

Assignment No -8

1) Assume each salesperson has a 12% commission.

Write a query on the orders table that will produce the order number, the salesperson number, and the amount of the salesperson's commission for that order.

->select onum,snum ,sum(Amt*0.01)from orders group by onum,snum;

```
D5_Bhushan_83923>select onum,snum ,sum(Amt*0.01)from orders group by onum,snum;
+-----+-----+-----+
| onum | snum | sum(Amt*0.01) |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 3001 | 1007 |          0.19 |
| 3003 | 1001 |          7.67 |
| 3002 | 1004 |         19.00 |
| 3005 | 1002 |         51.60 |
| 3006 | 1007 |         10.98 |
| 3009 | 1003 |         34.26 |
| 3007 | 1002 |          0.76 |
| 3008 | 1001 |         47.23 |
| 3010 | 1002 |         13.10 |
| 3011 | 1001 |         98.92 |
+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Write a query on the Customers table that will find the highest rating in each city. Put the output in this form:

For the city (city), the highest rating is :
(rating).

->select city as 'For the city ',max(Rating) as'the highest rating is' from customers group by city;

```
D5_Bhushan_83923>select city as 'For the city ',max(Rating) as'the highest rating is' from customers group by city;
+-----+-----+
| For the city | the highest rating is |
+-----+-----+
| London      |          100          |
| Rome        |          200          |
| San Jose    |          300          |
| Berlin      |          300          |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Write a query that lists customers in descending order of rating. Output the rating field first, followed by the customer's name and number.

-> select rating,cname,cnum from customers order by rating desc;

```
D5_Bhushan_83923>select rating,cname,cnum from customers order by rating desc;
+-----+-----+-----+
| rating | cname   | cnum |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 300    | Grass   | 2004 |
| 300    | cisneros | 2008 |
| 200    | Giovanni | 2002 |
| 200    | Livu    | 2003 |
| 100    | Hoffman | 2001 |
| 100    | Clemens | 2006 |
| 100    | Pereira | 2007 |
+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a query that totals the orders for each day and places the results in descending order.

-> select odate,count(onum) from orders group by odate order by count(onum) desc;

```
D5_Bhushan_83923>select odate,count(onum) from orders group by odate order by count(onum) desc;
+-----+-----+
| odate      | count(onum) |
+-----+-----+
| 1990-10-03 | 5           |
| 1990-10-04 | 3           |
| 1990-10-06 | 2           |
| 1990-10-05 | 1           |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```