Hello, Turing!

today we will discuss:

Setup, Git, Tooling

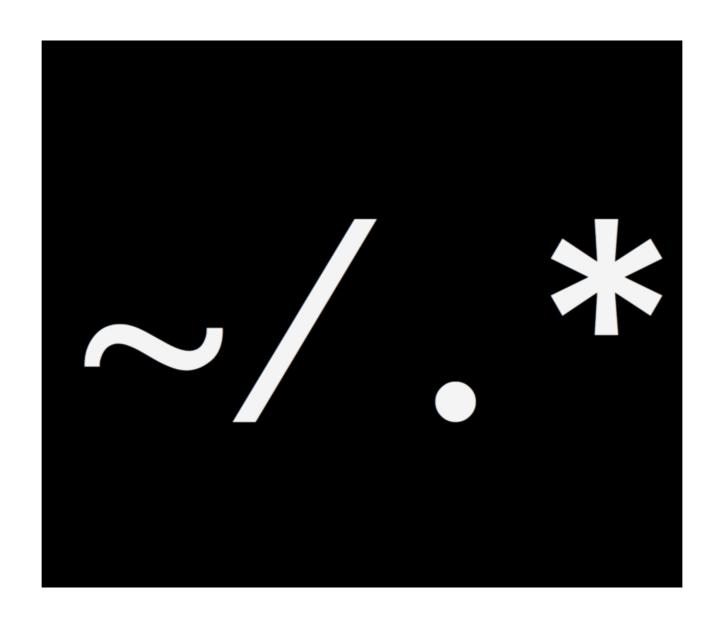
Speakers:

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Requirements

- *nix-based OS
- Basic computer literacy

Environment is the key



Shell

wiki: In a Linux system, the shell is a command-line interface that interprets a user's commands and script files, and tells the server's operating system what to do with them

Types of shells

ksh

csh

zsh

bash

sh

Basic shell commands

Linux Bash Shell Cheat Sheet

Basic Commands

Basic file manipulation Basic Terminal Shortcuts CTRL L = Clear the terminal cat <fileName> = show content of file CTRL D = Logout(less, more) SHIFT Page Up/Down = Go up/down the terminal head = from the top CTRL A = Cursor to start of line -n <#oflines> <fileName> CTRL E = Cursor the end of line tail = from the bottom CTRL U = Delete left of the cursor CTRL K = Delete right of the cursor -n <#oflines> <fileName> CTRL W = Delete word on the left mkdir = create new folder CTRL Y = Paste (after CTRL U, K or W) TAB = auto completion of file or command mkdir myStuff .. CTRL R = reverse search history mkdir myStuff/pictures/ .. !! = repeat last command CTRL Z = stops the current command (resume with fg in foreground or bg in background) cp image.jpg newimage.jpg = copy and rename a file Basic Terminal Navigation cp image.jpg <folderName>/ = copy to folder cp image.jpg folder/sameImageNewName.jpg ls -a = list all files and folders cp -R stuff otherStuff = copy and rename a folder ls <folderName> = list files in folder cp *.txt stuff/ = copy all of *<file type> to folder ls -lh = Detailed list, Human readable ls -l *.jpg = list jpeg files only mv file.txt Documents/ = move file to a folder mv <folderName> <folderName2> = move folder in folder ls -lh <fileName> = Result for file only mv filename.txt filename2.txt = rename file cd <folderName> = change directory mv <fileName> stuff/newfileName if folder name has spaces use " " mv <folderName>/ .. = move folder up in hierarchy cd / = go to root cd .. = go up one folder, tip: ../../../ rm <fileName> .. = delete file (s) rm -i <fileName> .. = ask for confirmation each file du -h: Disk usage of folders, human readable rm -f <fileName> = force deletion of a file du -ah: " " files & folders, Human readable rm -r <foldername>/ = delete folder du -sh: only show disc usage of folders touch <fileName> = create or update a file pwd = print working directory ln file1 file2 = physical link ln -s file1 file2 = symbolic link man <command> = shows manual (RTFM)

Terminal

```
▲ ~/ # Hyper is an Electron-based Terminal
▲ ~/ # B
```

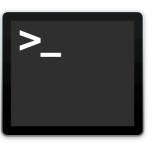
wiki: A terminal emulator is a program that allows the use of the terminal in a graphical environment.

Types of terminals

Mac OS



iTerm 2



Terminal

Linux

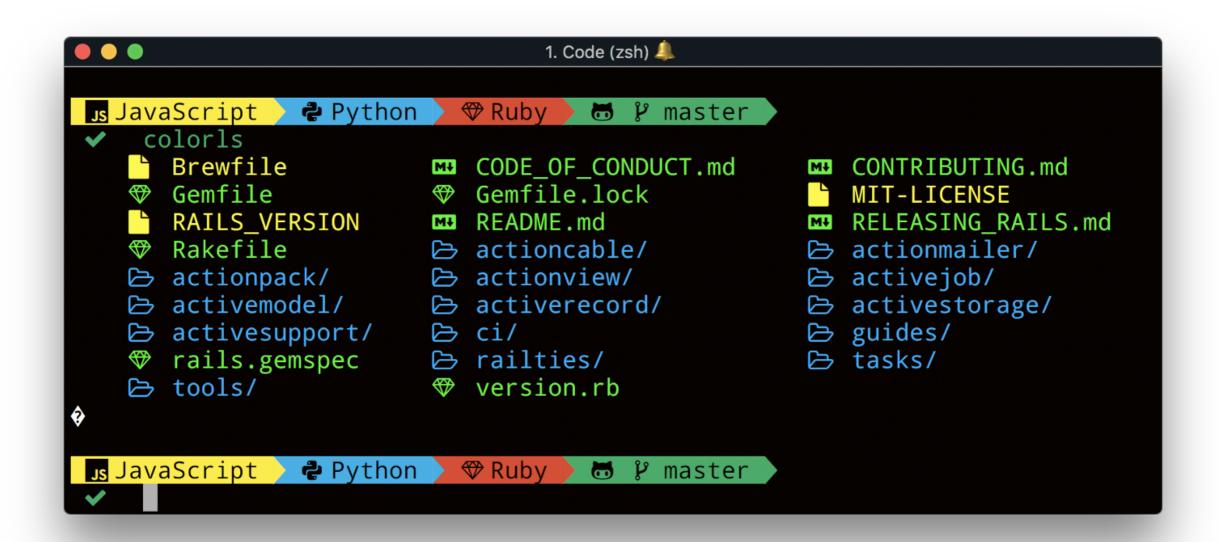


Guake



Terminator

```
.zshrc — Edited ~
# If you come from bash you might have to change your $PATH.
# export PATH=$HOME/bin:/usr/local/bin:$PATH
# Path to your oh-my-zsh installation.
export ZSH=/Users/rajaraodv/.oh-my-zsh
# Set name of the theme to load. Optionally, if you set this to "random"
# it'll load a random theme each time that oh-my-zsh is loaded.
# See https://github.com/robbyrussell/oh-my-zsh/wiki/Themes
ZSH_THEME="avit"
# Set list of themes to load
# Setting this variable when ZSH_THEME=random
# cause zsh load theme from this variable instead of
# looking in ~/.oh-my-zsh/themes/
# An empty array have no effect
# ZSH_THEME_RANDOM_CANDIDATES=( "robbyrussell" "agnoster" )
# Uncomment the following line to use case-sensitive completion.
# CASE_SENSITIVE="true"
# Uncomment the following line to use hyphen-insensitive completion. Case
# sensitive completion must be off. _ and - will be interchangeable.
# HYPHEN_INSENSITIVE="true"
# Uncomment the following line to disable bi-weekly auto-update checks.
# DISABLE_AUTO_UPDATE="true"
# Uncomment the following line to change how often to auto-update (in days).
# export UPDATE_ZSH_DAYS=13
```



Dotfiles



wiki: In UNIX file systems, dotfiles are text-based configurations files that stores settings of almost every application, service and tool running on your system.

Editors/IDEs

A *text editor* is just for writing/modifying text/code

VS.

With an *IDE*, you should do a lot more within that single program: running, debugging, version control, etc.









Atom Sublime Text









JetBrains products

VSCode

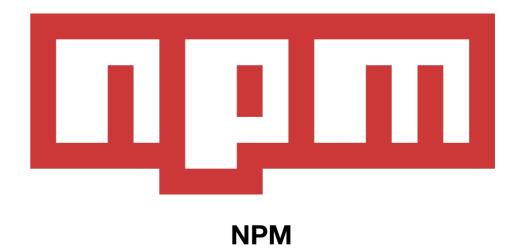
Eclipse

NetBeans

Package managers

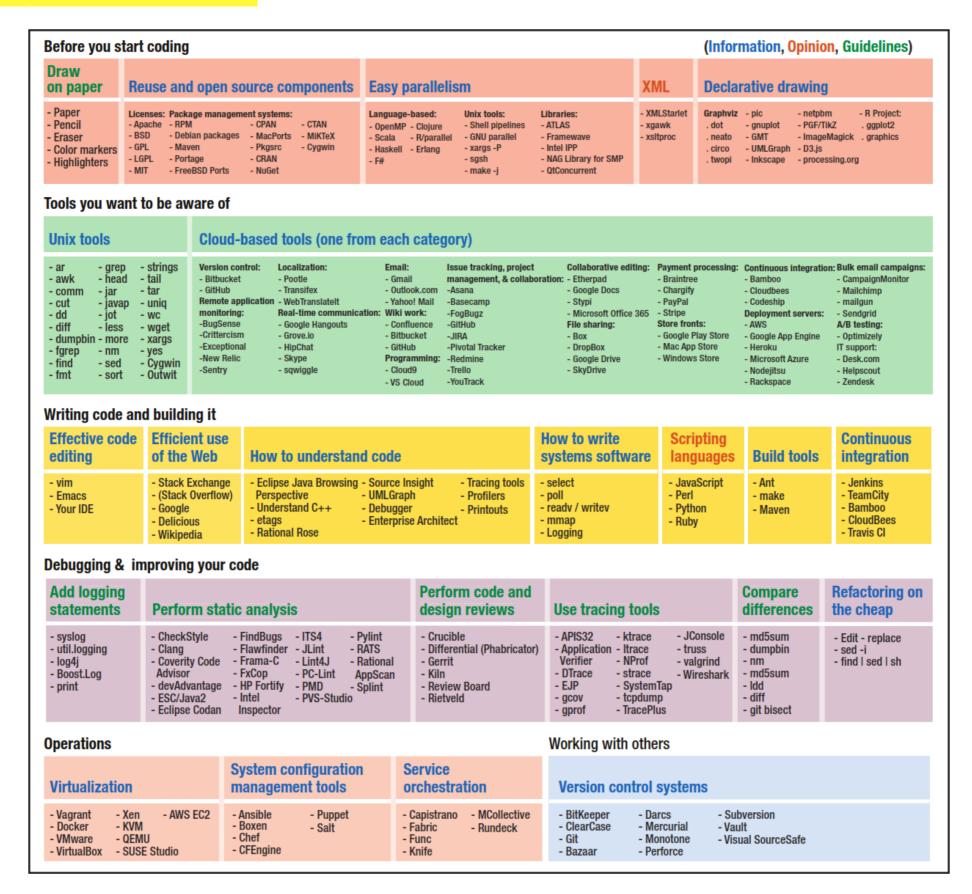






wiki: A package manager is a collection of software tools that automates the process of installing, upgrading, configuring, and removing computer programs for a computer's operating system in a consistent manner.

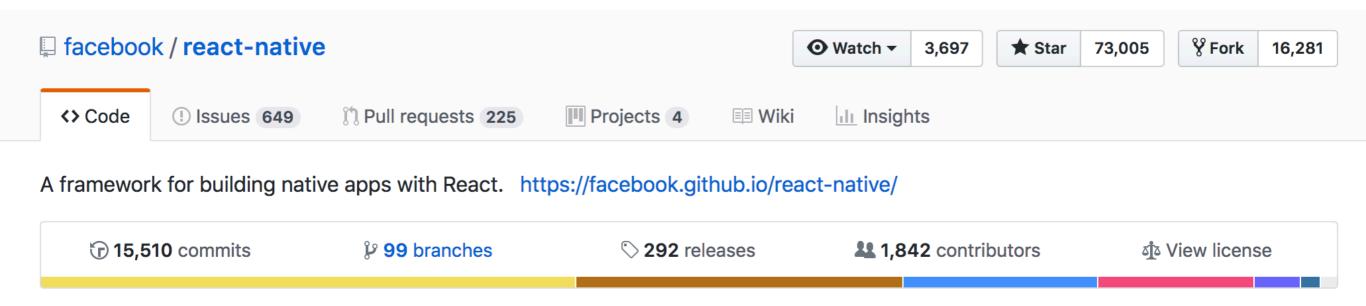
Tooling Recap



GitHub Student Pack



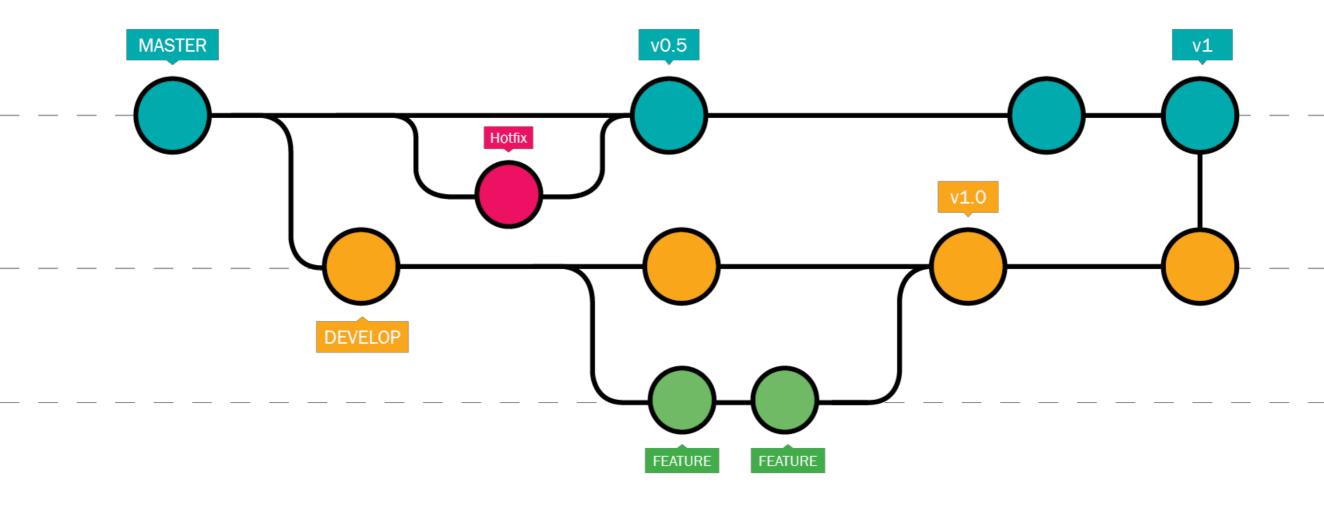
Open-source philosophy



Approaching all aspects of life "the open source way" means expressing a willingness to share, collaborating with others in ways that are transparent (so that others can watch and join too), embracing failure as a means of improving, and expecting—even encouraging—everyone else to do the same.

GitHub is not a git!

The core function of **git**: To save checkpoints (revisions) and share them with other people. Everything revolves around this concept.



Git commits conventions

	COMMENT	DATE
Q	CREATED MAIN LOOP & TIMING CONTROL	14 HOURS AGO
ø	ENABLED CONFIG FILE PARSING	9 HOURS AGO
φ	MISC BUGFIXES	5 HOURS AGO
φ	CODE ADDITIONS/EDITS	4 HOURS AGO
Q.	MORE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
þ	HERE HAVE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
	AAAAAAA	3 HOURS AGO
0	ADKFJ5LKDFJ5DKLFJ	3 HOURS AGO
φ	MY HANDS ARE TYPING WORDS	2 HOURS AGO
þ	HAAAAAAAANDS	2 HOURS AGO

AS A PROJECT DRAGS ON, MY GIT COMMIT MESSAGES GET LESS AND LESS INFORMATIVE.

Demo

Resources

Link!



/nugmanoff

Thank you, Turing!