# King Saud University College of Computer & Information Science CSC111 - Tutorial07 Loops All Sections

-----

# **Objectives:**

Student should learn how to:

- 1- Follow the loop design strategy to develop loops.
- 2- Control a loop with a sentinel value.
- 3- Write loops using for statements
- 4- Write nested loops
- 5- Combine loops and control statements to solve problems with complex logic

### **Exercise 1**

1) How many times is the println statement executed in the following code?

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
  for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
    System.out.println(i * j)</pre>
```

2) Show the output of the following programs?

```
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    for (int i = 1; i < 5; i++) {
      int j = 0;
      while (j < i) {
         System.out.print(j + " ");
         j++;
      }
    }
  }
}</pre>
```

(a)

```
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int i = 0;
    while (i < 5) {
       for (int j = i; j > 1; j--)
            System.out.print(j + " ");
            System.out.println("****");
            i++;
        }
    }
}
```

```
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int i = 5;
    while (i >= 1) {
       int num = 1;
       for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
            System.out.print(num + "xxx");
            num *= 2;
        }
        System.out.println();
        i--;
       }
    }
}</pre>
```

(c)

```
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int i = 1;
    do {
      int num = 1;
      for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
            System.out.print(num + "G");
            num += 2;
      }

      System.out.println();
      i++;
    } while (i <= 5);
    }
}</pre>
```

# **Solution**

1) 45 times

2)

a)

```
0 0 1 0 1 2 0 1 2 3
```

b)

```
****

2 ****

3 2 ****

4 3 2 ****
```

c)

```
1xxx2xxx4xxx8xxx16xxx
1xxx2xxx4xxx8xxx
1xxx2xxx4xxx
1xxx2xxx
1xxx2xxx
1xxx
```

d)

```
1G
1G3G
1G3G5G
1G3G5G7G
1G3G5G7G9G
```

## **Exercise 2**

Write a program that reads a character then displays the following pattern using the input character (assuming input character is 'A' and height is 6):

```
A
A A A
A A A A
A A A A A
```

Height of pattern and character are input by user.

```
(Hint: assuming name of your Scanner object is input, use input.next().charAt(0); to read a character from user.)
```

### Solution

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Triangle {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter character: ");
        char c = input.next().charAt(0);
        System.out.print("Enter height: ");
        int height = input.nextInt();
        for (int i = 1; i <= height; i++) {</pre>
            // Print leading space
            for (int j = height - i; j >= 1; j--)
                System.out.print(" ");
            for (int j = i; j >= 1; j--)
                System.out.print(c + " ");
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```