## Assignment -7

## Summarizing Data with Aggregate Functions

1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3.

Query -> select count(\*) from Orders where Odate = '1990-10-03';

```
D2_92814_Krushna>select count(*) from Orders where Odate = '1990 -10-03';
+-----+
| count(*) |
+-----+
| 5 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

D2_92814_Krushna>
```

2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table.

Query -> select count(city) from Customers;

```
D2_92814_Krushna>select count(city) from Customers;
+-----+
| count(city) |
+-----+
| 6 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order.

Query -> Select Snum, min(Amt) from Orders group by Snum;

```
D2_92814_Krushna>Select Snum ,min(Amt) from Orders group by Snum ; 
+----+ | Snum | min(Amt) | 
+----+ | 1007 | 18.69 | 
| 1004 | 1900.10 | 
| 1003 | 1713.23 | 
| 1002 | 75.75 | 
| 1001 | 4723.00 | 
+----+ | 5 rows in set (0.04 sec)
```

4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G. Query -> select \* from Customers where Cname like 'G%' limit 1;

5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.Query -> Select City , max(Rating) from Customers group by City ;

6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.)

Query -> select Odate ,count(distinct Snum) from orders group by Odate ;