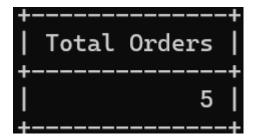
## Assignment –7 Summarizing Data with Aggregate Functions.

1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3.

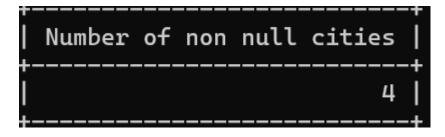
select count(Odate) "Total Orders" from ORDERS

-> where Odate = '1990-10-03';



2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table

select count(Distinct City) "Number of non null cities" from Customers;



3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order.

select min(Amt) from ORDERS

-> group by Cnum;

```
+----+
| min(Amt) |
+-----+
| 18.69 |
| 767.19 |
| 1900.10 |
| 5160.45 |
| 1713.23 |
| 75.75 |
| 4723.00 |
```

4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G.

## SELECT cname

- -> FROM Customers
- -> WHERE cname LIKE 'G%'
- -> ORDER BY cname ASC
- -> LIMIT 1;



5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.

select City, max(Rating) from CUSTOMERS

-> group by City;

| <br>  City                                 |
|--|
| London<br>  Rome<br>  San Jose<br>  Berlin |

6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.).

select Odate, count(distinct Snum) "Salespeople Count"

- -> from ORDERS
- -> group by Odate;

| Odate      | Salespeople Count |
|------------|-------------------|
| 1990-10-03 | 4                 |
| 1990-10-04 | 2                 |
| 1990-10-05 | 1                 |
| 1990-10-06 | 2                 |