

TMSCA MIDDLE SCHOOL MATHEMATICS

TEST#13 ©

MARCH 13, 2021

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

- 1. About this test:
 - A. You will be given 40 minutes to take this test.
 - B. There are 50 problems on this test.
- 2. All answers must be written on the answer sheet/Scantron form/Chatsworth card provided. If you are using an answer sheet be sure to use **BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS**. Clean erasures are necessary for accurate grading on Scantrons and Chatsworth cards.
- 3. If you are using a Chatsworth or Scantron card, please follow the specific instructions given at your particular meet.
- 4. You may write anywhere on the test itself. You must write only answers on the answer sheet.
- 5. You may use additional scratch paper provided by the contest director.
- 6. All problems have **ONE** and **ONLY ONE** correct [BEST] answer. There is a penalty for all incorrect answers.
- 7. Calculators **MAY NOT** be used on this test.
- 8. All problems answered correctly are worth **FIVE** points. **TWO** points will be deducted for all problems answered incorrectly. No points will be added or subtracted for problems not answered.
- 9. In case of ties, percent accuracy will be used as a tie breaker.

TMSCA TMSCA

2020 – 2021 TMSCA Middle School Mathematics Test #13

- 1. 65,810 + 76,827 = _____ (nearest thousand)
- A. 144,000
- B. 143,000
- C. 142,000
- D. 140,000
- E. 141,000

- 2. -91.8 76.44 = (nearest tenth)
- A. -172.2
- B. -166.4
- C. -176.2
- D. -166.2
- E. -168.2

- $3.995 \times 995 =$
- A. 990,125
- B. 991,025
- C. 990,225
- D. 990,025
- E. 991,225

- 4. $100,768 \div (-16) =$
- A. 6,498
- $B_{-6.498}$
- C. -6.298
- D. 6,478
- E. -6.248

- 5. Evaluate $\frac{5}{4}a + \frac{3}{2}b \frac{2}{5}c$ for a = -6, b = -7 and c = 15. A. -3 B. -24 C. 12

- D. -9
- E. -18

- 6. Express the ratio $\frac{7}{20}$ to 7 as a common ratio.
- A. $\frac{1}{10}$

D. $\frac{1}{2}$

- E. $\frac{1}{4}$
- 7. What is the smallest positive integer that can be added to 7,364,116 to make a multiple of 3?
- A. 2

B. 4

C. 1

D. 5

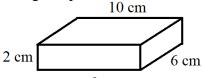
E. 7

- 8. 408 minutes = _____ hours
- A. $5\frac{7}{8}$
- $C. 6\frac{4}{5}$
- D. $6\frac{2}{3}$
- E. $6\frac{1}{3}$

- 9. CCXXXVII + CDLXIX + DCCV = _____ (Arabic number)
- A. 1,267
- B. 1,317
- C. 1,521
- D. 1,371
- E. 1,411

- 10. What is ½% of 260?
- A. 2.6
- B. 0.52
- C. 0.052
- D. 1.3
- E. 5.2

11. What is the total surface area of the rectangular prism?



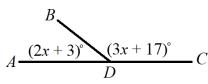
- A. 64 cm²
- B. 124 cm²
- C. 184 cm^2
- D. 120 cm^2
- E. 224 cm^2

- 12. What is the positive difference of 7^2 and 19^2 ?
- A. 312
- B. 354
- C. 347
- D. 332
- E. 318
- 13. The value of 15 quarters and 17 nickels is the same as _____ dimes and 250 pennies.
- A. 24
- B. 17
- C. 16
- D. 19
- E. 21

- 14. How many positive integers are less than 12π ?
- A. 38
- B. 36
- D. 15
- E. 18

- 15. What is the unit rate of spending \$525.36 for 8 items?
- A. \$64.47
- B. \$65.27
- C. \$64.87
- D. \$66.17
- E. \$65.67

16. What is the complement to $\angle BDA$?



- A. 47°
- B. 62°

- E. 39°
- 17. What is the positive difference of the GCF of the numbers 56 and 140 and the LCM of the numbers 320 and 64?
- A. 292
- B. 256
- C. 196
- D. 348
- E. 248
- 18. In how many ways can a student randomly guess a complete set of answers to a four-question multiple choice quiz if there are four answer choices per question?
- A. 64
- B. 16
- C. 128
- D. 512
- E. 256

19. The table below models which of the following functions?

	X	-16	-7	2	23		
	f(x)	-14	-6.5	1	18.5		
_							

- A. $y = \frac{5}{6}x + \frac{1}{4}$ B. $y = \frac{2}{3}x \frac{1}{3}$ C. $y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{4}{5}$ D. $y = \frac{5}{6}x \frac{2}{3}$ E. $y = \frac{4}{3}x \frac{2}{5}$

- 20. A six-sided die is rolled five times. What is the probability the that the die will show an odd number exactly three times?
- A. $\frac{9}{32}$
- B. $\frac{5}{16}$
- C. $\frac{5}{8}$
- D. $\frac{3}{8}$
- E. $\frac{15}{32}$
- 21. 179 is the _____ term of the arithmetic sequence 999, 917, 835, 753,

 A. 12th B. 11th C. 13th D. 15th

- E. 14th

- 22. If $a b = -a^3 + \frac{b^2}{2}$, then what is the value of (-3 8)?

 A 63

 B. 59

 C. 67

- D. 61
- E. 65
- 23. If two prime numbers have a product of 323, what is the sum of these two prime numbers?
- A. 36
- B. 30
- C. 32
- D. 42
- E. 28

- 24. 12³ = _____
- B. 1.258
- C. 1,648
- D. 1,748
- E. 1,728
- 25. ΔXYZ has vertices X(18, 6), Y(4, -9), and Z(-3, 8). If ΔXYZ is dilated by a scale factor of $\frac{4}{5}$, what are the coordinates of point *Y*?
- A. (3.2, -7.2)
- B. (4.8, -9.8)
- C. (4.8, -8.2)
- D. (7.2, -16.2) E. (4, -11.25)

- 26. 217₉ = _____ (base 3)
- A. 21121
- B. 21123
- C. 21113
- D. 20121
- E. 20211

A. 5/6

B. $\frac{2}{3}$

C. 5/6

- D. 3/5
- E. 1/3

- 28. Forty percent of 60% of 300 is equal to what percent of 45% of 200?
- A. 120
- B. 60

- E. 40

29.
$$\overrightarrow{MN}$$
 bisects $\angle LMP$, $m\angle LMN = (7x - 30)^{\circ}$, and $m\angle PMN = (3x + 18)^{\circ}$. Find $m\angle LMP$.

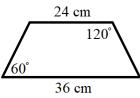
- A. 96°
- B. 108°
- C. 84°
- D. 92°
- E. 106°
- 30. On a number line, the distance from point A to point B is 67 units. Point A has the coordinate of 6. What is the sum of all possible values of point *B*?
- A. 16
- B. 12
- C. 28
- D. 26
- E. 24
- 31. Anhita is planting a rectangular vegetable garden measuring 4×10^3 feet by 6×10^5 feet. Anhita is also planting a flower bed measuring 2×10^4 feet by 8×10^4 feet. How much larger is Anhita's vegetable garden than her flower bed? Answer in scientific notation.
- A. 8×10^8 ft² larger B. 1.4×10^{10} ft² larger C. 6×10^8 ft² larger D. 4×10^{10} ft² larger E. 2×10^8 ft² larger
- 32. A pool float is marked down \$8.64. If this is an 18% decrease, what is the sale price of the pool float?
- A. \$39.36
- B. \$39.76
- C. \$40.16
- D. \$40.26
- E. \$40.46
- 33. Line A passes through the points (22, 24) and (28, 18). Line B passes through the points (15, 17) and (x, 7). If lines *A* and *B* are parallel, what is the value of *x*?
- A. -17
- B. -19

D. 21

- E. 25
- 34. $10^3 = 1,000$. Not including 1,000, how many other 4-digit numbers are also perfect cubes?
- A. 14

- D. 11

35. What is the perimeter of the isosceles trapezoid?



- A. $60 + 12\sqrt{3}$ cm B. $60 + 24\sqrt{3}$ cm
- C. 120 cm
- D. 72 cm
- E. 84 cm

- 36. Solve for a: $\frac{3}{2}(2a b) = 9(a b)$ A $a = \frac{3}{4}b$ B. $a = \frac{5}{4}b$ C. $a = \frac{5}{2}b$

- D. $a = \frac{7}{4}b$
- E. $a = \frac{2}{3}b$

- 37. $0.04\overline{6} =$ (fraction)

- E. $\frac{23}{450}$
- 38. Four consecutive integers sum to 498. What is the median of these four integers?
- A. 132.5
- B. 126.5
- C. 124.5
- D. 130.5
- E. 128.5

39. If $x - \frac{1}{x} = 8$, then what is the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$?

- A. 68

- D. 65
- E. 66

40. What is the product of the roots of the quadratic equation $22x - 16 = 16 - 4x^2$?

A. 0

- B. -8
- C. -4
- D. $-\frac{11}{2}$

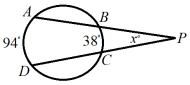
41. $310_9 \div 3_9 =$ (base 10) A. 101 B. 103

- A. 101
- C. 76
- D. 84
- E. 74

42. The roots of the equation $3x^2 - 45x = -150$ are the lengths of the legs of a right triangle. What is the hypotenuse of the right triangle?

- A. $5\sqrt{5}$
- B. $5\sqrt{3}$
- C. $10\sqrt{2}$
- D. $10\sqrt{5}$
- E. $10\sqrt{3}$

43. What is the value of x in the circle, if minor arc $AD = 94^{\circ}$ and minor arc $BC = 38^{\circ}$?



- A. 56
- B. 17

- D. 48
- E. 28

44. Simplify by rationalizing the denominator:

- A. $18 6\sqrt{2}$

- B. $6 2\sqrt{2}$ C. $\frac{3\sqrt{2} + 20}{7}$ D. $\frac{18\sqrt{2} + 20}{7}$ E. $\frac{9\sqrt{2} + 20}{7}$

45. Which of the following is equivalent to log_8 42?

- A. $\log_8 50 \log_8 8$ B. $\log_8 6(\log_8 7)$

- C. $\log_8 14 + \log_8 3$ D. $\log_8 40 + \log_8 2$ E. $\log_8 21^2$

46. What is the equation of the perpendicular bisector of \overline{AB} with endpoints A(3, 6) and B(7, -2)?

A. $y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{3}{2}$ B. $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{3}{2}$ C. $y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$ D. $y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{3}{3}$ E. $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{3}{3}$

47. Which of the following is the solution to the inequality |2x - 7| < 15?

- A. x < -4 or x > 11 B. x < 2 or x > 22 C. -4 < x < 22 D. -4 < x < 11 E. 2 < x < 22

48. $\frac{8x^3 + 28x^2 + 12x}{6x} \cdot \frac{3x}{4x^2 + 2x} =$ A. $\frac{x+3}{2}$ B. $\frac{2}{x+1}$ C. x+3D. x+1

- E. $\frac{x+3}{x+1}$

49. The hypotenuse of a 30-60-90 right triangle is $36\sqrt{3}$ inches. What is the area of the triangle?

- A. $324\sqrt{3} \text{ in}^2$
- B. $486\sqrt{3} \text{ in}^2$ C. $288\sqrt{3} \text{ in}^2$ D. $512\sqrt{3} \text{ in}^2$
- E. $556\sqrt{3} \text{ in}^2$

50. At a local zoo, there are zebras and flamingos. If there are a total of 116 feet and 38 heads, how many more zebras are there than flamingos?

- A. 12
- B. 6

C. 7

- D. 11
- E. 2

2020 – 2021 TMSCA Middle School Mathematics Test #13 Answer Key

1. B	18. E	35. E
2. E	19. D	36. B
3. D	20. B	37. C
4. C	21. B	38. C
5. B	22. B	39. E
6. B	23. A	40. B
7. A	24. E	41. D
8. C	25. A	42. A
9. E	26. D	43. E
10. D	27. E	44. E
11. C	28. D	45. C
12. A	29. B	46. C
13. E	30. B	47. D
14. C	31. A	48. C
15. E	32. A	49. B
16. C	33. E	50. E
17. A	34. D	

- 10. $\frac{1}{2}$ % of 260 = 0.005(260) = 1.3
- 14. $12\pi \approx 37.69$ This means there are 37 positive integers less than 12π .
- 18. There are $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = 256$ different ways of answering the multiple-choice quiz.
- 25. $\triangle XYZ$ has vertices X(18, 6), Y(4, -9), and Z(-3, 8). If $\triangle XYZ$ is dilated by a scale factor of $\frac{4}{5}$, then the coordinates of point Y are $\left(\frac{4}{5}(4), \frac{4}{5}(-9)\right) = \left(\frac{16}{5}, \frac{-36}{5}\right) = (3.2, -7.2)$.
- 29. If \overrightarrow{MN} bisects $\angle LMP$, then $m\angle LMN = m\angle PMN$. Therefore, 7x 30 = 3x + 18. Subtracting 3x from both sides gives us 4x 30 = 18. Adding 30 to both sides gives us 4x = 48, which means x = 12. Substituting 12 for x in $m\angle LMN = (7x 30)^\circ$, gives us 7(12) 30 = 84 30 = 54. Therefore, $m\angle LMP = 2(54) = 108^\circ$.
- 30. On a number line, the distance from point A to point B is 67 units. Point A has the coordinate of 6. The possible values of B are then 6 + 67 = 73 and 6 67 = -61. The sum of these values is 73 + (-61) = 12.
- 34. We know that $10^3 = 1,000$. We can narrow our search by finding 20^3 , which equals 8,000. We can continue and see that, $21^3 = 9,261$ and $22^3 = 10,648$. So, we see that we will have 11^3 , 12^3 , 13^3 , 14^3 , 15^3 , 16^3 , 17^3 , 18^3 , 19^3 , 20^3 , and 21^3 all equal to a 4-digit number. So, there are 11 numbers other than 1,000 that are 4-digit perfect cubes.
- 38. Four consecutive integers can be represented by x, x + 1, x + 2, x + 3. We use this to make the equation x + x + 1 + x + 2 + x + 3 = 4x + 6 = 498. Subtract 6 and then divide by 4 to the equation and we get x = 123. So, the four consecutive integers are 123, 124, 125, and 126. The median of the integers is then $\frac{124+125}{2} = 124.5$.
- 39. Given $x \frac{1}{x} = 8$, we must square both sides. $\left(x \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = 8^2$, which becomes $x^2 \frac{x}{x} \frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} = x^2 2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 64$. Adding 2 to both sides gives us $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 66$.
- 40. The standard form of a quadratic equation is $0 = Ax^2 + Bx + C$. To find the product of the roots, use $\frac{C}{A}$. We are given the equation $22x 16 = 16 4x^2$, which will be $4x^2 + 22x 32 = 0$ in standard form. Therefore, the product of the roots is then $\frac{-32}{4} = -8$.
- 47. To solve |2x 7| < 15, we must create two inequalities, 2x 7 < 15 and 2x 7 > -15. To solve each, add 7 to both sides and then divide by 2. This will give us x < 11 and x > -4. The two inequality statements can be combined to form the compound inequality -4 < x < 11.

$$48. \frac{8x^3 + 28x^2 + 12x}{6x} \cdot \frac{3x}{4x^2 + 2x} = \frac{4x(2x+1)(x+3)}{6x} \cdot \frac{3x}{2x(2x+1)} = \frac{12x^2(2x+1)(x+3)}{12x^2(2x+1)} = x + 3.$$