

TMSCA MIDDLE SCHOOL MATHEMATICS

TEST#9 ©

JANUARY 30, 2021

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

- 1. About this test:
 - A. You will be given 40 minutes to take this test.
 - B. There are 50 problems on this test.
- 2. All answers must be written on the answer sheet/Scantron form/Chatsworth card provided. If you are using an answer sheet be sure to use **BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS**. Clean erasures are necessary for accurate grading on Scantrons and Chatsworth cards.
- 3. If you are using a Chatsworth or Scantron card, please follow the specific instructions given at your particular meet.
- 4. You may write anywhere on the test itself. You must write only answers on the answer sheet.
- 5. You may use additional scratch paper provided by the contest director.
- 6. All problems have **ONE** and **ONLY ONE** correct [BEST] answer. There is a penalty for all incorrect answers.
- 7. Calculators **MAY NOT** be used on this test.
- 8. All problems answered correctly are worth **FIVE** points. **TWO** points will be deducted for all problems answered incorrectly. No points will be added or subtracted for problems not answered.
- 9. In case of ties, percent accuracy will be used as a tie breaker.

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1.
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{2} + \frac{3}{5} =$$

- A. $4\frac{17}{20}$ B. $4\frac{3}{4}$
- C. $4\frac{11}{20}$
- D. $4\frac{7}{20}$ E. $4\frac{7}{10}$

- C. 8,000
- D. 7,900
- E. 7,700

- B. 991.080
- C. 991,008
- D. 991,118
- E. 991,800

4.
$$428 \div \frac{2}{3} =$$
A. 652
B. 6

- C. 628
- D. 662
- E. 642

5. If
$$A = 237$$
, $B = 112$, and $C = 42$, then $A + B - C =$ (Roman numeral)

- A. CCCXII
- B. CCCIX
- C. CCCVII
- D. CCXCVII
- E. CDVII

- A. 262
- B. 222
- C. 234
- D. 212
- E. 266

- 7. 112 is 16% of what number?
- A. 710
- B. 720
- C. 700
- D. 680
- E. 780

8. Simplify:
$$(8 - w) - (4 - w)$$

- A. 4 w
- B. 4 + w
- C. 12 + w
- D. 4 + 2w
- E. 4

9. Evaluate
$$\frac{3}{4}a + \frac{1}{2}b - \frac{5}{6}c$$
 for $a = 36$, $b = -28$ and $c = 48$.

- A. -27
- B. -18
- C. 12
- D. -9
- E. -45

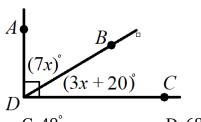
10. $\sqrt{3750}$ lies between which two integers?

- A. 58 and 59
- B. 59 and 60
- C. 60 and 61
- D. 61 and 62
- E. 62 and 63

11. How many numbers are there between 11 and 103, inclusive?

- A. 92
- B. 91
- C. 90
- D. 93
- E. 94

12. What is the measure of $\angle BDC$ in the picture below?



- A. 16°
- B. 32°
- C. 49°
- D. 68°
- E. 41°

13.
$$5^2 - 4^2 + 3^2 - 2^2 + 1^2 =$$

- A. 17
- C. 13
- D. 11
- E. 19

14. 3.5 quarts = _____ pints A. 14 B. 7

- A. 14

- C. 28
- D. 1.75
- E. 17.5

15. What is the sum of all the reciprocals of the factors of 14?

A. $\frac{5}{7}$

- D. $1\frac{2}{5}$
- E. $1\frac{5}{24}$

16. Express the ratio $\frac{1}{5}$ to 2 as a common fraction.

17. It is exactly 10:55 am on a 12-hour clock. What time will it be in exactly 3 hours 22 minutes?

- A. 2:23 pm
- B. 2:13 pm
- C. 2:17 pm
- D. 2:27 pm
- E. 1:57 pm

18. What is the sum of the digits of the sum of 1,782 + 836 + 3,929?

- A. 22
- B. 21
- C. 25
- D. 23
- E. 24

19. What is the probability of rolling a pair of dice and getting a sum of 10 facing up?

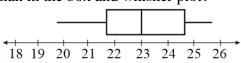
A. $\frac{1}{6}$

- D. $\frac{1}{12}$
- E. $\frac{1}{4}$

20. The angles in a triangle are in a ratio of 2:4:9. What is the measure of the largest angle?

- A. 126°
- B. 128°
- C. 118°
- D. 106°
- E. 108°

21. What is twice the value of the median in the box and whisker plot?



- A. 49.5
- B. 46
- C. 43.6
- D. 50
- E. 44

22. Simplify: 19 + (-89) - 55 - (-36) A. -89 B. -87

- C. 17
- D. -161
- E. 51

23. What is the 16^{th} term of the arithmetic sequence -17, -9, -1, ...?

A. 91

- C. 103
- D. 105
- E. 107

24. A human heart can beat $1\frac{1}{3}$ beats per second. How many beats can a human heart beat in one hour? Answer in scientific notation.

- A. 8×10^{1}
- B. 8×10^{3}
- C. 4.8×10^6
- D. 4.8×10^{3}
- E. 1.92×10^3

25. An employee's salary increased by \$7,560, which represents an 18% raise. What is the employee's new salary?

- A. \$49,280
- B. \$49,140
- C. \$49,320
- D. \$49,560
- E. \$49,720

26. Merina walked by 12 equally spaced fence posts at her ranch. It took her 3 seconds to walk from the first post to the second, 4 seconds to walk form the second post to the third, and so on, with each time increasing by 1 second as she slowed down. How long did it take Merina to walk from the first post to the last?

- A. 1 min 18 sec
- B. 1 min 28 sec
- C. 1 min 32 sec
- D. 1 min 42 sec
- E. 1 min 39 sec

27. What value makes the equation $\frac{3}{4}(8x-1) = \frac{3}{2}(4-2x)$ true?

- A. 0.75
- B. 0.25
- C. 0.5
- D. 0.125
- E. 0.375

28. 176 ft/sec = _____ mi/hr

- A. 150
- B. 120
- C. 90
- D. 140
- E. 135

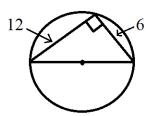
29. Point *C* is the midpoint of \overline{AB} , with *A* having coordinates (18, 34) and *B* having coordinates (-14, 24). If \overline{AB} is extended to point *D* with coordinates (50, 44), what are the coordinates of the midpoint of \overline{CD} ?

- A. (24, 33.5)
- B. (34, 39)
- C. (28, 34.5)
- D. (34, 33.5)
- E. (26, 36.5)

30. 134₁₄ = _____ (base 10)

- A. 236
- B. 234
- C. 232
- D. 240
- E. 242

31. What is the radius of the circle below?



- A. $3\sqrt{5}$
- B. $8\sqrt{5}$
- C. $4\sqrt{5}$
- D. $6\sqrt{5}$
- E. $2\sqrt{5}$

32. If $f(x) = 4x^2 - 7x$, then what is the value of f(-3)?

- A. 45
- B. 15
- C. 57

- D. 148
- E. -15

 $33. \ 9^{\frac{3}{2}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- A. 13.5
- B. 81

- C. 18
- D. 27
- E. $3\sqrt[3]{3}$

34. What is the axis of symmetry for the graph of the quadratic equation $y = -2x^2 + 4 - 8x$?

- A. x = -2
- B. x = -1
- C. x = 1
- D. $x = \frac{1}{2}$
- E. $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

35. Line *A* passes through the points (14, 16) and (2, 8). Line *B* passes through the points (5, 11) and (x, 3). If lines *A* and *B* are parallel, what is the value of x?

A. 9

- B. -3
- C. 13

- D. **-9**
- E. -7

36. Find the value of $8 \otimes -5$, if $x \otimes y = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{y}$.

- A. 0.475
- B. 0.525
- C. 0.575
- D. 0.450
- E. 0.625

37. A regular polygon has an exterior angle measure of 72°. How many sides does the polygon have?

A. 6

B. 8

C. /

D. 12

E. 5

38. How many permutations can be made from seven objects taken four at a time?

- A. 840
- B. 35

C. 70

- D. 910
- E. 210

39. If 3 widgets are equal to 7 betas and 1 beta is equal to 8 cons, how many widgets are equal to 112 cons?

- A. 14
- B. 12
- C. 4

D. 6

E. 8

40. On a number line, the distance from point A to point B is 37 units. Point A has the coordinate of -14. What is the sum of all possible value of *B*?

A. 51

B. 23

- C. -28
- D. -23
- E. -16

41. The geometric mean of a and b is $8\sqrt{3}$. If a = 8, what is the value of b?

- A. $\sqrt{3}$

- C. $16\sqrt{3} 8$

E. 48

E. -52

43. What is the area of a triangle with vertices located at (-5,5), (5,-4), and (-8,-2)? A. 51.5 units^2 B. 49.5 units^2 C. 50.5 units^2 D. 47.5 units^2

- E. 48.5 units²

44. $131_4 \times 20_4 =$ B. 143 (base 10)

- C. 142
- D. 164
- E. 232

45. The two points (12, -4) and (6, -10) lie on the same line. Which of the following points also lies on the same line?

- A. (-7, -23)
- B. (-6, -24)
- C. (20, 6)
- D. (22, 8)
- E. (31, 17)

46. What is the decay rate of the exponential decay function $y = 1.6 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^x$?

- A. 60%
- B. 80%
- C. 20%
- E. 10%

47. A square and a regular heptagon each have the same side length. If the perimeter of the heptagon is 84 units, what is the measure of the diagonal of the square?

- A. 14 units
- B. $14\sqrt{2}$ units
- C. $16\sqrt{2}$ units
- D. 12 units
- E. $12\sqrt{2}$ units

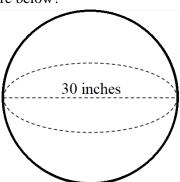
48. Rewrite $log_4 256 = 4$ in exponential form.

- A. $4^4 = 256$
- B. 4(4) = 256
- $C. 2^2 = 256$
- D. $4(4)^4 = 256$
- E. $2(4)^2 = 256$

49. You would multiply $\frac{3}{4+\sqrt{3}}$ by which of the following to rationalize the denominator?

- C. $\frac{4+\sqrt{3}}{4+\sqrt{3}}$
- D. $\frac{4-\sqrt{3}}{4-\sqrt{2}}$
- E. $\frac{4+\sqrt{3}}{4-\sqrt{3}}$

50. If $\pi = 3$, what is the volume of the sphere below?



- A. $13,500 \text{ in}^3$
- B. 2,700 in³
- C. $1,200 \text{ in}^3$
- D. 36,000 in³
- E. 900 in³

$2020-2021\ TMSCA$ Middle School Mathematics Test #9 Answer Key

1. A	18. A	35. E
2. E	19. D	36. B
3. C	20. E	37. E
4. E	21. B	38. A
5. C	22. A	39. D
6. B	23. C	40. C
7. C	24. D	41. B
8. E	25. D	42. B
9. A	26. B	43. E
10. D	27. A	44. E
11. D	28. B	45. A
12. E	29. E	46. C
13. B	30. E	47. E
14. B	31. A	48. A
15. C	32. C	49. D
16. E	33. D	50. A
17. C	34. A	

13. The alternating sum of n^2 numbers is equal to $n^2 - (n-1)^2 + \dots + 3^2 - 2^2 + 1^2 = 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n$. Therefore, $5^2 - 4^2 + 3^2 - 2^2 + 1^2 = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 = 15$.

$$22.19 + (-89) - 55 - (-36) = 19 - 89 - 55 + 36 = -70 - 55 + 36 = -125 + 36 = -89.$$

- 23. The formula to find the n^{th} term of an arithmetic sequence is $a_n = a_1 + (n-1)(d)$, with $a_1 = 1^{st}$ term, n is the term we are trying to find and d is the common difference. We are given the arithmetic sequence -17, -9, -1, ..., so the 16^{th} term is equal to $a_{16} = (-17) + (16 1)(8) = 103$.
- 26. From the 1^{st} fence post to the 12^{th} , there are 11 gaps, so the time is 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 + 11 + 12 + 13 = 88 seconds. Since 60 seconds = 1 minute, 88 seconds = 1 minute 28 seconds.
- 31. If a right triangle is drawn inside a circle, its hypotenuse is equal to the diameter of the circle.



- In the picture given, using the Pythagorean Theorem, the hypotenuse is equal to $\sqrt{12^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{180} = 6\sqrt{5}$. The radius is half the diameter, so the radius is equal to $(\frac{1}{2})(6\sqrt{5}) = 3\sqrt{5}$.
- 33. Because $a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$ or $(\sqrt[n]{a})^m$, then $9^{\frac{3}{2}} = (\sqrt[2]{9})^3 = 3^3 = 27$.
- 40. If point *A* has the coordinate of -14, the point *B* could be located in the positive direction or negative direction of point *A*. If *B* is in the positive direction, then B = -14 + 37 = 23. If *B* is in the negative direction, then B = -14 37 = -51. Therefore, the sum of all possible values of *B* is -51 + 23 = -28.
- 41. The geometric mean of a and b is equal to \sqrt{ab} . Since a = 8, and the geometric mean of a and b is equal to $8\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{64 \cdot 3} = \sqrt{192}$, then b is equal to $192 \div 8 = 24$.
- 47. A heptagon has 7 sides, so if the perimeter is 84 units, then the side length is $84 \div 7 = 12$ units. The side length of the heptagon and square are each 12 units. The diagonal of a square is equal to $s\sqrt{2}$ units, with s equal to the side length of the square. If the side length of the square is 12 units, then its diagonal is $12\sqrt{2}$ units.
- 48. Since $\log_x Z = y$ can be rewritten as $x^y = Z$, then $\log_4 256 = 4$ can be rewritten as $4^4 = 256$.
- 49. To rationalize the denominator of $\frac{3}{4+\sqrt{3}}$, you would multiply the fraction by 1, but that contains the conjugate of the denominator. The denominator is $4+\sqrt{3}$, so the conjugate is $4-\sqrt{3}$. Therefore, the fraction needed to multiply $\frac{3}{4+\sqrt{3}}$ with to rationalize the denominator is $\frac{4-\sqrt{3}}{4-\sqrt{3}}$.
- 50. The diameter of the sphere is 30 inches, so the radius is one-half of the diameter, or $\frac{1}{2}(30) = 15$ inches. The formula for volume of a sphere is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$. Since r = 15 and $\pi = 3$, the volume of the sphere is $V = \frac{4}{3} \cdot 3 \cdot 15^3 = 4 \cdot 3,375 = 13,500$ in³.