This challenge works with a custom-designed markup language HRML. In HRML, each element consists of a starting and ending tag, and there are attributes associated with each tag. Only starting tags can have attribute we can call an attribute by referencing the tag, followed by a tilde, '~' and the name of the attribute. The tags also be nested.

The opening tags follow the format:

```
<tag-name attribute1-name = "value1" attribute2-name = "value2" ...>
```

The closing tags follow the format:

```
</tag-name>
```

The attributes are referenced as:

```
tag1~value
tag1.tag2~name
```

Given the source code in HRML format consisting of N lines, answer Q queries. For each query, print the value the attribute specified. Print "Not Found!" if the attribute does not exist.

Example

Here, tag2 is nested within tag1, so attributes of tag2 are accessed as tag1.tag2~<attribute>. Results of the queries are:

```
Query Value
tag1~value "value"
tag1.tag2.tag3~name "Not Found!"
tag1.tag2.tag3~final "final"
```

Input Format

The first line consists of two space separated integers, N and Q. N specifies the number of lines in the HRML source program. Q specifies the number of queries.

The following N lines consist of either an opening tag with zero or more attributes or a closing tag. There is a space after the tag-name, attribute-name, '=' and value. There is no space after the last value. If there are no attributes there is no space after tag name.

Q queries follow. Each query consists of string that references an attribute in the source program. More formally, each query is of the form tag_{i_1} . tag_{i_2} . tag_{i_3} tag_{i_m} \sim attr-name where m>=1 and tag_{i_1} , tag_{i_2} ... tag_{i_m} are valid tags in the input.

Constraints

- $1 \le N \le 20$
- $1 \le Q \le 20$
- ullet Each line in the source program contains, at most, $200\,\mathrm{characters}.$
- ullet Every reference to the attributes in the Q queries contains at most 200 characters.
- All tag names are unique and the HRML source program is logically correct, i.e. valid nesting.
- A tag can may have no attributes.

Output Format

Print the value of the attribute for each query. Print "Not Found!" without quotes if the attribute does not exist.

Sample Input

```
4 3
<tag1 value = "HelloWorld">
<tag2 name = "Name1">
</tag2>
</tag1>
tag1.tag2~name
tag1~name
tag1~value
```

Sample Output

Name1 Not Found! HelloWorld