in Florence” and all the participants receive the notification. Some days later, Maria Elena catches another woman in bed with Matteo, and obviously she cancels the marriage and the party.

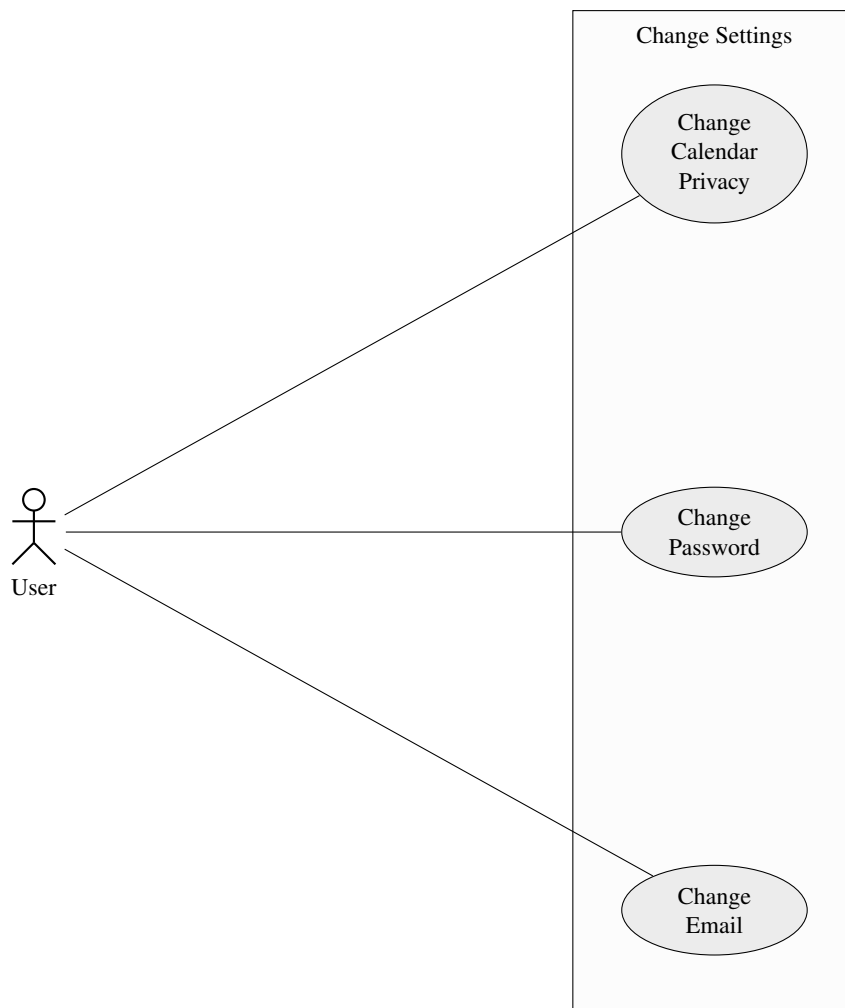
3.5 V-Day

Beppe wants to add GianRoberto (a colleague of his) into his AddressBook, but he doesn’t know whether he is signed up to *MeteoCal*. So he uses the research function of *MeteoCal* inserting the GianRoberto’s email (he had got it written in his papery address book) in order to check it. Once he finds it in *MeteoCal*, he add the contact to his AddressBook from GianRoberto’s page. The next day Beppe, who has an empty Calendar, imports his own Calendar from his PC (which is already filled with his Events) and invites GianRoberto to the “V-Day” Event.

4 UML Models

4.1 Use Case Diagram





SignUp

Description	Guest sign up into the system
Goal	Guest wants to sign up to <i>MeteoCal</i> Application
Actors	Guest

Entry Condition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guest has not already registered • Guest is on HomePage
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Exit Contition	The guest's information is stored into the database system
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Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fulfill sign up's form 2. Click on "Sign Up" 3. The system verifies the inserted email 4. The system shows message of correct results of operation
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Exceptions	<p>Wrong email: email hasn't provider (@provider.com)</p> <p>Email already exist: email is already in the database</p> <p>In each case system shows an error message</p>
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Login

Description	User login into the system
Goal	User wants to use <i>MeteoCal</i> Application
Actors	User
Entry Condition	User is on home page
Exit Contition	User successfully logged into <i>MeteoCal</i> and he is on his personal page

Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user opens the login page of <i>MeteoCal</i> 2. The system show the requested login page 3. The user enters his e-mail address and password in the input form provided 4. The user clicks the button "log in" 5. The system verify inserted credentials 6. The system shows the user's personal page
----------------	--

Exceptions	Wrong credentials: the system displays an error message
------------	--

Event Creation

Description	User creates new event
Goal	User wants to create new event
Actors	User
Entry Condition	User is on his userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully created event

Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The users clicks on "New Event" button 2. The system show the requested event creation page 3. The user enters all requested data in the provided forms 4. The user clicks on "Create" button 5. The system checks timing of event 6. The system checks in the user's calendar that he doesn't has another event at the same time 7. The system send invitations to the existing users 8. The users see conformation message on his userpage
----------------	--

Exceptions	Wrong time or date: the system asks to re-insert data
	Time consistency failed: the system show the relative error message
	No existing user: the system show which email aren't related to registered user

Email Changing

Description	User change his email
Goal	User wants to change email he use for the access to <i>MeteoCall</i>
Actors	User
Entry Condition	User is on UserPage
Exit Contition	User successfully changed his email and see confirmation message on his personal page

Flow of Events	1. The user clicks on "settings"
	2. The system shows the requested settings page
	3. The user fulfills changeEmail form
	4. The user clicks on "change" button
	5. The system verifies the inserted email
	6. The system shows the userpage with a confirmation message

Exceptions	Wrong email: email hasn't provider (@provider.com)
	Email already exist: email is already in the database
	In each case system shows an error message

Accept/Decline Invitation

Description	User accepts or decline the event invitation
Goal	User wants (or not) to participate to the event
Actors	User
Entry Condition	The system has just loaded the userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully added to event participants (or the invite was completely destroyed)
Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The users clicks on “Notifies” button2. The system shows user’s notifies3. The users clicks on selected notify4. The system verifies if the user has another event on the same time5. The system show choosing Page6. The user clicks on “Accept” or “Refuse”7. In case the user has accepted the invite, the system add him to event participant and add the event to his calendar8. In case the user has not accepted the invite, the system removes the invitation9. In each case the user will be redirect to his personal page
Exceptions	User has another event: the system shows a warning notifying the user that if he accept the event, this will be overwritten

Export Calendar

Description	User exports his calendar
Goal	User wants to save own calendar
Actors	User
Entry Condition	The user is on userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully saved his calendar on file
Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The users clicks on “Settings” button2. The system shows the requested settings page3. The users clicks “Export Calendar” button4. The system starts download operation
Exceptions	There are no exceptions

Import Calendar

Description	User imports his calendar
Goal	User wants to use his offline calendar on <i>MeteoCal</i>
Actors	User

Entry Condition	The user is on userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully overwrite his <i>MeteoCal</i> 's calendar with an other of-line one
Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The users clicks on "Settings" button 2. The system shows the requested settings page 3. The users clicks "Choose Offline Calendar" button 4. The browser shows popup windows with user's folders 5. The user chooses a file 6. The user clicks on "Load" button 7. The system starts upload operation 8. The system verifies the correctly structure of the file 9. The system overwrites user's calendar
Exceptions	File not Valid: the system shows an error

Change calendar's privacy

Description	User change his calendar's privacy
Goal	User wants to make his calendar public(private)
Actors	User
Entry Condition	The user is on userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully changes his calendar's privacy
Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The users clicks on "Settings" button 2. The system shows the requested settings page 3. The users clicks "MakePublic" (or "MakePrivate") button 4. The system updates user's info on the database 5. The system reloads settings page
Exceptions	There are no exceptions

Show an user calendar

Description	User watch an other user's calendar
Goal	User wants to see another calendar
Actors	User
Entry Condition	The user is on userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully see another calendar
Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user types email of an other user in the search box 2. The system shows him the user's calendar

Exceptions	No email found: The system shows an error Email found but secret: The system shows an error
------------	--

See Details of Event

Description	User see all details of a public event
Goal	User wants to see all details of a public event
Actors	User
Entry Condition	The user is on any userpage
Exit Contition	User successfully see all detail of a public event

Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The users clicks on name of event he wants to see details 2. The system verifies that the event is public 3. The system shows the event page with all information
----------------	--

Exceptions	Event is Private: the system shows an error
------------	--

Update Event

Description	Organizer update the event that he has created
Goal	Organizer wants to update the event
Actors	Organizer
Entry Condition	Organizer is on the event page
Exit Contition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Organizer successfully modify the event • the participants receive the notification of the update

	1. The organizer click on “Modify” button
	2. The system shows modifyEvent page
	3. The organizer changes the settings he wants to modify as if he is creating new event
	4. When the organizer ended the modify, clicks on “Save Modify” button
Flow of Events	5. The system checks timing of event
	6. The system checks in the user’s calendar that he had not another event at the same time
	7. The system update the event in the database
	8. The system sends a notification with the new info to all participants
	9. The system redirect the organizer on the event page

Exceptions	Wrong time or date: the system asks to re-insert data
	Time consistency failed: the system show the relative error message

Delete Event

Description	Organizer delete the event that he has created
Goal	Organizer wants to delete the event
Actors	Organizer
Entry Condition	Organizer is on the event page
Exit Contition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Organizer successfully delete the event • the participants receive the notification of deletion

	1. The organizer click on “Modify” button
	2. The system shows modifyEvent page
Flow of Events	3. The organizer clicks on “Delete Event” button
	4. The system delete the event in the database
	5. The system sends notification of the deletion to all participants
	6. The system redirect the organizer on his personal page

Exceptions	There is no exceptions
------------	------------------------

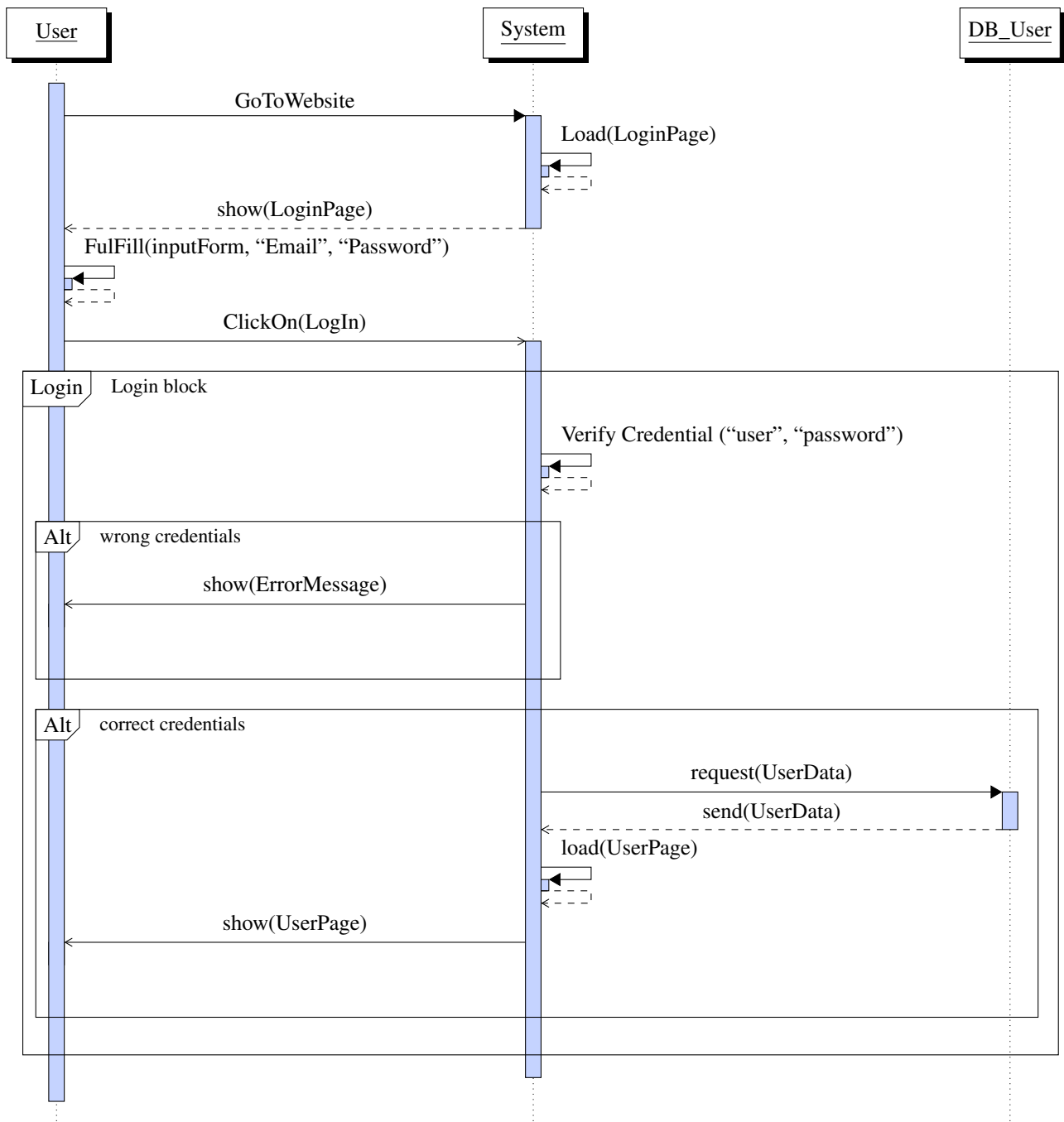
Recover Lost Password

Description	User losts his password
-------------	-------------------------

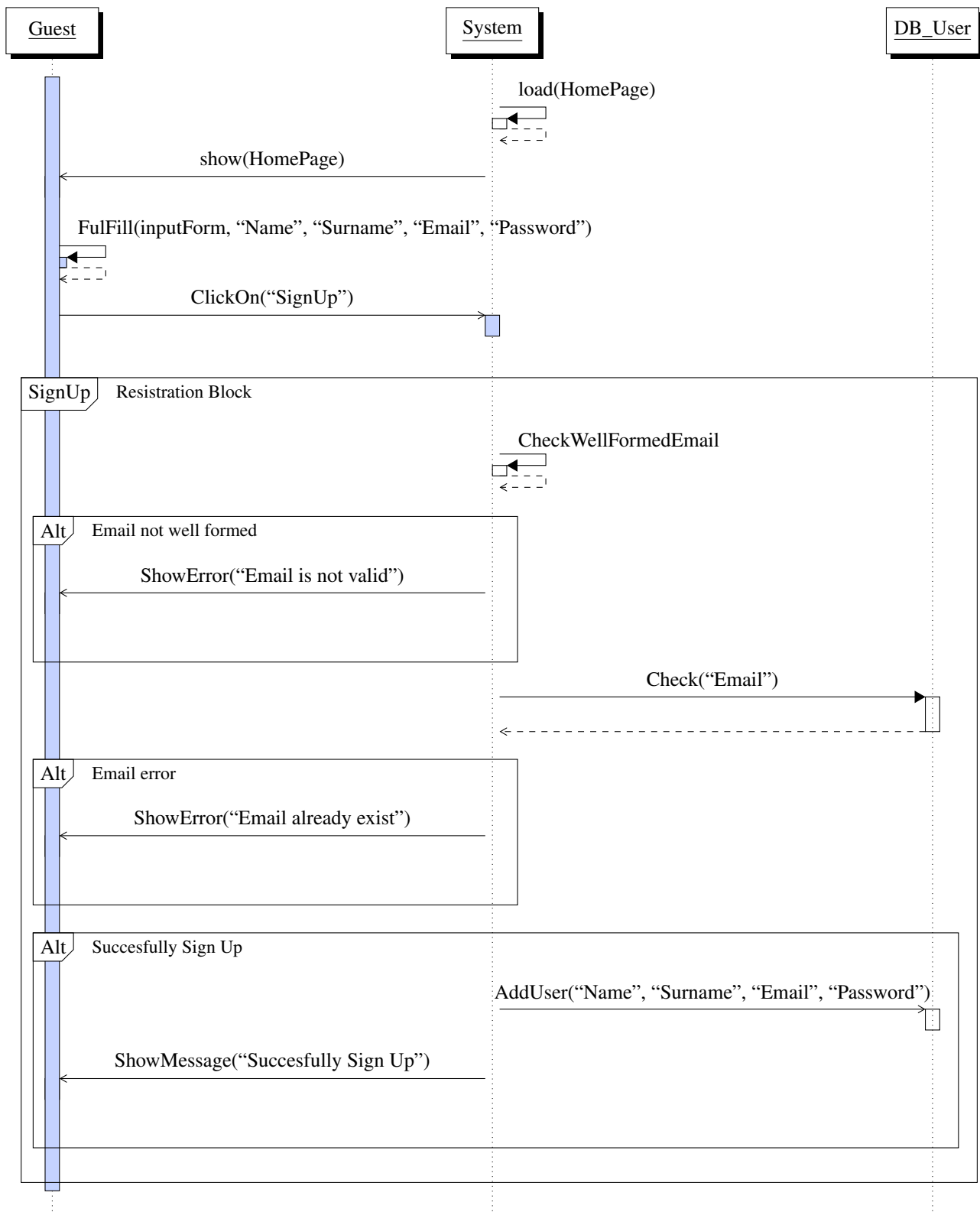
Goal	Guest wants to recover his password to login in <i>MeteoCal</i> Application
Actors	User
Entry Condition	User is on HomePage
Exit Contition	The user has recovered his password
Flow of Events	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user inserts his email in the login form 2. The user clicks on “Lost Password?” button 3. The system sends him an email with a link to change the password (if the email exist in the database) 4. The user clicks on that link 5. The system shows PasswordRecovery page 6. The user inserts a new password in the provided form 7. The user clicks on “Change Password” button 8. The system redirect user on the homepage 9. The system shows message of correct results of operation
Exceptions	Email Not Exist: the system shows an error message

4.2 Sequence Diagram

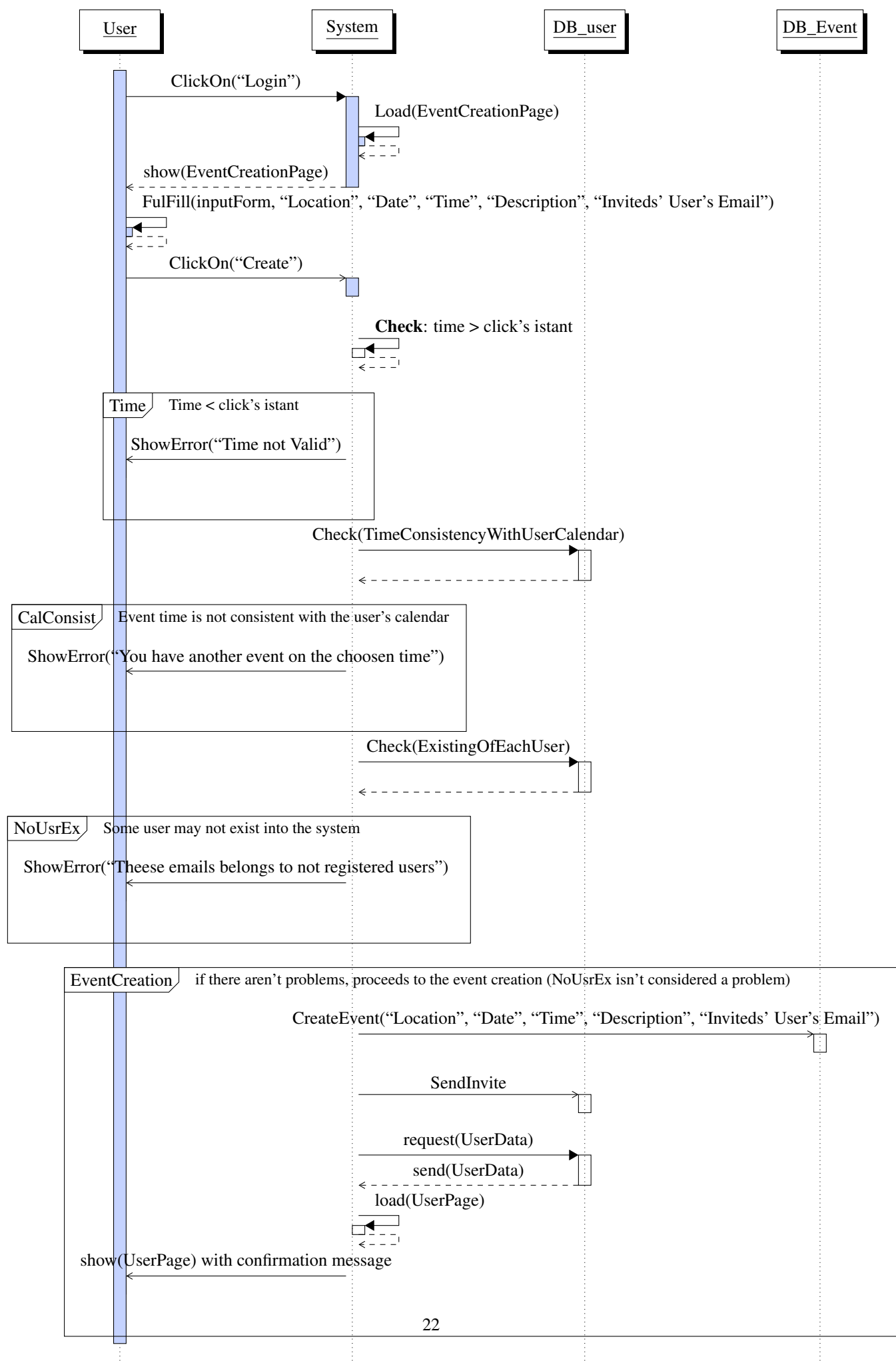
Login



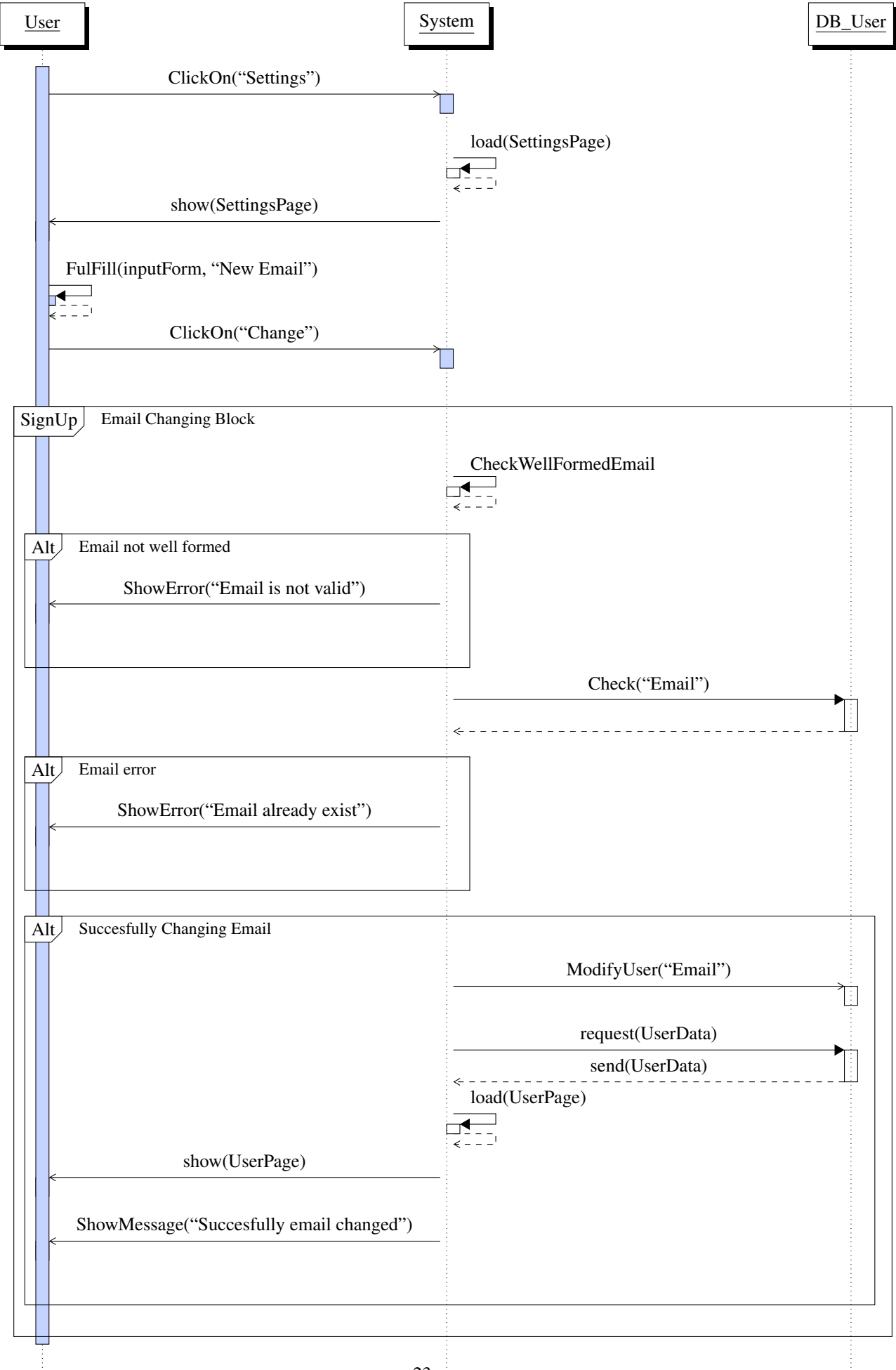
SignUp



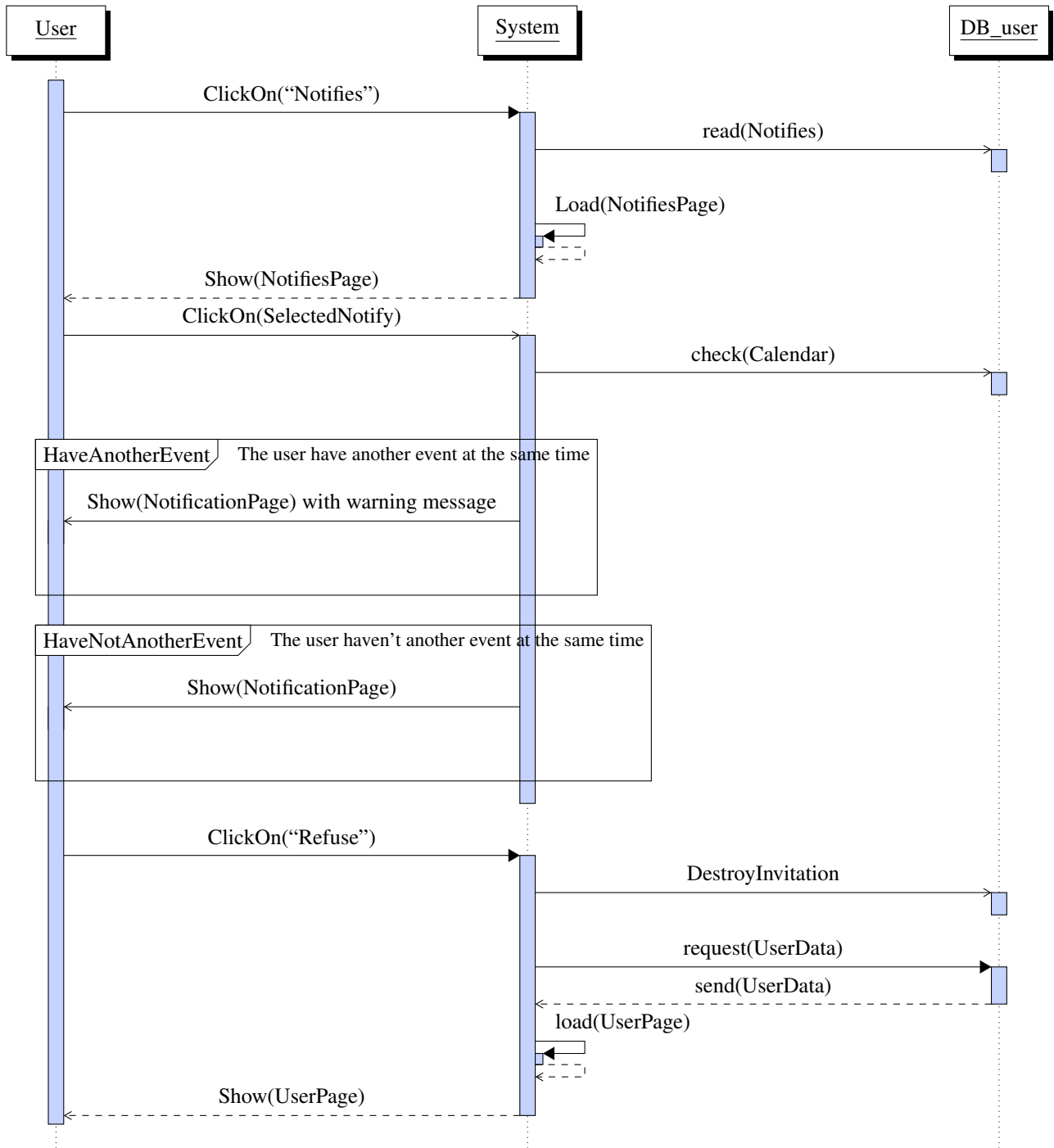
Event Creation



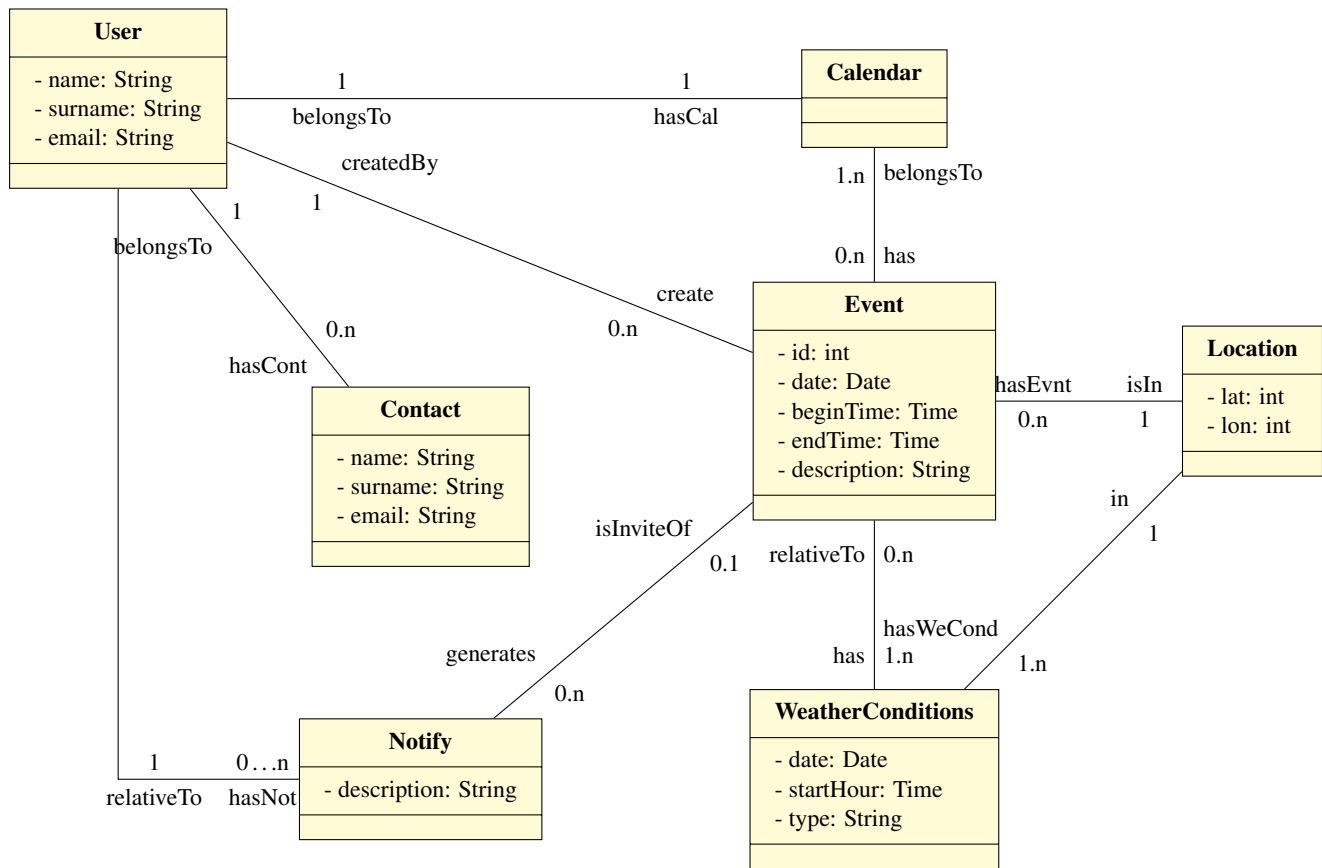
Email Changing



Decline Invitation



4.3 Class Diagram



5 Alloy Modelling

Listing 1: MeteoCal Alloy

```
1 module MeteoCal
2
3
4 sig Date{}
5 sig Text{}
6 sig Email{}
7 sig Loc{}
8 sig ID{}
9
10 //SIGNATURES
11
12 sig User{
13   name: one Text,
14   surname: one Text,
15   email: one Email,
16   hasCal: one Calendar,
17   hasCont: set Contact,
18   hasNot: set Notify
19 }
20
21 sig Calendar{
22   hasEvt: set Event
23 }
24
25 sig Contact{
26   name: one Text,
27   surname: one Text,
28   email: one Email
29 }
30
31 sig Event{
32   id: one ID,
33   date: one Date,
34   beginTime: one Int,
35   endTime: one Int,
36   description: one Text,
37   createdBy: one User,
38   hasWeather: some WeatherConditions,
39   location: one Loc
40 }
41
42 sig Notify{
43   description: one Text,
44   isInviteOf: lone Event
45 }
46
47 sig WeatherConditions{
48   date: one Date,
49   startHour: one Int,
50   type: one Text,
51   location: one Loc
52 }
53 }
54
55
56 fact{
57
58   all e: Event | e.endTime<=23
59   all e: Event | e.beginTime >=0
60   all e: Event | e.endTime>e.beginTime
61
62   all d: Date | some wc: WeatherConditions | wc.date = d
63   all e: Email | one u: User | u.email=e
64
65   all wc: WeatherConditions | wc.startHour>=0 and wc.startHour<=23
```

```

66
67
68 //The ID not exist without Event
69 all i: ID | some e: Event | i=e.id
70
71 //for each event there is ONE weather conditiond every hours
72 all e: Event | #e.hasWeather=e.endTime-e.beginTime
73
74
75 //start hour weather must be inside the event time
76 all e: Event | all wc: WeatherConditions | wc in e.hasWeather implies (wc.
    startHour<e.endTime and wc.startHour>=e.beginTime and wc.date=e.date)
77
78 //for each event there aren't two or more weather condition at the same time
79 all e: Event | all disj wc1,wc2: WeatherConditions | wc1 in e.hasWeather and wc2
    in e.hasWeather implies wc1.startHour != wc2.startHour
80
81
82 //for each weather condition location==event location
83 all e: Event | all wc: WeatherConditions | wc in e.hasWeather implies e.location=
    wc.location
84
85 //in each calendar there aren't two or more event time overlapped
86 all disj e1,e2: Event | all u: User | (e1.date=e2.date and (e1.beginTime<=e2.
    endTime)) implies (e1 not in u.hasCal.hasEvt or e2 not in u.hasCal.hasEvt)
87
88
89 //each calendar must be referred to ONE (and only one) user
90 all c: Calendar | some u: User | u.hasCal = c
91 all u1, u2: User | u1!=u2 <=> u1.hasCal!=u2.hasCal
92
93 //each contact must be referred to at least one user
94 all c: Contact | some u: User | c in u.hasCont
95
96 //each Location must be referred to at least one Weather Condition
97 all l: Loc | some wc: WeatherConditions | wc.location = l
98
99 //for each event creator, he has that event in calendar
100 all e: Event | addEvtToCalendar[e.createdBy.hasCal,e.createdBy.hasCal,e]
101
102 //each user has an event in calendar if and only if he is the creator of that
    event or if he has been invited
103 all e: Event | some u: User | one n: Notify | e in u.hasCal.hasEvt <=> ((n in u.
    hasNot and n.isInviteOf = e) or u=e.createdBy)
104
105 //each notify belongs to one user
106 all n: Notify | all disj u1,u2: User | n in u1.hasNot <=> n not in u2.hasNot
107
108 //each notify to one user isn't referred to the same event
109 all disj n1, n2: Notify | all u: User | n1 in u.hasNot and n2 in u.hasNot implies
    n1.isInviteOf != n2.isInviteOf
110
111 //Event id is unique
112 all disj e1, e2: Event | e1.id != e2.id
113
114 //each user cannot have his email in his contacts list
115 all c: Contact | all u: User | c in u.hasCont implies c.email != u.email
116
117 //each email of a contact exist in the user database
118 all c: Contact | one u: User | c.email = u.email
119
120 //User email is unique
121 all disj c1,c2: Contact | all u: User | c1 in u.hasCont and c2 in u.hasCont
    implies c1.email != c2.email
122
123 //each notify is referred to only one user
124 all n: Notify | one u: User | n in u.hasNot
125
126 //The creator event doesn't receive invite of that event

```

```

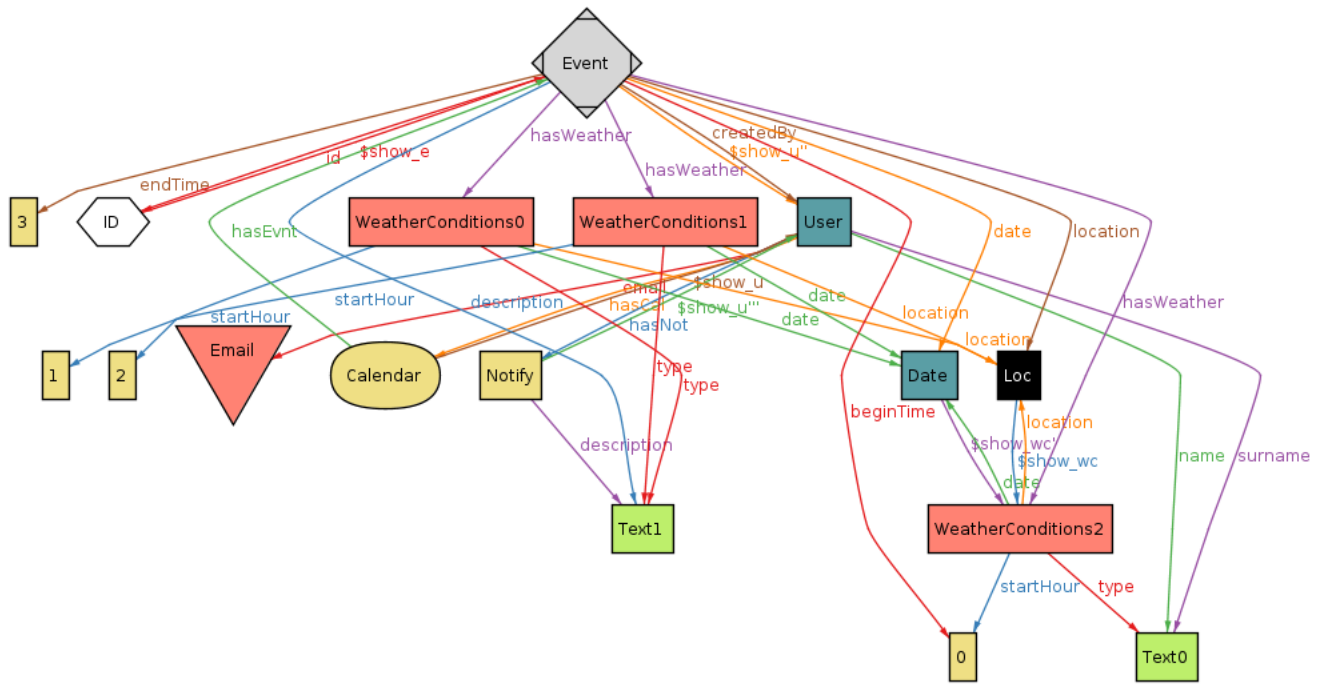
127     all n: Notify | all u: User | n in u.hasNot <=> (u != n.isInviteOf.createdBy)
128
129 }
130
131 pred addEvtToCalendar[c,c': Calendar, e: Event]{
132     c'.hasEvt=c.hasEvt+e
133 }
134
135 pred removeEvtFromCalendar[c,c': Calendar, e: Event]{
136     c'.hasEvt=c.hasEvt-e
137 }
138
139
140 //ASSERTS
141 assert eventInAtLeastOneCalendar{
142     all e: Event | some c: Calendar | e in c.hasEvt
143 }
144 check eventInAtLeastOneCalendar
145
146 assert chkAddEvtToCalendar{
147     all e: Event | all c, c': Calendar |
148         addEvtToCalendar[c, c', e] implies e in c'.hasEvt
149 }
150 check chkAddEvtToCalendar
151
152 assert chkRemoveEvtFromCalendar{
153
154     all e: Event | all c, c': Calendar | (addEvtToCalendar[c,c',e] and
155         removeEvtFromCalendar[c, c', e]) implies c=c'
156 }
157 check chkRemoveEvtFromCalendar
158
159
160 pred showEvtInv(){
161     #Event>0
162     #Notify>0
163 }
164 run showEvtInv for 2
165
166
167 pred showEvtWC(){
168     #Event>0
169 }
170 run showEvtWC
171
172
173 pred showUsrCont(){
174     #Event=0
175 }
176 run showUsrCont for 10
177
178
179 pred show(){
180     #Event>0
181 }
182 run show

```

5.1 Generated World

In this paragraph we report some worlds generated by *Alloy Analyzer* in order to make understand that our model is consistent.

We report below a general world generated, and three asserts verified with the *Alloy Analyzer*. Further specific representations are reported below in order to better understand the characteristics of the model.



Executing "Run show"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 6626 vars. 429 primary vars. 13401 clauses. 38ms.
Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 29ms.

Assert Verification

Executing "Check chkAddEvtToCalendar"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 6723 vars. 438 primary vars. 13589 clauses. 30ms.
 No counterexample found. Assertion may be valid. 2ms.

Executing "Check chkRemoveEvtFromCalendar"

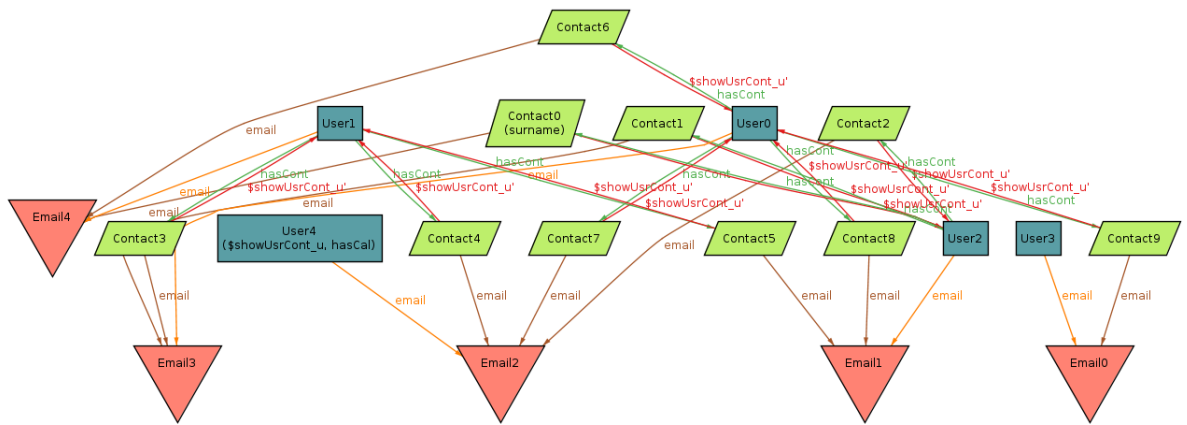
Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 6741 vars. 438 primary vars. 13622 clauses. 42ms.
 No counterexample found. Assertion may be valid. 2ms.

Executing "Check eventInAtLeastOneCalendar"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 6656 vars. 432 primary vars. 13442 clauses. 35ms.
 No counterexample found. Assertion may be valid. 9ms.

5.1.1 Contact World

In this section is reported an example of smaller world about how contacts work.

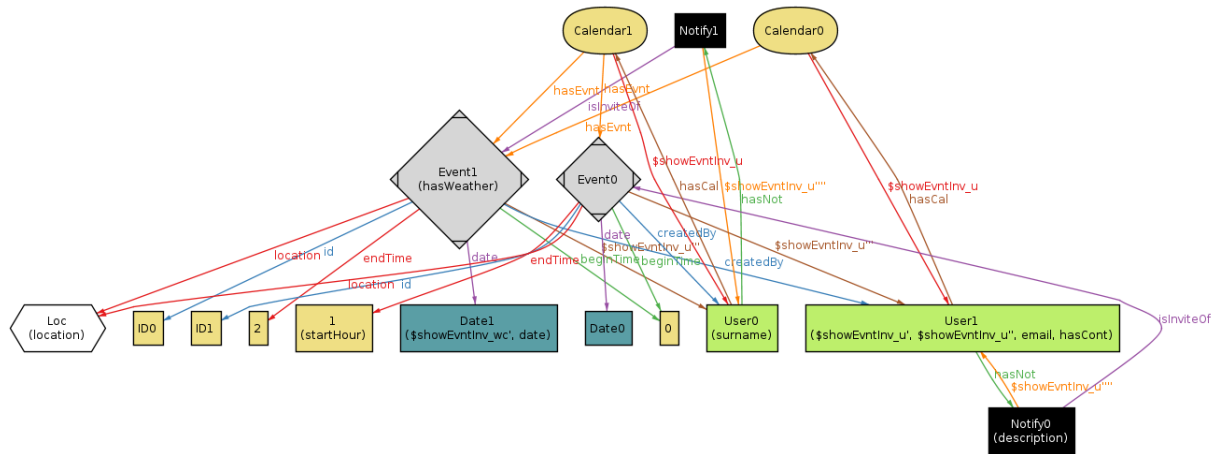


Executing "Run showUsrCont for 10"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=7 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 70709 vars. 3290 primary vars. 140485 clauses. 448ms.
Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 262ms.

5.1.2 Invite World

In this section is reported an example of smaller world about how invite work.

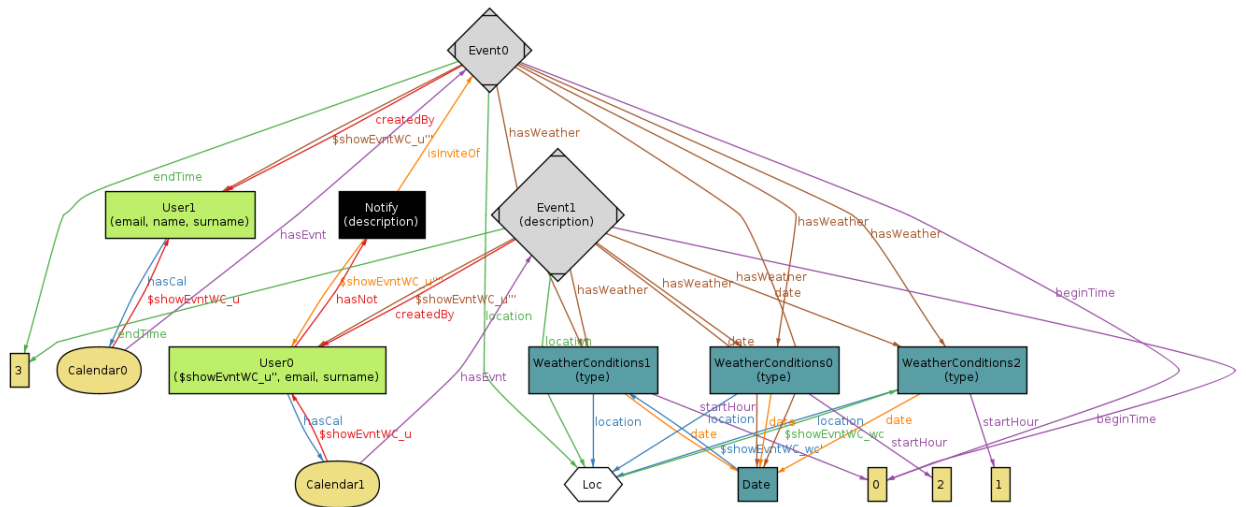


Executing "Run showEvtInv for 2"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=2 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 3129 vars. 230 primary vars. 6466 clauses. 34ms.
Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 17ms.

5.1.3 Weather Conditions World

In this section is reported an example of smaller world about how weather conditions work.



Executing "Run showEvtWC"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20
 6556 vars. 429 primary vars. 13232 clauses. 36ms.
Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 38ms.

6 Working Hours Schedule

	Pensa	Pini	Pintus	h/sect
Problem Analysis	2	2	2	6
Non Functional Requirements	6	3	5	14
Functional Requirements	7	4	3	14
Alloy Specifications	4	9	8	21
h/pers	19	18	18	55