## <u>Assignment – 13</u> Using the UNION clause.

1) Create a union of two queries that shows the names, cities, and ratings of all customers. Those with rating of 200 or greater will also have the words "High Rating", while the others will have the words "Low Rating".

## Query:

select Cname, City , concat ('High Rating ', Rating) Ratings from customers

- $\rightarrow$  where Rating  $\geq$  200
- -> union
- -> select Cname, City, concat('Low Rating', Rating) from customers
- $\rightarrow$  where Rating < 200;

```
D3_93025_Omkar>select Cname,City ,concat('High Rating ',Rating) Ratings from customers
    -> where Rating >= 200
      select Cname,City ,concat('Low Rating ',Rating) from customers
where Rating < 200;</pre>
             City
                         Ratings
 Cname
                          High Rating 200
 Giovanni
             San Jose
                          High Rating
                          High Rating
 Grass
             Berlin
 Cisneros
             San Jose
                          High Rating
                          Low Rating 100
 Hoffman
             London
                          Low Rating
 Clemens
             London
             Rome
                          Low Rating
 Pereira
```

2) Write a command that produces the name and number of each salesperson and each customer with more than one current order. Put the results in alphabetical order.

## Query:

select sname, snum from salespeople

- -> where snum in (select snum from orders group by snum
- -> having count(onum) > 1)
- -> union
- -> select cname, cnum from customers
- -> where cnum in (select cnum from orders group by cnum having count(onum) > 1)
  - -> order by 1;

```
D3_93025_Omkar>select sname ,snum from salespeople
-> where snum in (select snum from orders group by snum
     -> having count(onum) > 1)
    -> union
    -> select cname, cnum from customers
    -> where cnum in (select cnum from orders group by cnum having count(onum) > 1)
    -> order by 1;
  sname
               snum
  Cisneros
               2008
  Clemens
                2006
               2004
  Grass
  Peel.
               1001
  Rifkin
               1007
               1002
  Serres
```

3) Form a union of three queries. Have the first select the snums of all salespeople in San Jose; the second, the cnums of all customers in San Jose; and the third the onums of all orders on October 3. Retain duplicates between the last two queries but eliminate any redundancies between either of them and the first.

(Note: in the sample tables as given, there would be no such redundancy. This is besides the point.)

## Query:

select snum from salespeople

- -> where city = 'San Jose'
- -> union
- -> (select cnum from customers
- -> where city = 'San Jose'
- -> union all
- -> select onum from orders
- $\rightarrow$  where Odate = '1990-10-03');

```
D3_93025_Omkar>select snum from salespeople
    -> where city = 'San Jose'
    -> union
    -> (select cnum from customers
    -> where city = 'San Jose'
    -> union all
    -> select onum from orders
    -> where Odate = '1990-10-03');
  snum
  1002
  2003
  2008
  3001
  3003
  3002
  3005
  3006
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```