

## SQL ASSIGNMENT -11

ROLL NO-84016

Q1 Write a query that uses a subquery to obtain all orders for the customer named Cisneros. Assume you do not know his customer number (cnum).

Ans.

```
D2_84016_Suyash>select * from ORDERS
-> where cnum=
-> (select cnum from CUSTOMERS
-> where cname='CISNEROS');
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Onum | Amt      | Odate      | Cnum | Snum |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3001 | 18.69    | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3006 | 1098.16  | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q2. Write a query that produces the names and ratings of all customers who have above-average orders.

Ans.

```
D2_84016_Suyash>select cname,rating,amt from CUSTOMERS,ORDERS where CUSTOMERS.Cnum =ORDERS.Cnum AND AMT>(select Avg(AMT) from ORDERS) group by cname,rating,amt order by 1;
+-----+-----+-----+
| cname | rating | amt |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Clemens | 100 | 4723 |
| Clemens | 100 | 9891.88 |
| Liu | 200 | 5160.45 |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

D2_84016_Suyash>
```

Q3. Write a query that selects the total amount in orders for each salesperson for whom this total is greater than the amount of the largest order in the table.

Ans.

```
D2_84016_Suyash>select snum,sum(amt) from ORDERS group by snum having sum(amt) > (select max(amt) from ORDERS );
```

snum	sum(amt)
1001	15382.069885253906

1 row in set (0.00 sec)