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Query Text: who did the dominican republic gain its independence from

Retrieved Documents:

- 0 doc110255 Dominican Republic. Christopher Columbus landed on the island on December 5, 1492, which the native Taino people had inhabited since the 7th century. The colony of Santo Domingo became the site of the
- 1 doc77476 Dominican War of Independence. The Dominican Independence War gave the Dominican Republic autonomy from Haiti on February 27, 1844. Before the war, the island of Hispaniola had been united under the H
- 0 doc2353288 History of the Dominican Republic. Unable to extract concessions from the disorganized rebels, when the American Civil War ended, in March 1865, Queen Isabella annulled the annexation and independence
- 0 doc110278 Dominican Republic. On February 27, 1844, the Trinitarios (the members of La Trinitaria), declared the independence from Haiti. They were backed by Pedro Santana, a wealthy cattle rancher from El Seib
- 0 doc110271 Dominican Republic. After a dozen years of discontent and failed independence plots by various opposing groups, Santo Domingo's former Lieutenant-Governor (top administrator), Jose Nunez de Caceres, d
- 0 doc2353284 History of the Dominican Republic. Pedro Santana inherited a bankrupt government on the brink of collapse. Having failed in his initial bids to secure annexation by the U.S. or France, Santana initiat
- 0 doc2353274 History of the Dominican Republic. Attempts to redistribute land conflicted with the system of communal land tenure (terrenos comuneros), which had arisen with the ranching economy, and newly emancipa
- 0 doc2353337 History of the Dominican Republic. GuzmAn's inauguration on August 16 marked the country's first peaceful transfer of power from one freely elected president to another. By the late 1970s, economic e
- 0 doc77491 Dominican War of Independence. On June 17, 1845, the Dominicans, only a little over a year after winning independence from Haiti, invaded their former master in retaliation for Haitian border raids.[6
- 0 doc77481 Dominican War of Independence. Late in 1821 the leader Jose Nunez de Caceres proclaimed Santo Domingo's adhesion to the new Republic of Gran Colombia, created by Simon Bolivar, but the determination
- 0 doc384098 Politics of the Dominican Republic. With the proclamation of the first constitution in the Dominican Republic on 6 November 1844 in the city of San Cristobal, the Dominican theory of sovereignty, 'ind
- 0 doc77482 Dominican War of Independence. A group of Dominican politicians and military officers[who?] had expressed interest in uniting the entire island, while they sought for political stability and support u
- 0 doc315030 Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. On November 9, 1821 the Spanish colony of Santo Domingo was overthrown by a group of rebels at the command of Jose Nunez de Caceres, the colony's former administrat
- 0 doc2353325 History of the Dominican Republic. In September 1963 Bosch was overthrown by a right-wing military coup led by Colonel Elias Wessin and was replaced by a three-man military junta. Bosch went into exile
- 0 doc315024 Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. Though having vast demographic and cultural differences since colonial times, the inhabitants of modern-day Dominican Republic and Haiti have at times been allies a
- 0 doc77485 Dominican War of Independence. Eventually the Haitian government became extremely unpopular throughout the country. The Dominican population grew increasingly impatient with Haiti's poor management an
- 0 doc110272 Dominican Republic. The newly independent republic ended two months later under the Haitian government led by Jean-Pierre Boyer.[55]

0	doc77489	Dominican War of Independence. On February 27, 1844, some 100 Dominicans seized the fortress of
0	doc110279	Puerta del Conde in the city of Santo Domingo, and the following day the Haitian garrison surrendered.[4
0	doc77487	Dominican Republic. The decades that followed were filled with tyranny, factionalism, economic
0	doc77487	difficulties, rapid changes of government, and exile for political opponents. Threatening the nation's in
0	doc77493	Dominican War of Independence. In 1843 the revolution made a breakthrough: they worked with a liberal
0	doc77493	Haitian party that overthrew President Jean-Pierre Boyer. However, the Trinitarios'[5] work in the
0	doc2353285	Dominican War of Independence. By late 1854 the Hispaniolan nations were at war again. In November,
0	doc2353285	2 Dominican ships captured a Haitian warship and bombarded two Haitian ports.[1] In November 1855, S
0	doc44830	History of the Dominican Republic. Santana initially was named Capitan-General of the new Spanish
0	doc44830	province, but it soon became obvious that Spanish authorities planned to deprive him of his power, lea
0	doc1124972	United States territorial acquisitions. The first United States occupation of the Dominican Republic lasted
0	doc1124972	from 1916 to 1924. It was one of the many interventions in Latin America undertaken by the m
0	doc2353344	Americas. Decolonization of the Americas began with the American Revolution and the Haitian
0	doc2353344	Revolution in the late 1700s. This was followed by numerous Latin American wars of independence in the
0	doc2353276	early
0	doc2353276	History of the Dominican Republic. The Dominican Republic was involved in the US-led coalition in Iraq,
0	doc2353276	as part of the Spain-led Latin-American Plus Ultra Brigade. But in 2004, the nation pulled its 3
0	doc2353323	History of the Dominican Republic. The Dominican Republic's first constitution was adopted on
0	doc2353323	November 6, 1844. The state was commonly known as Santo Domingo in English until the early 20th
0	doc2353340	century.[2
0	doc2353340	History of the Dominican Republic. At the insistence of the United States, Balaguer was forced to share
0	doc77488	power with a seven-member Council of State, established on January 1, 1962, and including modera
0	doc77488	History of the Dominican Republic. In 1996, U.S.-raised Leonel Fernandez Reyna of Bosch's Partido de
0	doc2353312	la Liberacion Dominicana (Dominican Liberation Party) secured more than 51% of the vote, through an
0	doc2353312	Dominican War of Independence. In December 1843 the rebels told Duarte to return since they had to
0	doc2353312	act quickly because they were afraid the Haitians had learned of their insurrection plans. When Duart
0	doc2353271	History of the Dominican Republic. The occupation ended in 1924, with a democratically elected
0	doc2353271	government under president Vasquez. The Vasquez administration brought great social and economic
0	doc77490	prosperi
0	doc77490	History of the Dominican Republic. Dominican leadersrecognizing their vulnerability both to Spanish and
0	doc77490	to Haitian attack and also seeking to maintain their slaves as propertyattempted to annex them
0	doc2353262	Dominican War of Independence. Meanwhile, at sea, the Dominican schooners Maria Chica (3 guns),
0	doc2353262	commanded by Juan Bautista Maggiolo, and the Separacion Dominicana (5 guns), commanded by Juan
0	doc77477	Bautista
0	doc77477	History of the Dominican Republic. In 1605, Spain was infuriated that Spanish settlements on the
0	doc475246	northern and western coasts of the island were carrying out large scale and illegal trade with the Dutc
0	doc475246	Dominican War of Independence. At the time Haiti had been more economically and militarily powerful
0	doc420310	and had a population 8 to 10 times larger than the former Spanish colony, having been the richest co
0	doc420310	Latin America. In 1804, Haiti became the first Latin American nation to gain independence, following a
0	doc110277	violent slave revolt led by Toussaint L'ouverture on the French colony of Saint-Domingue. The vic
0	doc110277	Latin American wars of independence. Paraguay gained its independence on the night of May 14 and the
0	doc77478	morning of May 15, 1811, after a plan organized by various pro-independence nationalists including
0	doc77478	Dominican Republic. In 1838 Juan Pablo Duarte founded a secret society called La Trinitaria, which
0	doc77478	sought the complete independence of Santo Domingo without any foreign intervention.[58]:p147149 Mati
0	doc77478	Dominican War of Independence. In 1844, the members of La Trinitaria chose El Conde, the prominent

		Gate of the Count in the old city walls, as the rallying point for their insurrection against the H
0	doc2353299	History of the Dominican Republic. With the nation on the brink of defaulting, France, Germany, Italy and the Netherlands sent warships to Santo Domingo to press the claims of their nationals. In orde
0	doc315037	Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. In the Dominican War of Independence[21] Dominicans fought against the Haitian occupation.[22] On February 27, 1844 the Dominicans gained freedom from Haitian rule,
0	doc2353283	History of the Dominican Republic. In 1860, a group of Americans tried unsuccessfully to take over the small Dominican island of Alto Velo off the southwestern border coast of Hispaniola.
0	doc1017307	Dominican Civil War. The Dominican Civil War (Spanish: Guerra Civil Dominicana) took place between April 24, 1965, and September 3, 1965, in Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. It started when civilian
0	doc901995	Carnival in the Dominican Republic. Though it is not known for certain, it is thought that the colony of Santo Domingo was the first place in the Americas to have a pre-Lenten costume. The celebration
0	doc2353268	History of the Dominican Republic. Although the Spanish military effort went well on Hispaniola, it did not so in Europe. The Spanish colony was ceded first to France in 1795 as part of the Treaty of
0	doc2353310	History of the Dominican Republic. In the 1920 United States presidential election Republican candidate Warren Harding criticized the occupation and promised eventual U.S. withdrawal. While Jimenes an
0	doc2353298	History of the Dominican Republic. In 1904, American warships bombarded insurgents in Santo Domingo for insulting the United States flag and damaging an American steamer.[45]
0	doc2353328	History of the Dominican Republic. Denied a military victory, the Constitutionalist rebels quickly had a Constitutionalist congress elect Caamano president of the country. U.S. officials countered by
0	doc77480	Dominican War of Independence. The population of the Spanish colony stood at approximately 80,000 with the vast majority being European descendants and free people of color. Santo Domingo's plantation
0	doc1017310	Dominican Civil War. Wilson thus ordered the U.S. occupation of the Dominican Republic. U.S. Marines landed on May 16, 1916, and had control of the country two months later. The military government es
0	doc110281	Dominican Republic. In 1861, after imprisoning, silencing, exiling, and executing many of his opponents and due to political and economic reasons, Santana signed a pact with the Spanish Crown and reve
0	doc2353338	History of the Dominican Republic. Elections were again held in 1982. Salvador Jorge Blanco of the Dominican Revolutionary Party defeated Bosch and a resurgent Balaguer.
0	doc2353331	History of the Dominican Republic. On 15 June the rebels launched their final attempt to escape their Ciudad Nuevo stronghold. CamaaAo hurled all his best remaining units and weapons against the Amer
0	doc110408	Dominican Republic. The Dominican Republic celebrates Dia de la Altagracia on January 21 in honor of its patroness, Duarte's Day on January 26 in honor of one of its founding fathers, Independence Day
0	doc77483	Dominican War of Independence. Haiti's president, Jean-Pierre Boyer, conducted the third military campaign of Santo Domingo, this one was met with resistance, partly due to the previous invasion exper
0	doc2353289	History of the Dominican Republic. By the time the Spanish departed, most of the main towns lay in ruins and the island was divided among several dozen caudillos. Jose Maria Cabral controlled most of
0	doc2353246	History of the Dominican Republic. The recorded history of the Dominican Republic began when the Genoa-born navigator Christopher Columbus, working for the Spanish Crown, happened upon a large island
0	doc315031	Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. A group of Dominican military officers favored uniting the newly independent nation with Haiti, as they sought for political stability under Haitian president Jean-
0	doc2353265	History of the Dominican Republic. During this seventeenth century of misery, the Spanish on Hispaniola continued to persecute maroons living peacefully in the island's interior mountains and valley
0	doc2353261	History of the Dominican Republic. In 1592, Christopher Newport attacked the town of Azua on the bay of Ocoa, which was taken and plundered.[8] In 1595 the Spanish, frustrated by the twenty-year rebel
0	doc110288	Dominican Republic. Wilson thus ordered the U.S. occupation of the Dominican Republic. U.S. Marines

0	doc2353314	landed on May 16, 1916, and had control of the country two months later. The military government est History of the Dominican Republic. In February, a revolution was proclaimed in Santiago by a lawyer named Rafael Estrella Urena. When the commander of the Guardia Nacional Dominicana (the new designat
0	doc2212775	Spanish West Indies. Some smaller islands were ceded to other European powers as a result of war, or diplomatic agreements during the 17th and 18th centuries. Others such as Dominican Republic gained
0	doc561290	Haiti. On 27 February 1846, President RichA died after only a few days of power and was replaced by an obscure officer, General Faustin Soulouque. During the first two years of Soulouque's administra
0	doc384101	Politics of the Dominican Republic. The President of the Republic was presented as an impartial public figure that would provide a source of unity to the Republic.
0	doc1099139	Santo Domingo. On 27 February 1844 Santo Domingo was again the capital of a free nation, when it gained its independence from Haiti, led by Dominican nationalist Juan Pablo Duarte. The city was a priz
0	doc315025	Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. Beginning in 1789, free people of color of Saint-Domingue were inspired by the French Revolution to seek an expansion of their rights. Initially, the slave populati
0	doc818371	History of the Caribbean. Haiti, the former French colony of Saint-Domingue on Hispaniola, was the first Caribbean nation to gain independence from European powers in 1804. This followed 13 years of w
0	doc2353247	History of the Dominican Republic. The Taino people called the island Quisqueya (mother of all lands) and Ayiti (land of high mountains). At the time of Columbus' arrival in 1492, the island's territo
0	doc2038263	Presidency of Theodore Roosevelt. A crisis in the Dominican Republic became the first test case for the Roosevelt Corollary. Deeply in debt, the nation struggled to repay its European creditors. Feari
0	doc315033	Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. In order to raise funds for the huge indemnity of 150 million francs that Haiti agreed to pay the former French colonists, and which was subsequently lowered to 60
0	doc77479	Dominican War of Independence. At the beginning of the 1800s, the colony of Santo Domingo, which had once been the headquarters of Spanish power in the New World was in its worst decline. Spain during
0	doc2648080	Culture of the Dominican Republic. Other festivals include the Festivales del Santo Cristo de Bayaguana on New Years Day. Events leading up to Mass include a parade, music, and dance. Each January the
0	doc2353320	History of the Dominican Republic. Trujillo and his family established a near-monopoly over the national economy. By the time of his death, he had accumulated a fortune of around \$800 million; he and
0	doc2353342	History of the Dominican Republic. FernAndez instituted austerity measures to deflate the peso and rescue the country from its economic crisis, and in the first half of 2006, the economy grew 11.7%.
0	doc2648041	Culture of the Dominican Republic. The Dominican Republic was the site of the first European settlement in the Western Hemisphere, namely Santo Domingo founded in 1493. As a result of three centuries
0	doc512290	Dominican Republic immigration to Puerto Rico. Politics continued to play a role in emigration in succeeding decades, as presidential election years produced emigration peaks whenever Balaguer, a memb
0	doc2648046	Culture of the Dominican Republic. There has always been religious freedom throughout the entire country. Not until the 1950s were restrictions placed upon churches by Trujillo. Letters of protest wer
0	doc315036	Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. In 1838 Juan Pablo Duarte, an educated Dominican nationalist, founded a resistance movement called La Trinitaria. They initially worked with a liberal Haitian party
0	doc2353278	History of the Dominican Republic. Santana used the ever-present threat of Haitian invasion as a justification for consolidating dictatorial powers. For the Dominican elitelmostly landowners, merchant
0	doc1914158	Visa requirements for Dominican Republic citizens. Visa requirements for holders of normal passports traveling for tourist purposes:
0	doc110280	Dominican Republic. Meanwhile, archrivals Santana and Buenaventura Baez held power most of the time, both ruling arbitrarily. They promoted competing plans to annex the new nation to another power:

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- 0 doc2353272 History of the Dominican Republic. The twenty-two-year Haitian occupation that followed is recalled by Dominicans as a period of brutal military rule, though the reality is more complex. It led to lar
- 0 doc561292 Haiti. Emboldened by the sudden retreat of the Haitian army, the Dominicans had resumed their depredations. Their flotilla went as far as Dame-Marie, which they plundered and set on fire.[91] Soulouqu
- 0 doc110268 Dominican Republic. France came to own Hispaniola in 1795 when by the Peace of Basel Spain ceded Santo Domingo as a consequence of the French Revolutionary Wars. The recently freed Africans led by Tou
- 0 doc2353269 History of the Dominican Republic. The population of the new Spanish colony stood at approximately 104,000. Of this number, about 30,000 were slaves, and the rest a mixture of white, Indian, and black
- 0 doc2353275 History of the Dominican Republic. On July 16, 1838 white Creole Juan Pablo Duarte together with Pedro Alejandrino Pina, Juan Isidro Perez, Felipe Alfau, Benito Gonzalez, Felix Maria Ruiz, Juan Nepumo
- 0 doc110328 Dominican Republic. The Dominican Republic's relationship with neighbouring Haiti is strained over mass Haitian migration to the Dominican Republic, with citizens of the Dominican Republic blaming the
- 0 doc2353282 History of the Dominican Republic. The Dominicans, emboldened, resumed their depredations. Their flotilla went as far as Dame-Marie, which they plundered and set on fire. In 1853 Santana was elected p
- 0 doc512289 Dominican Republic immigration to Puerto Rico. Dominican migration increased sharply after 1961 as a result of political events, of which the first was the assassination of Trujillo that year. Many po
- 0 doc77492 Dominican War of Independence. On March 9, 1849, President Faustin Soulouque of Haiti led 10,000 troops in an invasion of the Dominican Republic. Dominican General (and presidential contender) Santana
- 0 doc512287 Dominican Republic immigration to Puerto Rico. Many residents of clColonial Santo Domingo, now the Dominican Republic, left for Puerto Rico because of the cession of Santo Domingo to France in 1795, t
- 0 doc1124974 Americas. The remaining European colonies in the Caribbean began to achieve peaceful independence well after World War II. Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago became independent in 1962, and Guyana and Ba
- 0 doc2648045 Culture of the Dominican Republic. The Catholic Church began to lose popularity in the late 19th century. This was due to a lack of funding, of priests, and of support programs. During the same time,
- 0 doc315034 Dominican RepublicHaiti relations. Haiti's constitution also forbade white elites from owning land,[citation needed] and the major landowning families were forcibly deprived of their properties. Most
- 0 doc420297 Latin American wars of independence. When Mexico achieved its independence in 1821 with the Treaty of Cordoba, the Captaincy General of Guatemala that had ruled Central America became politically inde
- 0 doc512288 Dominican Republic immigration to Puerto Rico. The dictatorship of Rafael Trujillo from 1930 and 1961 greatly constrained foreign travel by Dominicans. In 1960, there were 1,812 Dominicans in Puerto R
- 0 doc1017322 Dominican Civil War. The first post war elections were held on 1 July 1966, pitting Reformist Party candidate Joaquin Balaguer against former president Juan Emilio Bosch Gavino. Balaguer emerged victo
- 0 doc463512 Spanish Empire. Santo Domingo likewise declared independence in 1821 and began negotiating for inclusion in Bolivar's Republic of Gran Colombia, but was quickly occupied by Haiti, which ruled it until
- 0 doc2353300 History of the Dominican Republic. In 1906, Morales resigned, and Horacista vice-president Ramon Caceres became President. After suppressing a rebellion in the northwest by Jimenista General Desiderio
- 0 doc2353319 History of the Dominican Republic. Soon after the end of World War II, Trujillo constructed an arms factory at San Cristobal. It made hand grenades, gunpowder, dynamite, revolvers, automatic rifles, c

Non-retrieved Relevant Documents: