

Assignment – 16

Creating Tables and Indexes.

1) Write a command that will enable a user to pull orders grouped by date out of the Orders table quickly.

Query : create index i_datewise_group on orders (odate);

```
D3_92969_Dhananjay>create index i_datewise_group on orders (odate);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
D3_92969_Dhananjay>show indexes from orders;
```

Table	Non_unique	Key_name	Seq_in_index	Column_name	Collation	Cardinality	Sub_part	Packed	Null	Index_type	Comment	Index_comment	Visible	Expression
orders	1	i_datewise_group	1	Odate	A	3	NULL	NULL	YES	BTREE			YES	NULL

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

2) If the Orders table has already been created, how can you force the onum field to be unique (assume all current values are unique)?

```
D3_92969_Dhananjay>alter table orders add constraint unique_onum Unique(onum);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
D3_92969_Dhananjay>desc orders ;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Onum	int	YES	UNI	NULL	
Amt	float(7,2)	YES		NULL	
Odate	date	YES	MUL	NULL	
Cnum	int	YES		NULL	
Snum	int	YES		NULL	

5 rows in set (0.03 sec)

3) Create an index that would permit each salesperson to retrieve his or her orders grouped by date quickly.

```
D3_92969_Dhananjay>create index i_snum_date on orders (snum, odate);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

4) Let us assume that each salesperson is to have only one customer of a given rating, and that this is currently the case. Enter a command that enforces it.

```
D3_92969_Dhananjay>create index i_snum_date on orders (snum, odate);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```