

計算機演算法

作業二



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一、作法

- (一) 第一個畫面，輸入總點數後先亂數產生 0~500(受限畫面大小)的點
- (二) 第二個畫面，列出亂數產生的點及把點標示在圖上
- (三) 第三個畫面，點下一步後產生 Convex Hull 的點，列出 Convex Hull 的點，將點連起來

二、程式碼

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;

namespace HW2
{
    public sealed class ConvexHull
    {
        // Returns a new list of points representing the convex hull
        // of
        // the given set of points. The convex hull excludes collinear
        // points.
        // This algorithm runs in O(n log n) time.
        public static IList<Point> MakeHull(IList<Point> points)
        {
            List<Point> newPoints = new List<Point>(points);
            // 排序(小 到 大)
            newPoints.Sort();
            return MakeHullPresorted(newPoints);
        }
        // Returns the convex hull, assuming that each points[i] <=
        // points[i + 1]. Runs in O(n) time.
        public static IList<Point> MakeHullPresorted(IList<Point> points)
        {
            if (points.Count <= 1)
```

```

    {
        return new List<Point>(points);
    }

    // Andrew's monotone chain algorithm. Positive y coordi
nates correspond to "up"
    // as per the mathematical convention, instead of "down
" as per the computer
    // graphics convention. This doesn't affect the correct
ness of the result.

    List<Point> upperHull = new List<Point>();
    foreach (Point p in points)
    {
        while (upperHull.Count >= 2)
        {
            Point q = upperHull[upperHull.Count - 1];
            Point r = upperHull[upperHull.Count - 2];
            if ((q.X - r.X) * (p.Y - r.Y) >= (q.Y - r.Y) *
(p.X - r.X))
            {
                upperHull.RemoveAt(upperHull.Count - 1);
            }
            else
            {
                break;
            }
        }
        upperHull.Add(p);
    }
    upperHull.RemoveAt(upperHull.Count - 1);

    IList<Point> lowerHull = new List<Point>();
    for (int i = points.Count - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        Point p = points[i];
        while (lowerHull.Count >= 2)
        {

```

```

        Point q = lowerHull[lowerHull.Count - 1];
        Point r = lowerHull[lowerHull.Count - 2];
        if ((q.X - r.X) * (p.Y - r.Y) >= (q.Y - r.Y) *
(p.X - r.X))
        {
            lowerHull.RemoveAt(lowerHull.Count - 1);
        }
        else
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    lowerHull.Add(p);
}
lowerHull.RemoveAt(lowerHull.Count - 1);

    if (!(upperHull.Count == 1 && Enumerable.SequenceEqual(
upperHull, lowerHull)))
    {
        upperHull.AddRange(lowerHull);
    }
    return upperHull;
}
}

public class Point : IComparable<Point>
{
    /// <summary>
    /// X 軸
    /// </summary>
    public double X { get; set; }

    /// <summary>
    /// Y 軸
    /// </summary>
    public double Y { get; set; }

    public Point(double x, double y)

```

```

    {
        this.X = x;
        this.Y = y;
    }

    public int CompareTo(Point other)
    {
        if (X < other.X)
        {
            return -1;
        }
        else if (X > other.X)
        {
            return +1;
        }
        else if (Y < other.Y)
        {
            return -1;
        }
        else if (Y > other.Y)
        {
            return +1;
        }
        else
        {
            return 0;
        }
    }
}

```

```

<Window x:Class="HW2.MainWindow"
        xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
        xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
        xmlns:d="http://schemas.microsoft.com/expression/blend/2008"

```

```

        xmlns:mc="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/markup-
compatibility/2006"
        xmlns:local="clr-namespace:HW2"
        mc:Ignorable="d"
        Title="MainWindow" Height="540" Width="960">
<Grid>
    <Frame x:Name="Main" NavigationUIVisibility="Hidden" />
</Grid>
</Window>

```

```

using System.Windows;

namespace HW2
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Interaction logic for MainWindow.xaml
    /// </summary>
    public partial class MainWindow : Window
    {
        public MainWindow()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            Page1 page1 = new Page1();
            Main.Navigate(page1);
        }
    }
}

```

```

<Page x:Class="HW2.Page1"
    xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
    xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
    xmlns:mc="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/markup-
compatibility/2006"
    xmlns:d="http://schemas.microsoft.com/expression/blend/2008"
    xmlns:local="clr-namespace:HW2"
    mc:Ignorable="d"
    d:DesignHeight="540" d:DesignWidth="960"

```

```

        Title="Page1">

        <Grid>
            <StackPanel Orientation="Horizontal" VerticalAlignment="Center" HorizontalAlignment="Center" Height="60">
                <Label x:Name="label" Content="輸入點數"
                    " Margin="0,0,20,0" FontSize="35" HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Center" />
                <TextBox x:Name="textBox" Text="" HorizontalContentAlignment="Center" VerticalContentAlignment="Center" Width="300" FontSize="30"/>
                <Button Content="確認"
                    " Margin="20,0,0,0" Width="80" Click="Button_Click" />
            </StackPanel>
            <Grid x:Name="progressBarGrid" Width="500" Height="40" Margin="0,150,0,0" Visibility="Collapsed">
                <ProgressBar x:Name="progressBar" />
                <TextBlock HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Center" FontSize="20">亂數產生中...</TextBlock>
            </Grid>
        </Grid>
    </Page>

```

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Threading;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows;
using System.Windows.Controls;
using System.Windows.Threading;

namespace HW2
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Page1.xaml 的互動邏輯
    /// </summary>
    public partial class Page1 : Page
    {

```

```

public Page1()
{
    InitializeComponent();
}

private void Button_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    if (textBox.Text != String.Empty)
    {
        int pointTotalNumber = Int32.Parse(textBox.Text);

        // 顯示進度條
        progressBarGrid.Visibility = Visibility.Visible;

        List<Point> points = GenerateRandomPoints(pointTotal
Number);

        // 換頁
        Page2 page2 = new Page2(points);
        this.NavigationService.Navigate(page2);
    }
}

/* 產生點的亂數 */
private List<Point> GenerateRandomPoints(int pointTotalNumbe
r)
{
    var result = new List<Point>();
    Random random = new Random();

    for (int i = 0; i < pointTotalNumber; i++)
    {
        // 進度條
        progressBar.Dispatcher.Invoke(() => progressBar.Valu
e = i / (pointTotalNumber / 100.0), DispatcherPriority.Background);

        // 根據 Canvas 的 Width 跟 Height

```



```

        Point p = new Point(random.Next(0, 500), random.Next
(0, 500));

        result.Add(p);
    }

    return result;
}
}
}

```

```

<Page x:Class="HW2.Page2"
    xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
    xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
    xmlns:mc="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/markup-compatibility/2006"
    xmlns:d="http://schemas.microsoft.com/expression/blend/2008"
    xmlns:local="clr-namespace:HW2"
    mc:Ignorable="d"
    d:DesignHeight="540" d:DesignWidth="960"
    Title="Page2">
    <Grid Height="540" Width="960" HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Center">
        <Grid Height="540" Width="740" HorizontalAlignment="Left" VerticalAlignment="Center">
            <Border BorderBrush="Black" Width="510" Height="510" BorderThickness="2">
                <Canvas x:Name="Main_Canvas" Width="500" Height="500"
                    HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Center"
                    Grid.Column="0" Grid.Row="0"></Canvas>
            </Border>
        </Grid>
        <Grid Height="540" Width="220" HorizontalAlignment="Right" VerticalAlignment="Center">
            <DataGrid x:Name="data" IsReadOnly="True" Height="450" Width="200" Margin="0,20,0,0" AutoGenerateColumns="False"

```

```

        HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment
="Top">
        <DataGrid.Columns>
            <DataGridTextColumn Binding="{Binding X}" Header
="X" Width="*" />
            <DataGridTextColumn Binding="{Binding Y}" Header
="Y" Width="*" />
        </DataGrid.Columns>
    </DataGrid>
    <Button x:Name="buttonNext" Height="30" Width="80" Conte
nt="下一步" HorizontalAlignment="Right" Margin="0,0,15,20"
        VerticalAlignment="Bottom" Click="buttonNext_Cli
ck"/>
    <Button x:Name="buttonReatsrt" Height="30" Width="80" Co
ntent="重新開始" HorizontalAlignment="Right" Margin="0,0,15,20"
        VerticalAlignment="Bottom" Visibility="Collapsed
" Click="buttonReatsrt_Click" />
    </Grid>
</Grid>
</Page>

```

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Windows;
using System.Windows.Controls;
using System.Windows.Shapes;

namespace HW2
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Page2.xaml 的互動邏輯
    /// </summary>
    public partial class Page2 : Page
    {
        public Page2(List<Point> points)
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            data.ItemsSource = points;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    /* Canvas 左上為原點，往右為 x 軸正向，往下為 y 軸正向 */
    // 畫點
    foreach (var i in points)
    {
        // 沒有畫點的功能，使用橢圓產生點
        Ellipse el = new Ellipse();
        el.Height = 2.0;
        el.Width = 2.0;
        el.Fill = System.Windows.Media.Brushes.Red;
        el.Stroke = System.Windows.Media.Brushes.Red;
        el.StrokeThickness = 1;
        Canvas.SetLeft(el, i.X);
        Canvas.SetTop(el, i.Y);

        Main_Canvas.Children.Add(el);
    }
}

private void buttonNext_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs
e)
{
    List<Point> points = (List<Point>)data.ItemsSource;

    // ConvexHull 的點
    IList<Point> actual = ConvexHull.MakeHull(points);
    data.ItemsSource = actual;

    // 畫線
    for (int i = 0; i < actual.Count; i++)
    {
        if (i == actual.Count - 1)
        {
            Line l = new Line();
            l.Stroke = System.Windows.Media.Brushes.Green;
            l.X1 = actual[i].X;
            l.Y1 = actual[i].Y;
            l.X2 = actual[0].X;

```

```

        l.Y2 = actual[0].Y;
        Main_Canvas.Children.Add(l);
    }
    else
    {
        Line l = new Line();
        l.Stroke = System.Windows.Media.Brushes.Green;
        l.X1 = actual[i].X;
        l.Y1 = actual[i].Y;
        l.X2 = actual[i + 1].X;
        l.Y2 = actual[i + 1].Y;
        Main_Canvas.Children.Add(l);
    }
}

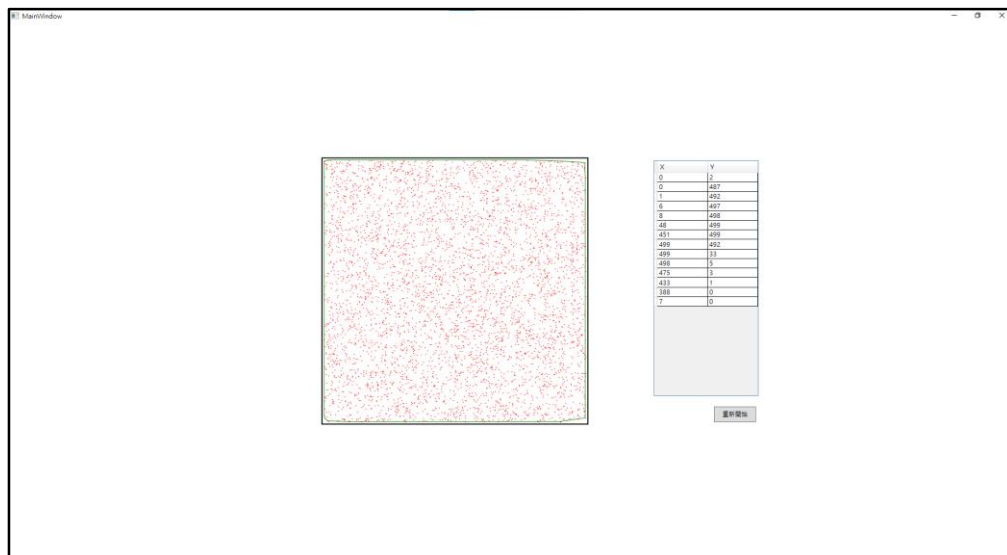
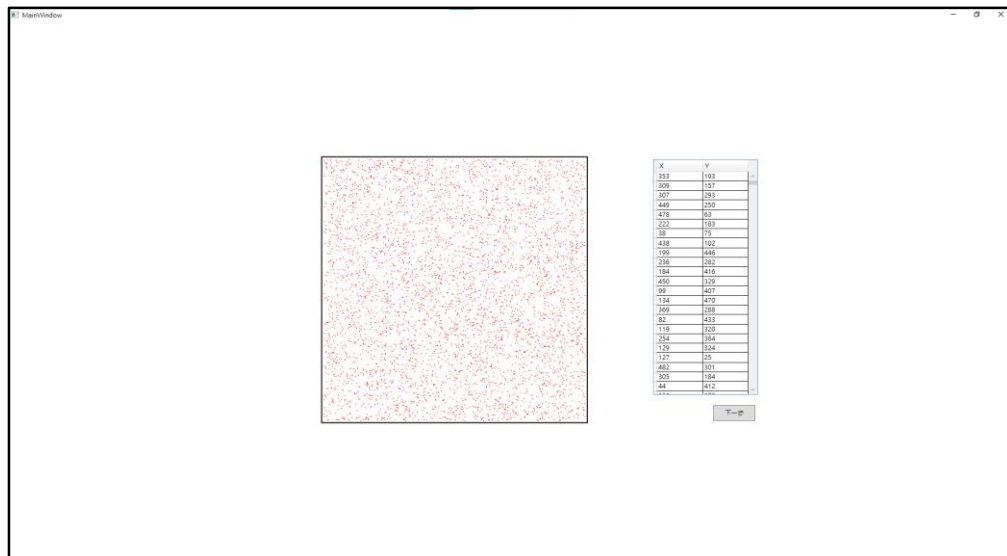
buttonNext.Visibility = Visibility.Collapsed;
buttonReatsrt.Visibility = Visibility.Visible;
}

private void buttonReatsrt_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    Page1 page1 = new Page1();
    this.NavigationService.Navigate(page1);
}
}
}

```

三、執行結果





四、心得

從結果來看，當點越多，圍出來的形狀越接近正方形，而且計算出

Convex Hull 的點所需時間非常的短，甚至比產生亂數的時間還要短。

因為 WPF 的 Canvas 沒有提供畫點的功能，所以用畫圓的方式代替，且

Canvas 是以左上角為原點，跟一般的認知不太一樣，所以剛開始畫圖的時

候點跟線對不起來。