## **ASSIGNMENT - 3 Java Operators and Decision Constructs**

1.	Which of the following variable types is not permitted in a switch statement?
	A. String
	B. double
	C. int
	D. char
2.	What is the value of tip after executing the following code snippet?
	<pre>int meal = 5; int tip = 2; int total = meal + (meal&gt;6 ? ++tip :tip);</pre>
	A. 1
	B. 2
	C. 3
	D. 6
3.	What is the output of the following application?
	<pre>package registration; public class NameCheck {    public static void main(String data) {       String john = "john";       String jon = new String(john);       System.out.print((john==jon)+" "+(john.equals(jon)));    } }</pre>
	A. true true
	B. true false
	C. false true
	D. false false
4.	What is the output of the following application?
	<pre>package planning; public class ThePlan { public static void main(String[] input) { int plan = 1;</pre>

```
plan = plan++ + --plan;
if(plan==1) {
    System.out.print("Plan A");
} else { if(plan==2) System.out.print("Plan B");
} else System.out.print("Plan C");
}
```

- A. Plan A
- B. Plan B
- C. Plan C
- D. None of the above
- 5. Which of the following statements about a default branch in a switch statement is correct?
  - A. All switch statements must include a default statement.
  - B. The default statement is required to be placed after all case statements.
  - C. Unlike a case statement, the default statement does not take a value.
  - D. A default statement can only be used when at least one case statement is present.
- 6. What is the value of thatNumber after the execution of the following code snippet?

```
long thatNumber = 5 >= 5 ? 1+2 : 1*1;
if(++thatNumber < 4)
   thatNumber += 1;</pre>
```

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. The answer cannot be determined until runtime.
- 7. Which statement immediately exits a switch statement, skipping all remaining case or default branches?
  - A. exit
  - B. break
  - C. goto

- D. continue
- 8. Which statement about ternary expressions is true?
  - A. In some cases, both expressions to the right of the conditional operator in a ternary expression will be evaluated at runtime.
  - B. Ternary expressions require parentheses for proper evaluation.
  - C. The ternary expressions are a convenient replacement for an if-then-else statement.
  - D. Ternary expressions support int and boolean expressions for the left-most operand.
- 9. What is the output of the following application?

```
package voting;
1: public class Election {
       public void calculateResult(Integer candidateA, Integer
candidateB) {
         boolean process = candidateA == null ||
candidateA.intValue() < 10;</pre>
4:
         boolean value = candidateA && candidateB;
5:
         System.out.print(process || value);
6:
7:
      public static void main(String[] unused) {
         new Election().calculateResult(null, 203);
8:
9:
10: }
A. true
```

- B. false
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws a NullPointerException on line 3 at runtime.
- 10. What is the output of the following application?

```
package dinosaur;
public class Park {
   public final static void main(String... arguments) {
     int pterodactyl = 6;
     long triceratops = 3;
     if(pterodactyl % 3 >= 1)
        triceratops++;
        triceratops--;
```

```
System.out.print(triceratops);
}
A. 2
B. 3
C. 4
```

- D. The code does not compile.
- 11. Which statement about if-then statements is true?
  - A. An if-then statement is required to have an else statement.
  - B. If the boolean test of an if-then statement evaluates to false, then the target clause of the if-then statement will still be evaluated.
  - C. An if-then statement is required to cast an object.
  - D. An if-then statement can execute a single statement or a block {}.
- 12. What is the output of the following application?

```
package restaurant;
public class Pieces {
   public static void main(String[] info) {
      int flair = 15;
      if(flair >= 15 && flair < 37) {
            System.out.print("Not enough");
      } if(flair==37) {
            System.out.print("Just right");
      } else {
            System.out.print("Too many");
      }
   }
}</pre>
```

- A. Not enough
- B. Just right
- C. Too many
- D. None of the above
- 13. Which statement about case statements of a switch statement is not true?
  - A. A case value can be final.
  - B. A case statement must be terminated with a break statement.

- C. A case value can be a literal expression.
- D. A case value must match the data type of the switch variable, or be able to be promoted to that type.
- 14. Given the following truth table, which operator for the boolean expressions x and y corresponds to this relationship?

			x = true	x = false
У	=	true	true	false
У	=	false	false	false

```
A. --
```

B. ++

C. 11

D. &&

15. What is the output of the following code snippet?

```
int hops = 0;
int jumps = 0;
jumps = hops++;
if(jumps)
   System.out.print("Jump!");
else
   System.out.print("Hop!");
```

- A. Jump!
- B. Hop!
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.
- 16. Fill in the blanks: The \_\_\_\_\_\_ operator increases the value of a variable by 1 and returns the new value, while the \_\_\_\_\_ operator decreases the value of a variable by 1 and returns the original value.
  - A. pre-increment [++v], pre-decrement [--v]
  - B. pre-increment [++v], post-decrement [v--]
  - C. post-increment [v++], pre-decrement [--v]
  - D. post-increment [v++], post-decrement [v--]

17. What is the output of the following application?

```
package jungle;
public class TheBigRace {
    public static void main(String[] in) {
        int tiger = 2;
        short lion = 3;
        long winner = lion+2*(tiger + lion);
        System.out.print(winner);
    }
}
A. 11
B. 13
C. 25
```

- D. None of the above
- 18. Given the following code snippet, assuming dayOfWeek is an int, what variable type of saturday is not permitted?

```
final _____ saturday = 6;
switch(dayOfWeek) {
    default:
        System.out.print("Another Weekday");
        break;
    case saturday:
        System.out.print("Weekend!");
}
A. byte
B. long
C. int
```

- D. None of the above
- 19. Given the following code snippet, what is the value of dinner after it is executed?

```
int time = 11;
int day = 4;
String dinner = time > 10 ? day ? "Takeout" : "Salad" :
"Leftovers";
```

A. Takeout

- B. Salad
- C. The code does not compile but would compile if parentheses were added.
- D. None of the above
- 20. What is the output of the following application?

```
package recreation;
public class Dancing {
   public static void main(String[] vars) {
      int leaders = 10 * (2 + (1 + 2 / 5);
      int followers = leaders * 2;
      System.out.print(leaders + followers < 10 ? "Too few" :
"Too many");
   }
}</pre>
```

- A. Too few
- B. Too many
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws a division by zero error at runtime.
- 21. What is the output of the following application?

```
package schedule;
public class PrintWeek {
   public static final void main(String[] days) {
      System.out.print(5 + 6 + "7" + 8 + 9);
   }
}
```

- A. 56789
- B. 11789
- C. 11717
- D. The code does not compile.
- ?2. Fill in the blanks: The\_\_\_\_\_ operator is used to find the difference between two numbers, while the\_\_\_\_\_ operator is used to find the remainder when one number is divided by another.
  - A. /, %
  - B. -, %

```
C. %, <
D. -, ||
```

23. What is the output of the following application?

```
package transporter;
public class Rematerialize {
   public static void main(String[] input) {
      int dog = 11;
      int cat = 3;
      int partA = dog / cat;
      int partB = dog % cat;
      int newDog = partB + partA * cat;
      System.out.print(newDog);
}
A. 9
B. 11
```

- C. 15
- D. The code does not compile.
- 24. What is the output of the following application?

```
package dessert;
public class IceCream {
   public final static void main(String... args) {
      int flavors = 30;
      int eaten = 0;
      switch(flavors) {
         case 30: eaten++;
         case 40: eaten+=2;
         default: eaten--;
      System.out.print(eaten);
   }
}
```

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. The code does not compile.
- 25. What is the output of the following application?

```
package mode;
public class Transportation {
   public static String travel(int distance) {
      return distance<1000 ? "train" : 10;
   }
   public static void main(String[] answer) {
      System.out.print(travel(500));
   }
}</pre>
```

- A. train
- B. 10
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.
- 26. Fill in the blanks: Given two non-null String objects with reference names apples \_\_\_\_\_ and oranges, if apples oranges evaluates to true, then apples \_\_\_\_\_ oranges must also evaluate to true.

```
A. ==, equals()
```

- B. !=, equals()
- C. equals(), ==
- D. equals(), =!
- 27. For a given non-null String myTestVariable, what is the resulting value of executing the statement myTestVariable.equals(null)?
  - A. true
  - B. false
  - C. The statement does not compile.
  - D. The statement compiles but will produce an exception when used at runtime.
- 28. How many 1s are outputted when the following application is compiled and run?

```
package city;
public class Road {
   public static void main(String... in) {
     int intersections = 100;
     int streets = 200;
```

```
if (intersections < 150) {
        System.out.print("1");
    } else if (streets && intersections > 1000) {
        System.out.print("2");
    } if (streets < 500)
        System.out.print("1");
    else
        System.out.print("2");
}</pre>
```

- A. None
- B. One
- C. Two
- D. The code does not compile.
- 29. Which statement about the logical operators & and && is true?
  - A. The & and && operators are interchangeable, always producing the same results at runtime.
  - B. The & operator always evaluates both operands, while the && operator may only evaluate the left operand.
  - C. Both expressions evaluate to true if either operand is true.
  - D. The & operator always evaluates both operands, while the && operator may only evaluate the right operand.
- 30. What is the output of the following code snippet?

```
int x = 10, y = 5;
boolean w = true, z = false;
x = w ? y++ : y--;
w = !z;
System.out.print((x+y)+" "+(w ? 5 : 10));
```

A. The code does not compile.

```
B. 10 10
```

C. 11 5

D. 12 5

31. What is the output of the following application?

```
package bob;
```

```
public class AreYouBob {
   public static void main(String[] unused) {
      String bob = new String("bob");
      String notBob = bob;
      System.out.print((bob==notBob)+" "+(bob.equals(notBob)));
   }
}
```

- A. true true
- B. true false
- C. false true
- D. false false
- 32. What is the value of 12 + 6 \* 3 % (1 + 1) in Java?
  - A. 0
  - B. 12
  - C. 14
  - D. None of the above
- 33. Given the following truth table, the boolean variables p and q, and the expression p ^ q, what are the missing values in the truth table, starting with the first column?

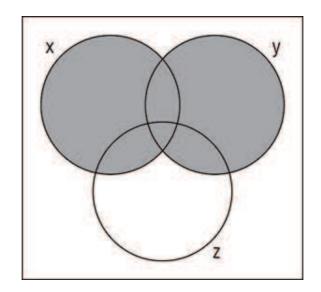
	p = true	p = false
q = true	false	true
q = false		

- A. false and true
- B. false and false
- C. true and true
- D. true and false
- 34. Which of the following is not a possible result of executing the following application?

```
public class ConditionallyLogical {
   public static void main(String... data) {
     if(data.length>=1
        && (data[0].equals("sound") || data[0].equals
("logic"))
```

```
&& data.length<2) {
    System.out.print(data[0]);
    }
}</pre>
```

- A. Nothing is printed.
- B. sound is printed.
- C. The application throws an exception at runtime.
- D. logic is printed.
- - A. \*, --, /
  - B. %, -, \*
  - C. /, \*, %
  - D. \*, -, /
- 36. What statement about the ^ operator is correct?
  - A. If one of the operands of ^ is true, then the result is always true.
  - B. There is a conditional form of the operator, denoted as ^^.
  - C. If both operands of ^ are true, the result is true.
  - D. The ^ operator can only be applied to boolean values.
- 37. Given the following Venn diagram and the variables, x, y, and z, which Java expression most closely represents the filled-in region of the diagram?



```
A. x || z
B. y || (y && z)
C. x || y
D. y && x
```

38. What variable type of red allows the following application to compile?

D. None of the above

C. int

39. Which two operators would be used to test if a number is equal to or greater

```
than 5.21 but strictly less than 8.1?
   A. > and <=
   B. >= and >
   C. < and >=
   D. < and >
10. What is the output of the following application?
   package transporter;
   public class TurtleVsHare {
      public static void main(String[] arguments) {
          int turtle = 10 * (2 + (3 + 2) / 5);
          int hare = turtle < 5 ? 10 : 25;
          System.out.print(turtle < hare ? "Hare wins!" : "Turtle</pre>
   wins!");
       }
   }
   A. Hare wins!
   B. Turtle wins!
   C. The code does not compile.
   D. The code compiles but throws a division by zero error at runtime.
$1. What is the output of the following application?
   public class CountEntries {
       public static int getResult(int threshold) {
          return threshold > 5 ? 1 : 0;
      public static final void main(String[] days) {
          System.out.print(getResult(5)+getResult(1)
             +getResult(0)+getResult(2)+"");
   }
   A. 0
   B. 1
   C. 0000
   D. 1000
12. What is the output of the following application?
```

	<pre>package yoyo; public class TestGame {    public String runTest(boolean spinner, boolean roller) {       if(spinner = roller) return "up";       else return roller ? "down" : "middle";    }    public static final void main(String pieces[]) {       final TestGame tester = new TestGame();       System.out.println(tester.runTest(false,true));    }</pre>				
	}				
	A. up				
	B. middle				
	C. down				
	D. The code does not compile.				
13.	Fill in the blanks: The operator is true if either of the operands are true, while the operator flips a boolean value.				
	A. +, -				
	B. &&, !				
	C.  , -				
	D.   ,!				
14.	Given the following code snippet, what is the value of movieRating after it is executed?				
	<pre>int characters = 5; int story = 3; double movieRating = characters &lt;= 4 ? 3 : story&gt;1 ? 2 : 1;</pre>				
	A. 2.0				
	B. 3.0				
	C. The code does not compile but would compile if parentheses were added.				
	D. None of the above				
<b>1</b> 5.	Fill in the blanks: A switch statement can have case statements and default statements.				
	A. at most one, at least one				

- B. any number of, at most one
- C. at least one, any number of
- D. at least one, at most one
- **46.** Which of the following is not a possible result of executing the following application?

- A. Nothing is printed.
- B. The application throws an exception at runtime.
- C. Go Outside is printed.
- D. Stay Inside is printed.
- \$17\$. What is the value of (5 + (!2 + 8) \* 3 3 % 2)/2 in Java?
  - A. 2
  - B. 11
  - C. 16
  - D. None of the above
- 48. Given the following truth table, the boolean variables w and z, and the expression w || z, what are the missing values in the truth table, starting with the first row?

	w = true	w = false
z = true	true	
z = false		false

- A. false and false
- B. true and false

- C. true and true
- D. false and true

```
A. +, /, *
B. --, *
C. ++, /, *
D. *, ++, %
```

50. What is the output of the following application?

```
public class Baby {
   public static String play(int toy, int age) {
     final String game;
     if(toy<2)
        game = age > 1 ? 1 : 10; // p1
     else
        game = age > 3 ? "Ball" : "Swim"; // p2
     return game;
   }
   public static void main(String[] variables) {
        System.out.print(play(5,2));
   }
}
```

- A. Ball
- B. Swim
- C. The code does not compile due to p1.
- D. The code does not compile due to p2.