**Trignometry Functions & Random Sampling** In [ ]: import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt np.sin(180) -0.8011526357338304

array([0., 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1., 1.1, 1.2,

1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 2. , 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3. , 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4., 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9, 5., 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 6., 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 7. , 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 8. , 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, 8.9, 9. ,

, 0.09983342, 0.19866933, 0.29552021, 0.38941834,

0.74570521, 0.67546318,

0.47942554, 0.56464247, 0.64421769, 0.71735609, 0.78332691,  $\hbox{\tt 0.84147098,} \quad \hbox{\tt 0.89120736,} \quad \hbox{\tt 0.93203909,} \quad \hbox{\tt 0.96355819,} \quad \hbox{\tt 0.98544973,}$ 0.99749499, 0.9995736, 0.99166481, 0.97384763, 0.94630009,

 $0.59847214, \quad 0.51550137, \quad 0.42737988, \quad 0.33498815, \quad 0.23924933, \quad 0.42737988, \quad 0.33498815, \quad 0.23924933, \quad 0.42737988, \quad 0.42737988, \quad 0.33498815, \quad 0.42737988, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777788, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777988, \quad 0.42777788, \quad 0.42777888, \quad$ 0.14112001, 0.04158066, -0.05837414, -0.15774569, -0.2555411 , -0.35078323, -0.44252044, -0.52983614, -0.61185789, -0.68776616, -0.7568025 , -0.81827711, -0.87157577, -0.91616594, -0.95160207, -0.97753012, -0.993691 , -0.99992326, -0.99616461, -0.98245261, -0.95892427, -0.92581468, -0.88345466, -0.83226744, -0.77276449, -0.70554033, -0.63126664, -0.55068554, -0.46460218, -0.37387666, -0.2794155 , -0.1821625 , -0.0830894 , 0.0168139 , 0.1165492 ,  $0.21511999, \quad 0.31154136, \quad 0.40484992, \quad 0.49411335, \quad 0.57843976,$ 0.6569866 , 0.72896904, 0.79366786, 0.85043662, 0.8987081 ,  $0.93799998, \quad 0.96791967, \quad 0.98816823, \quad 0.99854335, \quad 0.99894134,$ 0.98935825, 0.96988981, 0.94073056, 0.90217183, 0.85459891, 0.79848711, 0.7343971 , 0.66296923, 0.58491719, 0.50102086, 0.41211849, 0.31909836, 0.22288991, 0.12445442, 0.02477543])

0.90929743, 0.86320937, 0.8084964,

Find Trignometry Sin(),Cos() & Tan() Using NumPy

np.cos(180)

In [ ]:

-0.5984600690578582 Out[]:

In [ ]:

np.tan(180)

1.3386902103511544

 $x_{sin} = np.arange(0, 3*np.pi, 0.1)$ 

9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4])

 $y_{sin} = np.sin(x_{sin})$ 

plt.plot(x\_sin, y\_sin)

 $y_{cos} = np.cos(x_{sin})$ plt.plot(x\_sin, y\_cos)

 $y_{tan} = np.tan(x_{sin})$ plt.plot(x\_sin, y\_tan)

import numpy as np import random

np.random.random(1)

np.random.random((3, 3))

np.random.randint(1, 4)

array([[1, 2, 2, 1],

array([[[2, 1, 1, 1],

np.random.seed(10)

array([[[2, 2, 1, 1],

np.random.rand(3)

np.random.rand(3,3)

np.random.randn(3,3)

x = [1, 2, 3, 4]

x = [1, 2, 3, 4]

In [ ]:

Out[ ]: [1, 2, 3, 4]

np.random.permutation(x)

## Scipy.org for further Radom Function

array([2, 4, 1, 3])

np.random.choice(x)

np.random.choice(x)

for i in range(20):

print(np.random.choice(x))

[3, 3, 2, 2], [1, 2, 2, 1], [3, 2, 2, 3]])

array([0.8027798])

Random Sampling With Numpy

array([[0.78412146, 0.26106899, 0.07138804],

## np.random. rand int (values, shape)

np.random.randint(1, 4, (4,4))

np.random.randint(1, 4, (2,4,4))

[1, 1, 3, 2], [3, 2, 3, 2], [1, 3, 2, 3]],

[[3, 2, 2, 3], [2, 3, 3, 1], [3, 1, 3, 2], [1, 3, 2, 2]]])

np.random.randint(1, 4, (2,4,4))

[2, 1, 2, 2], [1, 2, 2, 3], [1, 2, 1, 3]],

[[1, 3, 1, 1], [1, 3, 1, 3], [3, 2, 1, 1], [3, 2, 3, 2]]])

array([0.13145815, 0.41366737, 0.77872881])

array([[0.58390137, 0.18263144, 0.82608225],

array([[-1.58494101, 1.05535316, -1.92657911],

[ 0.69858388, -0.74620143, -0.15662666], [-0.19363594, 1.13912535, 0.36221796]])

[0.10540183, 0.28357668, 0.06556327], [0.05644419, 0.76545582, 0.01178803]])

[0.54579565, 0.92090285, 0.58617832], [0.14585943, 0.44304812, 0.5926764 ]])

plt.show()

80

60

40

20

0

-20

In [ ]:

In [ ]

In [ ]:

Out[ ]: 3

In [ ]:

plt.show()

1.00 0.75 0.50 0.25 0.00 -0.25-0.50-0.75-1.00

plt.show()

1.00

0.50 0.25 0.00 -0.25-0.50-0.75-1.00

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

y\_sin

array([ 0.