

# Laboratory 8

## week 8(21-25 November 2022)

### TASKS:

**A. Please continue to work on the assignment A4. The deadline of the assignment A4 is week 10 (5-9 December 2022).**

**B. After the Seminar 8, please start to work on the assignment A5. The deadline of the assignment A5 is week 11 (12- 16 December 2022).**

### Assignment A5

**Concurrent ToyLanguage:** In order to support concurrent programming in our ToyLanguage you must do the following modifications in your current project from the assignment **A4**:

#### A. Repository

1. **In the Repository there is a List<PrgState>.** Each PrgState corresponds to a thread.

Initially you must introduce only one program (namely a PrgState) and the execution of that program will generate multiple PrgStates as you can see below.

**NOTE:** You are not allowed to introduce more than one program, only the main program is introduced. The other programs are generated by the fork statements!!!

2. You must add **one more method to the Repository interface:**

**List<PrgState> getPrgList()** that returns the list of the program states.

3. You must add **one more method to the Repository interface :**

**void setPrgList(List<PrgState>)** that replaces the existing list of program from the repository with one given as parameter in this method.

4. The method **getCrtPrg** must be removed since we are not longer using it.

5. You must change the existing method **void logPrgStateExec() throws MyException** into **void logPrgStateExec(PrgState) throws MyException** such that you are able to save the content of the given input PrgState into a text file.

#### B. PrgState Class

6. You must add **one more method to the class PrgState: Boolean isNotCompleted()** that returns true when the exeStack is not empty and false otherwise.

7. You must **move the method PrgState oneStep(PrgState) from the Controller into PrgState class.** The current version of method oneStep from Controller class looks like:

```
PrgState oneStep(PrgState state) throws MyException{
    MyIStack<ISmt> stk=state.getStk();
    if(stk.isEmpty()) throws new MyException("prgstate stack is empty");
    ISmt crtSmt = stk.pop();
    return crtSmt.execute(state);
}
```

The new version of oneStep method from PrgState class is the following:

```
PrgState oneStep() throws MyException{
    if(exeStack.isEmpty()) throws new MyException("prgstate stack is empty");
    ISmt crtSmt = exeStack.pop();
    return crtSmt.execute(this);
}
```

Note that the new version of oneStep has no argument since the argument of the old version is the

receiver of the new version.

8. In the PrgState class **add one more field called id of type int**. Please use a static field and a static synchronized method to manage the id. Please modify all toString and logPrgStateExec methods such that the id of the program state to be printed first. In the concurrent settings we must know which program state is printed/saved on the screen/file.

### C. IStmt interface and new forkStmt class (Creation of a new thread using the fork statement)

9. You must define **a new class forkStmt** that implements IStmt interface in order to define and integrate the following fork statement:

**fork(Stmt)**

It may be combined with any other statements (e.g. using either compound statement, or if statement, or loop statement or another fork statement, etc).

In the **class forkStmt** the method **execute** must implement the following rule:

**ExeStack1={fork(Stmt1) | Stmt2|Stmt3|....}**

**SymTable1,**

**Heap1,**

**FileTable1,**

**Out1,**

**id1**

**==>**

**ExeStack2={Stmt2 | Stmt3|....}**

**SymTable2=SymTable1**

**Heap2 = Heap1**

**FileTable2=FileTable1**

**Out2 = Out1**

**id2=id1**

and a new PrgState is created with the following data structures:

**ExeStack3={Stmt1}**

**SymTable3=clone(SymTable1)**

**Heap3=Heap1,**

**FileTable3=FileTable1**

**Out3=Out1**

**id3 is unique**

The new PrgState is returned by the execute method. As you can see above, when a fork statement is on top of the ExeStack a new PrgState (thread) is generated having as ExeStack the argument of the fork, as SymTable a clone of the parent PrgState (parent thread) SymTable, as Heap a reference to the parent PrgState (parent thread) Heap, as FileTable a reference tot the parent PrgState (parent thread) FileTable and as Out a reference to the parent PrgState (parent thread) Out. **Please note that Heap, FileTable and Out are shared by all PrgStates. The SymTable of the new thread is a clone (or a new deep copy) and is not shared with the parent thread.**

**NOTE: Please ensure (and correct if necessary) that the methods execute of all the previous statement classes return null. Only the method execute of the class forkStmt returns a non-null value, namely the new created PrgState.**

### D. Controller class

10. You must **add one more method**

**List<PrgState> removeCompletedPrg(List<PrgState> inPrgList)**

which takes a list of PrgState as input , removes all PrgState for which isNotCompleted returns false and then returns as result a list where all PrgState are not completed. You must implement it in functional manner, as follows:

```
return inPrgList.stream()
    .filter(p -> p.isNotCompleted())
```

**.collect(Collectors.toList())**

11. As you have seen above in the section of PrgState, **you must move the method PrgState oneStep(PrgState)** from the Controller into PrgState class.
12. You must **add a new field named "executor" of type ExecutorService** in Controller class.
13. You **must replace the method allStep**. The current version of the method allStep looks like:

```
void allStep() throws MyException{
    PrgState prg = repo.getCrtPrg();
    repo.logPrgStateExec();
    try{
        while (!prg.getStk().isEmpty()){
            oneStep(prg);
            repo.logPrgStateExec();
            prg.getHeap().setContent(safeGarbageCollector(...));
            repo.logPrgStateExec();
        }
    }catch(...) ...
}
```

**The new version of the method allStep is described in the next steps:**

14. You **must define the method void oneStepForAllPrg(List<PrgState>)** which executes one step for each existing PrgState (namely each thread), as follows:

```
void oneStepForAllPrg(List<PrgState> prgList) {
    //before the execution, print the PrgState List into the log file
    prgList.forEach(prg ->repo.logPrgStateExec(prg));

    //RUN concurrently one step for each of the existing PrgStates
    //-----
    //prepare the list of callables
    List<Callable<PrgState>> callList = prgList.stream()
        .map((PrgState p) -> (Callable<PrgState>)(() -> {return p.oneStep();}))
        .collect(Collectors.toList())

    //start the execution of the callables
    //it returns the list of new created PrgStates (namely threads)
    List<PrgState> newPrgList = executor.invokeAll(callList).stream()
        .map(future -> { try { return future.get();}
                        catch(...) {
                            //here you can treat the possible
                            // exceptions thrown by statements
                            // execution, namely the green part
                            // from previous allStep method}
                        })
        .filter(p -> p!=null)
        .collect(Collectors.toList())

    //add the new created threads to the list of existing threads
    prgList.addAll(newPrgList);
    //-----

    //after the execution, print the PrgState List into the log file
    prgList.forEach(prg ->repo.logPrgStateExec(prg));
}
```

```

        //Save the current programs in the repository
        repo.setPrgList(prgList);
    }

```

15. You must define the new version of the method **void allStep(void)**, as follows:

```

void allStep() {
    executor = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(2);
    //remove the completed programs
    List<PrgState> prgList=removeCompletedPrg(repo.getPrgList());
    while(prgList.size() > 0){
        oneStepForAllPrg(prgList);
        //remove the completed programs
        prgList=removeCompletedPrg(repo.getPrgList())
    }
    executor.shutdownNow();
    //HERE the repository still contains at least one Completed Prg
    // and its List<PrgState> is not empty. Note that oneStepForAllPrg calls the method
    //setPrgList of repository in order to change the repository

    // update the repository state
    repo.setPrgList(prgList);
}

```

16. **Garbage collector.** The method **safeGarbageCollector** can be still used, as follows:

```

void allStep() {
    executor = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(2);
    //remove the completed programs
    List<PrgState> prgList=removeCompletedPrg(repo.getPrgList());
    while(prgList.size() > 0){
        //HERE you can call conservativeGarbageCollector
        oneStepForAllPrg(prgList);
        //remove the completed programs
        List<PrgState> prgList=removeCompletedPrg(repo.getPrgList())
    }
    executor.shutdownNow();
    //HERE the repository still contains at least one Completed Prg
    // and its List<PrgState> is not empty. Note that oneStepForAllPrg calls the method
    //setPrgList of repository in order to change the repository

    // update the repository state
    repo.setPrgList(prgList);
}

```

When you prepare the arguments of the **conservativeGarbageCollector** call you must take into account the fact that now there is one HEAP shared by multiple **PrgStates** and multiple **SymbolTables**(one for each **PrgState**).

Example:

```

int v; Ref int a; v=10;new(a,22);
fork(wH(a,30);v=32;print(v);print(rH(a)));
print(v);print(rH(a))

```

At the end:

Id=1

SymTable\_1={v->10,a->(1,int)}

Id=10

SymTable\_10={v->32,a->(1,int)}

Heap={1->30}

Out={10,30,32,30}