- 15. Write a SQL query to find the average salary of all employees.
- 16. How do you use the LIKE operator in SQL? Provide an example.
- 17. Write a SQL query to retrieve the names of all employees whose names start with the letter 'A.'
- 18. Explain the concept of indexes in SQL databases.
- 19. Write a SQL query to find the maximum and minimum salary from the "Employees" table.
- 20. How do you use the BETWEEN operator in SQL? Provide an example.

Based on the curriculum as covered by the subject teacher

## **SUGGESTED READING:**

- 1. "Database Management Systems" by Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke Publisher: McGraw-Hill Education
- 2. "Database System Concepts" by Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan Publisher: McGraw-Hill Education
- 3. "Fundamentals of Database Systems" by Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe Publisher: Pearson
- 4. "Database Management Systems: Designing and Building Business Applications" by Gerald V. Post Publisher: Wiley
- 5. "Database Systems: The Complete Book" by Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer Widom Publisher: Pearson
- 6. "Principles of Database Management" by Wilfred Hansen Publisher: Cengage Learning
- 7. "Database Management Systems" by Ivan Bayross Publisher: BPB Publications

SUBJECT NAME: Operating System Credit: 4 L (3L +1 T)

**SUBJECT CODE: BCAC402** 

## **COURSE OBJECTIVE:**

The course on Operating Systems is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental principles and functionalities underlying modern computer operating systems. Throughout the course, students will explore key concepts such as process management, memory management, file systems, and I/O management. They will learn about the role of the operating system in resource allocation, scheduling, and synchronization, gaining insights into how these mechanisms contribute to efficient and reliable system operation.

COUR	SE OUTCOME
CO1	Understand the fundamental concepts and functionalities of operating systems,
	including process management, memory management, file systems, and I/O management.
CO2	Analyze and compare different types of operating systems, such as batch processing systems, time-sharing systems, real-time systems, and distributed systems, in terms of their design principles, advantages, and limitations.
CO3	Evaluate different I/O management strategies, including buffering, caching, and device drivers, to optimize the performance and reliability of I/O operations in the operating system.
CO4	Apply memory management techniques, such as paging, segmentation, and virtual memory, to efficiently utilize the system's memory resources and provide a logical abstraction of memory to processes.
CO5	Collaborate effectively in teams to analyze, design, and implement operating system components and solutions for real-world scenarios, demonstrating effective communication and problem-solving skills.

## **DETAILED SYLLABUS:**

Module	NAME OF THE TOPIC	HOURS	L	T	MARK
No:					S
M1	Computer H/w review (Processors, Memory,	3	2	1	5
	devices, I/O bus), Operating system Basic				
	concepts, Architecture of OS, Introduction of				
	Different types of Operating System(Mainframe,				
	server side OS Multiprocessor OS, Embedded				
	OS, Real Time OS, Sensor node OS, Smart card				
	OS), Virtualization, Free and Open Source				
	Operating System				
M2	Operating System Architecture (Monolithic	2	1	1	5
	System, Layered System, Microkernel, client				
	Server model, System Calls, Linker and Loader,				
	Booting of an Operating System				
M3	Process Management: Process, Process State	18	14	4	18
	Diagram, Process Control Block, Process				
	Scheduling criteria, Process scheduling				
	algorithms, Types of schedulers, threads, types				
	of thread, Thread Scheduling, Inter Process				
	Communication, Race Condition, Critical				
	region, use of Semaphore, mutex, and monitor,				
	Classical problems on Synchronization				

M4	Deadlock: Deadlock Characterization, Methods of handling Deadlock, Deadlock prevention and avoidance, deadlock detection and Recovery from deadlock	4	3	1	8
M5	Memory Management: Continuous Memory Allocation, Paging, Swapping, Virtual memory: Paging, Page table Structure, Page Table for large memory, Page replacement Algorithms, page Size, Page Fault Handling, Segmentation	14	10	4	15
M6	File management: File naming, File structures, File Types, Single Level and Hierarchical OS, Shared file, Disk managent and related algorithms	4	3	1	8
M7	Security and Protection: security Threats and Attackers, Controlling Access to Resources (Protection Domain, access Control List,) Exploiting Software (Buffer overflow attack, Integer Overflow attack, Dangling Pointer, Null Pointer Dereference Attack), Malware (Worm, virus and Trojan)	8	6	2	6
M8	Distributed Operating System: Goal of Distributed OS, Remoter Procedure call, Name resolution, Clock Synchronization	4	3	1	5
	INTERNAL EXAMINATION	3			30
	TOTAL	60	42	15	100

## **SUGGESTED READING:**

- 1. "Operating System Concepts" by Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne Publisher: Wiley
- 2. "Modern Operating Systems" by Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Herbert Bos Publisher: Pearson
- 3. "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles" by William Stallings Publisher: Pearson
- 4. "Operating System Design and Implementation" by Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Albert S. Woodhull Publisher: Pearson
- 5. "Operating Systems: Principles and Practice" by Thomas Anderson, Michael Dahlin Publisher: Recursive Books
- 6. "Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces" by Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau, Andrea C. Arpaci-Dusseau Publisher: Arpaci-Dusseau Books
- 7. "Modern Operating Systems: Global Edition" by Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Herbert Bos Publisher: Pearson