Lecture 1

Course info and rules, intro to web apps and REST APIs

Team

- Lect. Dr. Ionescu Vlad-Sebastian course leader, vlad.ionescu@ubbcluj.ro
- Lect. Dr. Mircea Ioan-Gabriel, Morărescu Cristina, Cărăușu Catrinel, Dragomir Andra - Lab instructors
- You can contact us on MS Teams join the team using code **dhe2xoo**
- MS Teams is where any announcements will be posted make sure you pay attention to it

Rules - participation and attendance

- You must attend labs with your assigned formation exclusively. No changes or transfers are accepted except for participation at faculty-sanctioned events.
 Contact me if you think you qualify.
 - Students retaking the class and students taking the class as an elective can choose the formation they attend with, but they cannot change it after week 2.
- Attendance requirements are as they appear in the faculty rules.
- I will record the lectures, but I will only post the videos if enough students attend them.
- You can turn in at most **two** assignments per week.
- The work you turn in must be your own, and you must be able to explain it.
- Make sure you listen to your lab instructor's instructions carefully, as they might change the posted requirements slightly.

Rules - grading

The following points are available at different stages of the semester:

- Weeks 1-4: up to 4 points
- Weeks 5-8: up to 2 points
- Weeks 9-12: up to 2 points
- Weeks 13-14: up to 1 point
- Examination sessions: up to 3 points
 - Up to 1 point from a theoretical exam
 - Up to 2 points from a practical exam

You need at least 5 points to pass. Everything is rounded down: 4.99 points is a failing grade.

You can stop participating at any time and keep your existing points: **int(points)** will be your final grade. Just let us know if you do this. No takebacks!

The assignments will get progressively harder.

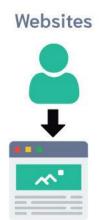
Principles and philosophy

- This is not a fundamental subject, so it's OK if you're just not that into it
 - It will be easy to get a grade of 5 or 6 by applying your knowledge of basic programming: think FP / OOP level of assignments complexity.
 - It will be harder to get more, and very hard to get a 10. You should only aim for this if you are passionate about the subject.
- You are year 2 students and deserve more independence
 - You can choose your own programming languages and libraries for the assignments I'll keep some things language agnostic during the lectures and where that's not possible, I'll try to mention alternatives to the language I'll be showing examples in.
 - You'll have less exact examples and more freedom in how you do things. You'll be reading documentations a lot.

What are we doing here?



WEB APPLICATION VS. WEBSITES





WEBSITE WEB APPLICATION

A website may or may not require user interaction.

A website is only server based.

A website can be of a single page or multiple pages that are well visible on the home page.

A website can never be a desktop Application.

A website can be operated without any signup or login requirements.

A web application is a web-based application that involves user interaction at every phase

A web application is client server based.

A web application page is navigational, i.e., action required from the next page's user side.

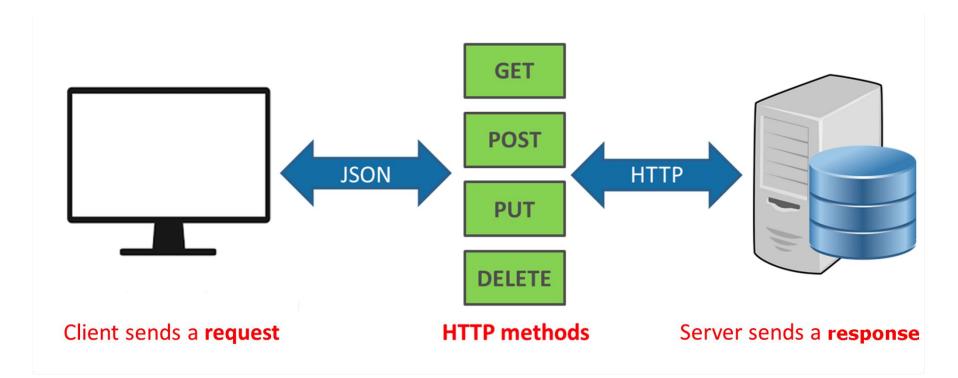
A web application can be said as a desktop application with a web interface.

A web application, most of the time, needs to sign up or log in.

Our take on web applications

- We will create web applications to train as Full Stack Developers.
 - You will learn how to handle most aspects of web app development, mainly:
 - Backend
 - Frontend
 - Database
 - Deployment
 - Security
 - Working in teams
 - We will start with backend frameworks and continue with frontend libraries and frameworks.
- We will create REST APIs that will be consumed by a frontend Javascript-based application.

REST APIs



REST APIs - read more about it

- I told you you'll be reading a lot of documentation. There's no point in me reproducing what's already all over the internet. I'd rather have a discussion and a debate about the best way of doing things.
- For example, this is a good resource on how it works: https://restfulapi.net/
- Don't worry if it doesn't make much sense at first, it will with a bit of practice.

How do we write code for this?

- We'll be ditching console apps right from the start.
- You'll pick your favorite "Web App" / REST API library from your favorite language.
 - We'll need a REST Framework quite soon, so don't get too used to a "Web App" template
 - I'll pick Django and Django Rest Framework, but I won't be writing much code anyway
 - For Java, you have Spring and Spring Boot
 - For C#, you have ASP.NET Web API
 - For Javascript you have Node
 - For others you have Google
- Install Postman to work with your API.
- Study your framework and complete the first lab assignment.

Examples and terminology

The following should be common across most frameworks:

- MVC / MVT (Model View Controller / Model View Template) the architectural style most commonly used in web frameworks:
 - Models are your domain entities and they store the data passed between the client and the server.
 - **Views** (templates in Django) are the presentation layer and handle user interaction logic; they are absent in REST Frameworks.
 - **Controllers** (views in Django) handle the code that gets execute when a route is requested by the client (www.example.com/students).

Let's look at some frameworks

- Java Spring and Spring Boot
 - https://spring.io/
- Django
 - https://www.djangoproject.com/
 - https://www.django-rest-framework.org/
- ASP.NET MVC and Web API
 - https://dotnet.microsoft.com/en-us/apps/aspnet/mvc
 - https://dotnet.microsoft.com/en-us/apps/aspnet/apis
- Node
 - https://nodejs.org/docs/latest/api/synopsis.html

Worked examples

See any files posted on github:

https://github.com/orgs/UBB-SDI-23/repositories

Get familiar with git, as we'll also be using its more advanced features soon: https://git-scm.com/docs/gittutorial