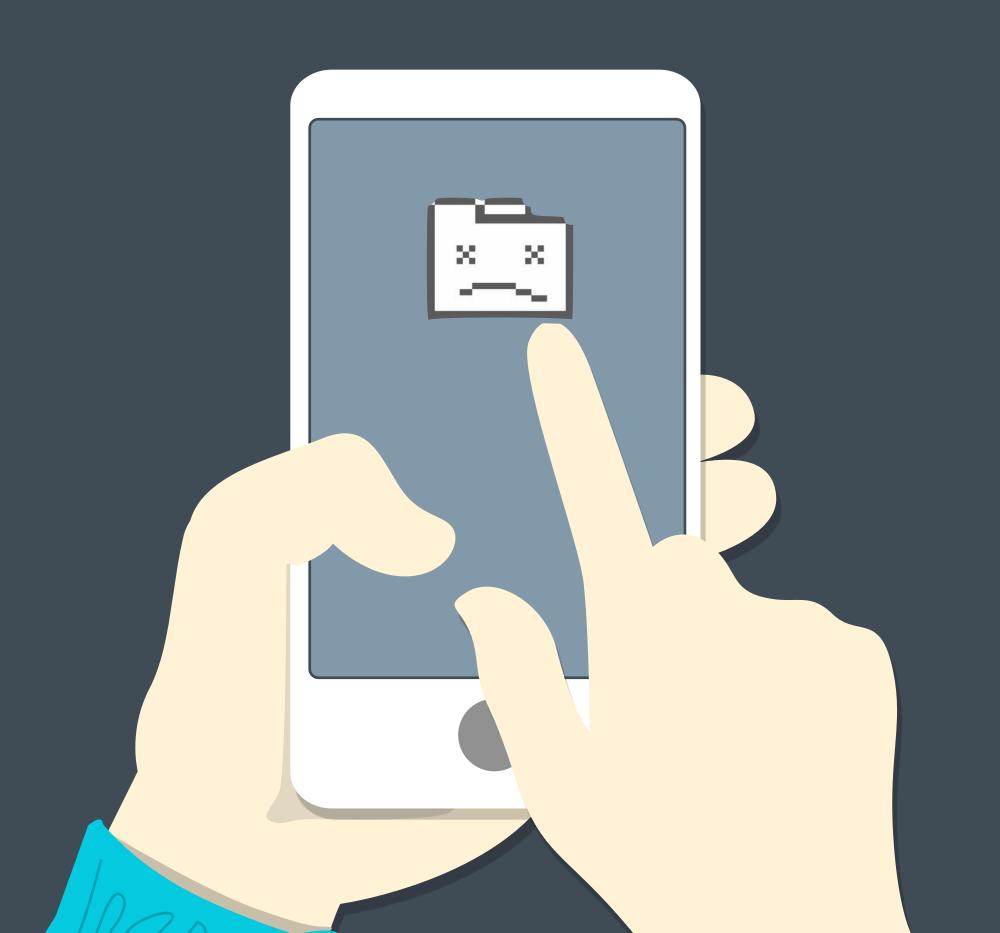


Hunting and Mobile









About us

COSEINC
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Agenda

Browser Bug Hunting and Mobile

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	V			T/I	
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Public vulnerability statistics and notes

Mitigations

Memory Instrumentation

Code Coverage

Fuzzing strategies

Triage

Conclusions

Questions





Motivations

Browser Bug Hunting and Mobile

- Mobile PWN0RAMA, Pwn2Own, PWNFEST contests
- Coordinated Responsible disclosure
- Public Bug bounty programs
- Oday Market
- · It's funny, Increasingly complicated and a competitive world
- Pop all the calcs!



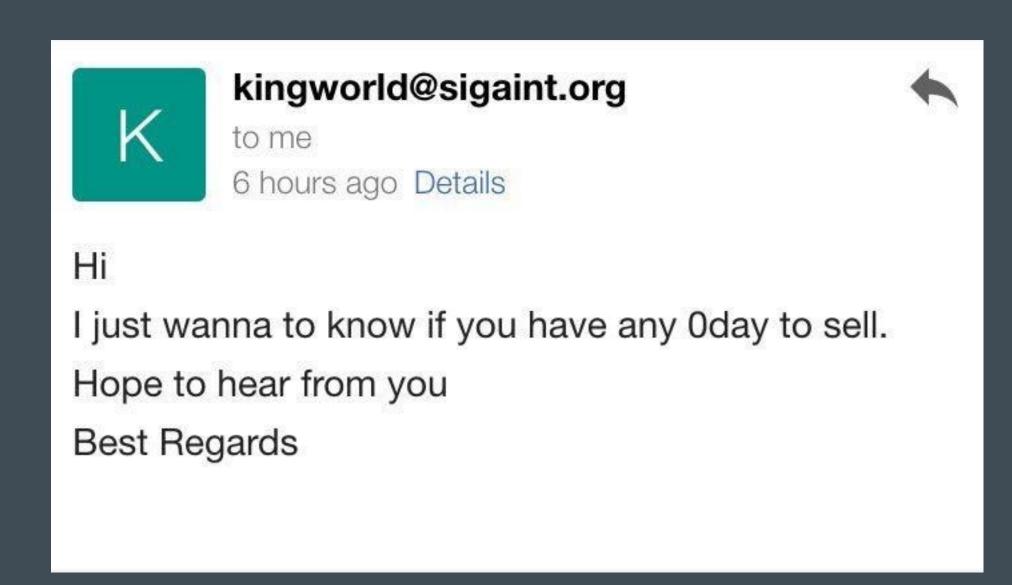






Motivations

Browser Bug Hunting and Mobile





independent broker-dealers



Browser Bug Hunting and Mobile



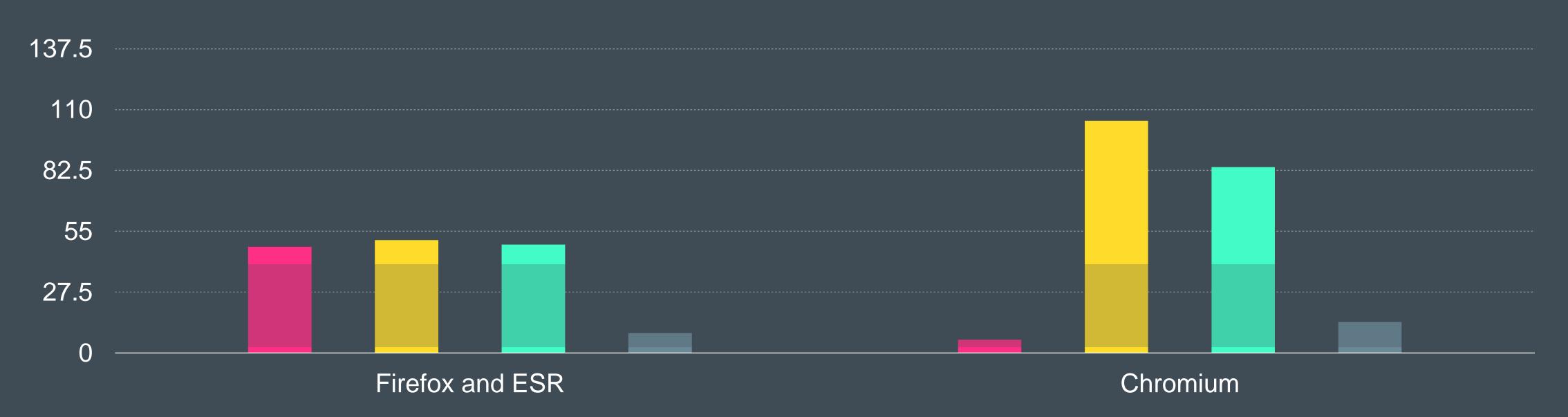
Mozilla:

- •~14,045,424 LOC. C++,C, JavaScript, Rust...
- 3.528 Commits, 373 Contributors, 30 days.
 - · Chromium (Google Chrome)
 - •~14,941,151 LOC. C++, C...
- - 6809 Commits, 817 Contributors, 30 days
 - WebKit
 - •~8,398,258 LOC. C++
 - 1214 Commits, 76 Contributors, 30 days





Browser Bug Hunting and Mobile



2016 (January - October/November, Aprox)

Moderate

Low

High

Critical





Browser Bug Hunting and Mobile

- Chromium: Most bugs reported (even if they use the same CVE identifier come from internal audits)
- Cross third party libraries common bugs: Begin to be uncommon, become more robust. Eg:
- libpng
- jpeglib
- Many bugs stuck in bugzilla for months
- Lots of bugs reported to Mozilla by Chromium Product Security
- Lots of bugs reported to WebKit by Chromium Product Security
- Several Blink committees maintains WebKit too
- Lack of information intentionally, private bug reports, diff required
- CVE-2016-5200: Out of bounds memory access in V8
- CVE-2016-4657: A memory corruption issue was addressed through improved memory handling (NSO)
- Backporting is a mess, Linux distributions rebase Chrome and Firefox







ClusterFuzz Fuzzing at Scale

- App Engine Google Cloud Platform (Fronted)
 - Windows, Linux VMs
- Google Chrome lab (Backend)
 - Android and iOS devices, macOS Servers, GPU Linux
- •> 5.000 24x7 CPU cores
- •> 5.000 bugs in Chromium, >1.200 bugs in ffmpeg
- Hundreds of custom fuzzers testing different APIs
- Several Teams working on different fuzzers (libFuzzer, afl/afl_driver, etc)
- Blink Webkit









- Amazon EC2 VMs
- No public information about VMs/Cores
- Funfuzz: jsfunfuzz and DOMFuzz
- FuzzManager: A fuzzing management tools collection
- CrashManager
- Laniakea: tool for managing EC2 instances at AWS
- Quokka: launch and monitor application for faults
- Dharma: generation-based, context-free grammar fuzzer
- Faulty: fuzzing IPC Protocol Definition Language (IPDL) protocols
- fuzzdata: resources for feeding various fuzzers with input
- Framboise: in-depth testing of WebAPIs (WebVTT, Canvas2D, etc)





Mitigations

Evolution

- VTGuard
- ForceASLR
- AppContainer
- Pool Integrity Checks
- Kernel ASLR
- EMET
- PartitionAlloc
- Java Click-to-Play
- Control Flow Guard
- Isolated Heap
- Memory Protection
- Win32k Access Prevention
- Adobe Flash Isolated Heap
- Adobe Flash Memory Protections

Source: Zero Day Initiative Research

- Hardened JIT Mapping
- iOS Sandbox Hardening
- iPhone 7 New protections





Mitigations

Typical Exploit-Chain

В

Browser

Compromise Render (WebKit/Blink) via HTML, DOM, CSS, SVG, Canvas, JavaScript Engine (JavaScriptCore, v8)

S

Sandbox

Code execution, cookie leak

В

Sandbox Bypass

Code execution out of sandbox, Data Leakage, IPC

P

Privilege Escalation

Kernel, persistence





Mitigations

inter-process communication (IPC) basic rules

- Trust only the browser process
- Do not trust renderer, PPAPI (Pepper API, Flash), or GPU processes
- Sanitize and validate untrustworthy input. Directory traversal attacks, file theft.
- Android: integer types across C++ and Java (safe conversions)
- Information leak of addresses/pointers over the IPC channel (Don't defeat ASLR)





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

- AddressSanitizer
- ThreadSanitizer
- MemorySanitizer
- UndefinedBehaviorSanitizer
- SyzyASan
- PageHeap





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

AddressSanitizer (ASan): Fast memory error detector (slowdown 2x). It consists of a compiler instrumentation module and a run-time library. The tool can detect the following types of bugs:

- Out-of-bounds accesses to heap, stack and globals
- Use-after-free
- Use-after-return
- Use-after-scope
- Double-free, invalid free
- Memory leaks (LSan)

-fsanitize=address





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

ThreadSanitizer (TSan): focuses on concurrency issues. Slowdown 5x-15x, memory overhead 5x-10x

- Data races
- Deadlocks
- Unjoined threads
- C++ and Go

-fsanitize=thread





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

MemorySanitizer (MSan): focuses on contents of memory. Slowdown 3x

- Uninitialized reads
- Origin Tracking
- Use-after-destruction (experimental)

-fsanitize=memory





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

UndefinedBehaviorSanitizer (UBSan): detect various kinds of undefined behavior.

- Using misaligned or null pointer
- Signed integer overflow
- Conversion to, from, or between floating-point types which would overflow the destination
- UBSAN_OPTIONS=halt_on_error=1

-fsanitize=undefined





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

Control Flow Integrity (CFI): detect certain forms of undefined behavior that can potentially allow to subvert the program's control flow. Optimized for performance

- Different subset of schemes
- Require LTO (link-time optimization)

-fsanitize=cfi





Not all memory access errors result in crashes

SafeStack: protects against attacks based on stack buffer overflows. Overhead is less than 0.1%.

- Two distinct regions: safe and unsafe stack
- Part of the Code-Pointer Integrity (CPI) Project
- Some limitations: protection against arbitrary memory write vulnerabilities is probabilistic and relies on randomization and information hiding.

-fsanitize=safe-stack





Code coverage

coverage at a very low cost.

- SanitizerCoverage: it can be used with ASan, LSan, MSan, and UBSan or without Allows to get function-level, basic-block-level, and edge-level
- -fsanitize-coverage=func for function-level coverage, fast.
- -fsanitize-coverage=bb for basic-block-level coverage > to 30% extra slowdown
- -fsanitize-coverage=edge for edge-level coverage. > 40% slowdown Splits all critical edges by introducing new dummy blocks
- -fsanitize-coverage=8bit-counters, to get coverage counters,





- · Google (Chromium, Chromium OS, Chrome/Android) and Mozilla provide public daily ASan builds,
- testing and debugging. Use your own builds
- WebKitGTK+ and WebKit are ASan friendly
- JavaScriptCore: asanUnsafeJSValue, CopyMemory
- It is possible to build WebKit iOS with ASan to use on iPhone Simulator (it is basically x86)
- AddressSanitizer it is NOT a mitigation/hardening. Tor Hardened Browser.. You're doing it wrong.





- •The term "fuzz" or "fuzzing" originates from a 1988 class project, taught by Barton Miller at the University of Wisconsin. —Wikipedia
 - Goal: trigger an application crash or unexpected behaviour
 - Mutation (dumb fuzzing): mutate existing test samples.
 - ·Shuffle, change, erase, insert
- Generation (smart/intelligent fuzzing): define new test samples based on models, templates, RFC or documentation
 - Web IDL, XML Schemas





Smart Generation Fuzzing DOM

Mozilla Firefox Regression bug #1182496 Mitigated by Frame-Poisoning

Every object that is being freed will be replaced with a chosen pattern. Implemented in nsPresArena

Incorrect mParent pointer is pointing into a subtree that's been destroyed.

SVGForeignObjectElement

https://www.w3.org/TR/2011/REC-SVG11-20110816/svg.idl

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <script>
    function tweak(){
      document.body.innerHTML="fuzz"
 </script>
</head>
<body onload="tweak()">
  <svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
    <text>
      <foreignObject requiredFeatures="foo">
        <svg style="position: absolute;"/>
      </foreignObject>
    </text>
  </svg>
</body>
</html>
```





```
==30494==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: use-after-poison on address 0x625000e7eac8 at pc 0x7fa94164e984 bp 0x7fffcc32d220 sp 0x7fffcc32d218
READ of size 8 at 0x625000e7eac8 thread TO (Web Content)
  #0 0x7fa94164e983 in GetParent /builds/slave/m-cen-164-asan-ntly-0000000000/build/src/layout/generic/nsFrame.cpp:5573
  #1 0x7fa94164e983 in nsIFrame::GetContainingBlock() const /builds/slave/m-cen-164-asan-ntly-0000000000/build/src/layout/generic/nsFrame.cpp:5593
  #2 0x7fa941604765 in InitCBReflowState /builds/slave/m-cen-164-asan-ntly-000000000/build/src/layout/generic/nsHTMLReflowState.cpp:466
  #3 0x7fa941604765 in nsHTMLReflowState::Init(nsPresContext*, mozilla::LogicalSize const*, nsMargin const*, nsMargin const*) /builds/slave/m-cen-164-
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: use-after-poison /builds/slave/m-cen-164-asan-ntly-000000000/build/src/layout/generic/nsFrame.cpp:5573 GetParent
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
 =>0x0c4a801c7d50: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 [f7]f7 f7 f7 f7 f7
 0x0c4a801c7d60: f7 f7 f7 f7 f7 f7 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
 Addressable:
                 00
 Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
 Heap left redzone:
                   fa
 Heap right redzone:
                   fb
 Freed heap region:
                   fd
 Stack left redzone:
                   f1
                   f2
 Stack mid redzone:
 Stack right redzone:
                   f3
 Stack partial redzone:
                   f4
                   f5
 Stack after return:
 Stack use after scope:
                   f8
                   f9
 Global redzone:
                   f6
 Global init order:
 Poisoned by user:
                   f7
 Contiguous container OOB:fc
 ASan internal:
==30494==ABORTING
```





Smart Generation, Notes

- Generic, valid for several browsers
- Not all meet specifications, MATHML
- Requires a good infrastructure
- Servers
- · ASan, UBSan... Builds per Browser
- Monitor, crash Manager (dumps)
- Maintenance
- Fairly expensive to maintain
- Too much can go wrong





ECMAScript Engines

- Redefinition: redefine methods, __defineGetter__, __defineSetter__, __lookupGetter__
- ANTLR ANother Tool for Language Recognition/Esprima tool/acorn.js, generates a parser that can build and walk parse trees.
- Testsuite, code snippets, converts to AST (Abstract syntax tree)
- Replace nodes
- Shuffle
- Replace Values
- Not random at all, heuristics are better
- Validate them and test against:
 - v8 (Chromium)
 - JavaScriptCore (Webkit/Safari)
 - SpiderMonkey (Firefox)





Smart Generation, Notes

- Almost Generic, valid for several ECMA Engines
- ASan, UBSan... Builds per Engine
- Does not require too much infrastructure
- They are quite robust in general





LibFuzzer

```
extern "C" int LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput(const uint8_t *Data, size_t Size) {
   myAPI(Data, Size);
   return 0;
}
```

- •It uses LLVM's SanitizerCoverage instrumentation to get in-process coverage-feedback
- Integrated with ASan, MSan, UBsan, LSan
- Fast, no overhead at start-up
- Perfect way to start your own fuzzer
 - Custom Mutators FuzzerInterface.h
 - Different mutators = Different results
 - •LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput: Function metrics





LibFuzzer & expat example

```
clang -std=c++11 -Ilib/ expat_fuzzer.cc -o expat_fuzzer \
     -lfuzzer .libs/libexpat.a
./expat_fuzzer SAMPLES/ -jobs=7 -workers=7 -dict=xml.dict
```

```
==19954==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: heap-buffer-overflow on address 0xf5403a80 at pc 0xf71c1b97 bp 0xffd2a018 sp
READ of size 1 at 0xf5403a80 thread TO
    #0 0xf71c1b96 in little2_toUtf8 lib/xmltok.c:620
   #1 0xf712f08e in poolAppend lib/xmlparse.c:6151
   #2 0xf712f08e in poolStoreString lib/xmlparse.c:6201
   #3 0xf717be65 in doProlog lib/xmlparse.c:4213
   #4 0xf718ea70 in prologProcessor lib/xmlparse.c:3739
   #5 0xf718ea70 in prologInitProcessor lib/xmlparse.c:3556
   #6 0xf71aef91 in XML_ParseBuffer lib/xmlparse.c:1651
   #7 0xf71b0af4 in XML Parse lib/xmlparse.c:1617
   #8 0x80514a6 in processFile xmlwf/xmlfile.c:82
    #9 0x8051f38 in filemap xmlwf/unixfilemap.c:61
   #10 0x80518de in XML_ProcessFile xmlwf/xmlfile.c:238
   #11 0x804b01f in main xmlwf/xmlwf.c:847
   #12 0xf6f7572d in libc start main (/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x1872d)
    #13 0x804bc3b (/opt/expat-afl/bin/xmlwf+0x804bc3b)
0xf5403a80 is located 0 bytes to the right of 2048-byte region [0xf5403280,0xf5403a80)
allocated by thread TO here:
    #0 0xf729619c in __interceptor_malloc (/usr/lib32/libasan.so.1+0x5119c)
   #1 0xf71afdc6 in XML_GetBuffer lib/xmlparse.c:1723
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: heap-buffer-overflow lib/xmltok.c:620 little2_toUtf8
```





LibFuzzer Dictionaries

- Dictionaries FuzzerDictionary.h :
- Automatic
 - Intercepts memcp, strcmp. See FuzzerTracePC.cpp:212
- Manual
 - Token based like XML or magic value like PNG
 - Speed-up fuzzing with valid inputs (avoid large dictionaries)
- ProTip :

Strip symbols, extract .rodata segment from our binary target, extract strings using different encodes and cross references with an rfc, documentation, etc.





LibFuzzer Notes

- Bad Interaction with multithreaded binaries (8bit counters)
- •White/blacklists/"hacks" are needed to avoid "noisy" coverage detection and improve performance. Like in v8 GC events.
 - Not everything is perfect.. but it works great!



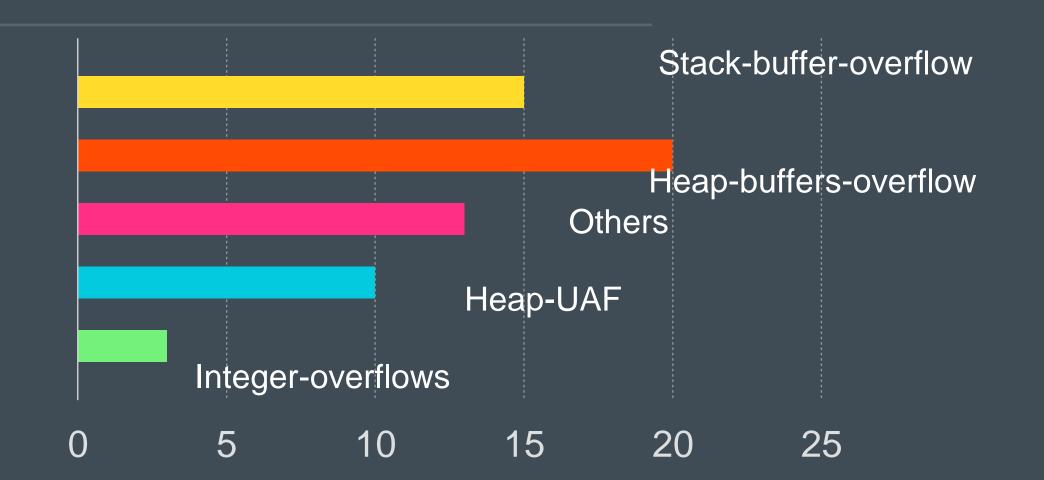


LibFuzzer

json_parser_libfuzzer.cc moz_ipc_libfuzzer.cc moz_worker_s_libfuzzer.cc cairo_surf_libfuzzer.cc graphite2_libfuzzer.cc wasm_libfuzzer.cc regexp_libfuzzer.cc pdfium_icc2_libfuzzer.cc skia_binary_in_libfuzzer.cc skia_api_various_libfuzzer.cc skia_canvas_libfuzzer.cc skia_encoder_libfuzzer.cc skia_path_x_libfuzzer.cc audio_dec_libfuzzer.cc audio_enc_libfuzzer.cc expat_encodes_libfuzzer.cc

libpng_libfuzzer.cc h264_libfuzzer.cc gstreamer_s_libfuzzer.cc freetype_sim_libfuzzer.cc freetype_optimized_libfuzzer.cc wof2_libfuzzer.cc vp8_libfuzzer.cc vp9_libfuzzer.cc libvpx_webm_libfuzzer.cc http_proxy_libfuzzer.cc file_libfuzzer.cc libxml2_libfuzzer.cc cert_various_libfuzzer.cc gl_s_libfuzzer.cc jsc_libfuzzer.cc

v8_ast_libfuzzer.cc



~58 bugs in 30days

> 70 Fuzzers
Not 24x7 HW
Every interesting API in Chromium, Mozilla,
Webkit and APIs from third party libraries





v8 Nov 20 (3 days ago), Fixed Yesterday

```
==3982==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: FPE on unknown address 0x03e800006ebb (pc 0x5568dd4102d6 bp 0x7fffee4a3c30 sp 0x7fffee4a3bf0 T0)
   #0 0x5568dd4102d5 in AddAndSetEntry v8/src/source-position-table.cc:37:9
   #1 0x5568dd4102d5 in v8::internal::SourcePositionTableIterator::Advance() v8/src/source-position-table.cc:178
   #2 0x5568dcacf1c5 in v8::internal::AbstractCode::SourcePosition(int) v8/src/objects.cc:14269:17
   #3 0x5568dc893717 in v8::internal::Isolate::ComputeLocation(v8::internal::MessageLocation*) v8/src/isolate.cc:1501:38
   #4 0x5568dc891066 in v8::internal::Isolate::Throw(v8::internal::Object*, v8::internal::MessageLocation*) v8/src/isolate.cc:1130:29
   #5 0x5568dc752132 in Throw<v8::internal::Object> v8/src/isolate.h:727:5
   #6 0x5568dc752132 in v8::internal::IC::TypeError(v8::internal::MessageTemplate::Template, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Object>,
   #7 0x5568dc755e97 in v8::internal::LoadIC::Load(v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Object>, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Name>)
   #8 0x5568dc77e8a7 in RT impl Runtime LoadIC Miss v8/src/ic/ic.cc:2537:5
   #9 0x5568dc77e8a7 in v8::internal::Runtime LoadIC Miss(int, v8::internal::Object**, v8::internal::Isolate*) v8/src/ic/ic.cc:2519
   #10 0x7fa712b043a6 (<unknown module>)
   #11 0x7fa712c04d43 (<unknown module>)
   #12 0x7fa712b5e4c2 (<unknown module>)
   #13 0x7fa712b27dc0 (<unknown module>)
   #14 0x5568dc468d84 in v8::internal::(anonymous namespace)::Invoke(v8::internal::Isolate*, bool, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Obj
   #15 0x5568dc468563 in v8::internal::Execution::Call(v8::internal::Isolate*, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Object>, v8::internal::
   #16 0x5568db60decf in v8::Script::Run(v8::Local<v8::Context>) v8/src/api.cc:1928:7
   #17 0x5568db5dbd3d in ExecuteString(v8::Isolate*, v8::Local<v8::String>, v8::Local<v8::Value>, bool, bool) v8/samples/shell.cc:353:18
   #18 0x5568db5d9f97 in RunMain(v8::Isolate*, v8::Platform*, int, char**) v8/samples/shell.cc:301:22
   #19 0x5568db5d9686 in main v8/samples/shell.cc:88:14
   #20 0x7fa8824a482f in libc start main (/lib/x86 64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x2082f)
AddressSanitizer can not provide additional info.
```

SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: FPE v8/src/source-position-table.cc:37:9 in AddAndSetEntry





Components: Blink>Loader

```
==1==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: use-after-poison on address 0x7e852fa6eaf8 at pc 0x5646d5342a9d bp 0x7ffe89a318d0 sp 0x7ffe89a318c8
READ of size 8 at 0x7e852fa6eaf8 thread T0 (chrome)
  #0 0x5646d5342a9c in content::WebURLLoaderImpl::Context::OnReceivedResponse(content::ResourceResponseInfo const&) ./out/Release/../../content/child/we
  #1 0x5646ccc253c6 in content::ResourceDispatcher::OnReceivedResponse(int, content::ResourceResponseHead const&) ./out/Release/../../content/child/reso
  #2 0x5646ccc2f8ea in DispatchToMethodImpl<content::ResourceDispatcher *, void (content::ResourceDispatcher::*)(int, const content::ResourceResponseHea
  #3 0x5646ccc2f8ea in DispatchToMethod<content::ResourceDispatcher *, void (content::ResourceDispatcher::*)(int, const content::ResourceResponseHead &)
  #4 0x5646ccc2f8ea in DispatchToMethod<content::ResourceDispatcher, void (content::ResourceDispatcher::*)(int, const content::ResourceResponseHead &),
  #5 0x5646ccc2f8ea in bool IPC::MessageT<ResourceMsg ReceivedResponse Meta, std:: 1::tuple<int, content::ResourceResponseHead>,
Address 0x7e852fa6eaf8 is a wild pointer.
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: use-after-poison (/home/fuzzer/browsers/chrome old/chrome+0x19e3aa9c)
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
 Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
 Addressable:
 Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
 Heap left redzone:
 Freed heap region:
 Stack left redzone:
                   f1
 Stack mid redzone:
                   f2
 Stack right redzone:
                   f3
 Stack after return:
                   f5
                   f8
 Stack use after scope:
 Global redzone:
 Global init order:
                   f6
 Poisoned by user:
                   f7
 Container overflow:
                   fc
 Array cookie:
                   ac
 Intra object redzone:
                   bb
 ASan internal:
                   fe
 Left alloca redzone:
 Right alloca redzone:
```





IPC componente, sec-high fixed in Mozilla Firefox 47

```
==1==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: use-after-poison on address 0x7e852fa6eaf8 at pc 0x5646d5342a9d bp 0x7ffe89a318d0 sp 0x7ffe89a318c8
READ of size 8 at 0x7e852fa6eaf8 thread TO (chrome)
  #0 0x5646d5342a9c in content::WebURLLoaderImpl::Context::OnReceivedResponse(content::ResourceResponseInfo const&) ./out/Release/../../content/child/we
  #1 0x5646ccc253c6 in content::ResourceDispatcher::OnReceivedResponse(int, content::ResourceResponseHead const&) ./out/Release/../../content/child/reso
  #2 0x5646ccc2f8ea in DispatchToMethodImpl<content::ResourceDispatcher *, void (content::ResourceDispatcher::*)(int, const content::ResourceResponseHea
  #3 0x5646ccc2f8ea in DispatchToMethod<content::ResourceDispatcher *, void (content::ResourceDispatcher::*)(int, const content::ResourceResponseHead &)
  #4 0x5646ccc2f8ea in DispatchToMethod<content::ResourceDispatcher, void (content::ResourceDispatcher::*)(int, const content::ResourceResponseHead &),
  #5 0x5646ccc2f8ea in bool IPC::MessageT<ResourceMsg_ReceivedResponse_Meta, std::__1::tuple<int, content::ResourceResponseHead>,
Address 0x7e852fa6eaf8 is a wild pointer.
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: use-after-poison (/home/fuzzer/browsers/chrome_old/chrome+0x19e3aa9c)
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
 Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
 Addressable:
 Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
 Heap left redzone:
 Freed heap region:
                   fd
 Stack left redzone:
                  f1
 Stack mid redzone:
                  f3
 Stack right redzone:
 Stack after return:
 Stack use after scope:
 Global redzone:
 Global init order:
 Poisoned by user:
                   f7
 Container overflow:
                   fc
 Array cookie:
                   ac
 Intra object redzone:
 ASan internal:
 Left alloca redzone:
                   ca
 Right alloca redzone:
                   cb
```





Triage

Crash Metadata

- No line numbers: refactoring, versions
- Useful info: registers, dissassembly
- Symbolize: Ilvm-symbolizer
- Signatures
- •Blacklist known bugs, group by.
- Impact

```
CRASH #11296
Fuzzer: ipc_testing
VM: linux_ubuntu_14_04_lts
ID: 5
Browser: firefox_asan_dailybuild
AddressSanitizer: heap-buffer-overflow READ of size 8
Address: 0x60c000bdcac0
mozilla::dom::PContentParent::OnMessageReceived
mozilla::ipc::MessageChannel::DispatchAsyncMessage
mozilla::ipc::MessageChannel::DispatchMessage
```





Triage

Minimize & Bisect

- Delta debugging: trim useless functions, LOC not needed to reproduce the bug.
- ·lang-based: delete statements, functions and sub-expressions. JSDelta
- ·Line-based: lithium (Mozilla)
- Algorithm-based: Genetic
- •Reducers are Fuzzers: large testcases after being minimized some times trigger new bugs.
- Bisection: finding the patch or commit that introduced or fix a bug
- Specific versions of a library used, last revision





Conclusions

- Mobile Lab for testing is required, Mobile provisioning and automate testing (Frida helps a lot)
 iPhone devices are expensive, but not logic boards, Happy HW Hacking!
- Focus on Small areas, custom buzzers, custom mutators, custom dict
- Be patient
- Stay informed (mailing list, commits monitor, Future Q plans)
- Bugs are expensive because the work is complex and requires be constant
- Race Conditions in Render Process TODO.txt
- Concolic Fuzzers TODO.txt





