

2/01/25

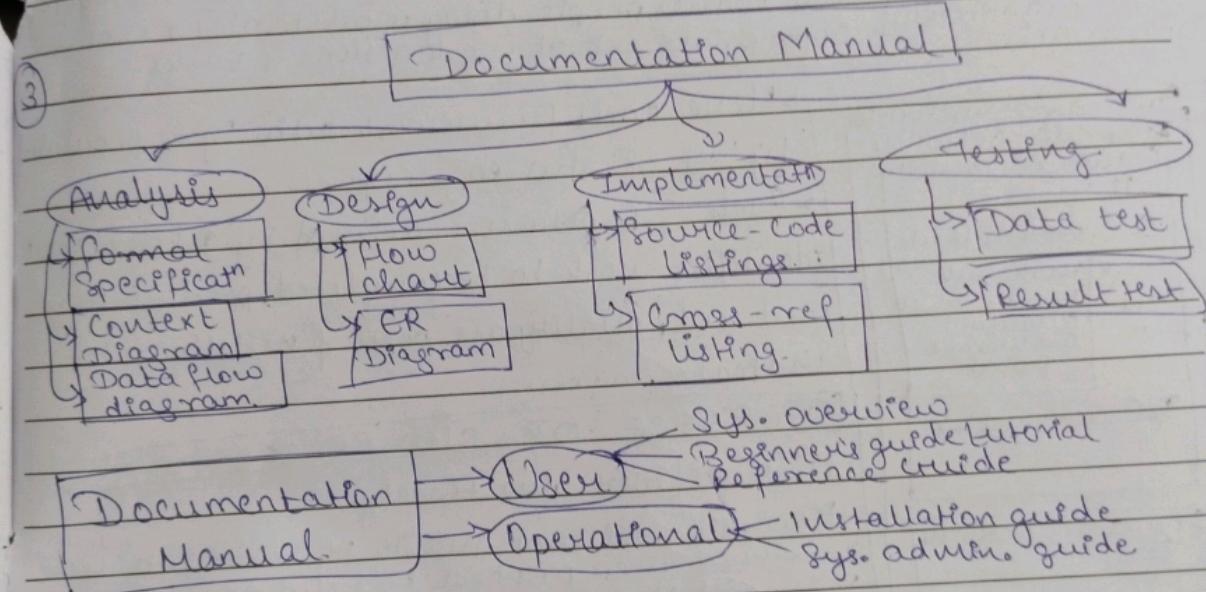
SE

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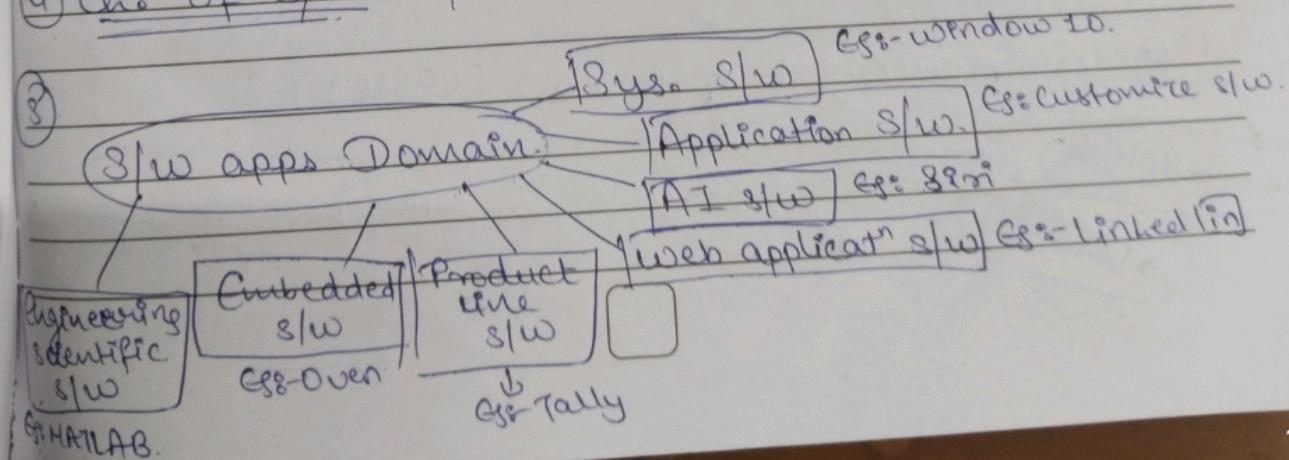
OR

OSE apps are % on time, budget, with acceptable performance
with correct operation

- Q) What is SW? → Computer Program (when executed prov. desired fn, features, etc.)
 → Data structure (enable program to easily manipulate info.)
 → Descriptive info. (both hard & soft the use of program)



④ One of SW & SW is developed / engineered & manufactured

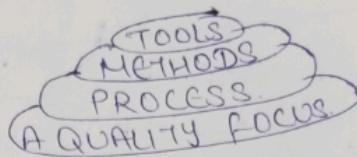




⑥ SE is establishment & use of sound eng. principles in order to obtain economical s/w that is reliable & works efficiently in real machines.

⑦ SE Layered approach

* * COME IN EXAM.
★



(Refer
(ass.)

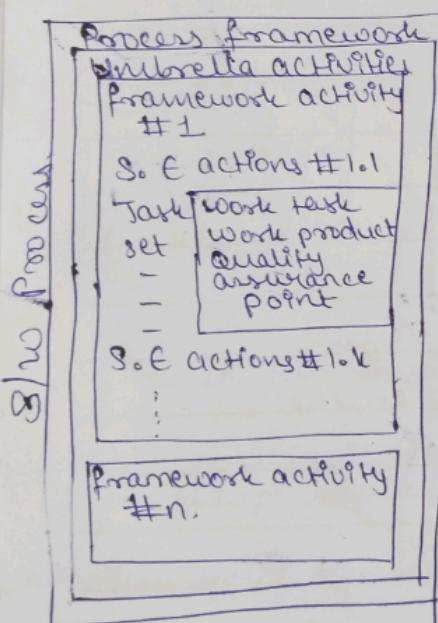
⑧ S/W process:

A task focuses ←
on a small, but
well-defn objective

→ A process is a collection of activities, actions, tasks that are performed when some work product is to be created.

→ A process is not a rigid prescription for how to build the s/w, rather it's adaptable approach that enables people doing work to pick & choose appropriate set of work actions & tasks.

⑨ S/W Process
Diagram:



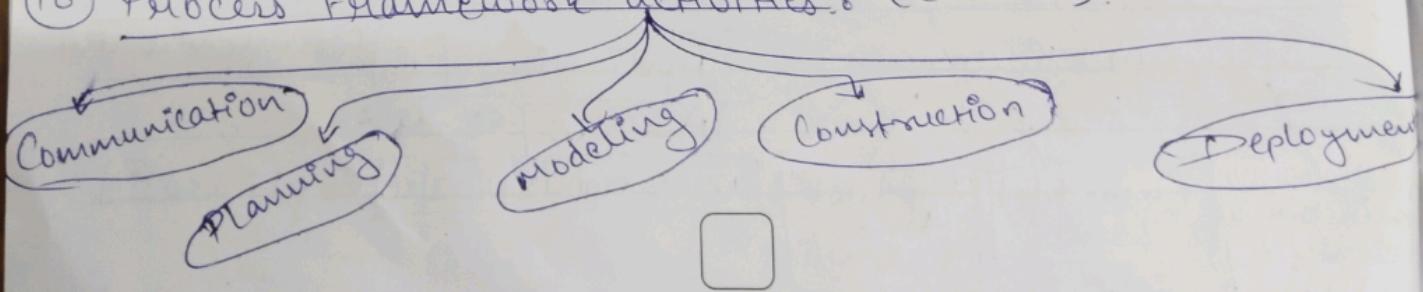
→ Here each framework activity is populated by set of s/w eng. actions.

→ Each S.E. actions is defined by a task set + identifies work to be completed, product to be produced, quality ass. point & milestones to indicate progress.

PURPOSE OF S/W PROCESS IS :

- To deliver s/w timely
- Within sufficient quality to satisfy to those who have given proposal for s/w dev. & to those who will use it.

⑩ Process framework activities: (CPMCD).



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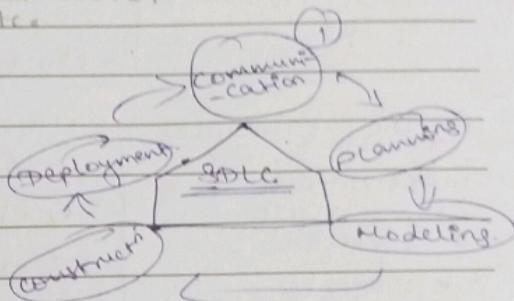
UMBRELLA ACTIVITIES

UMBRELLA ACTIVITIES Applied throughout the project & help a small team to manage & control progress, quality, change & risks.

S/W project track & control	Risk Management	S/W quality assurance	details & collects project measures product measures lead analysis team in determining standards defines criteria for work product reuse selection mechanism to achieve reusable components
select error by programs meet our needs	Technical Review Measurement	Reliability Management	
S/W config. Management	manages effects of changes throughout		

⑫ S/W Process Models:

- aka SDLC (sys dev. life cycle)
 - Process model prescribes distinct set of activities, actions, tasks & milestones to eng. high quality sys.



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graph LR
    Process[Process] --> Waterfall[Waterfall]
    Process --> Prototyping[Prototyping]
    Process --> Spiral[Spiral]
    Process --> Incremental[Incremental]
    Process --> RAD[Rapid Application dev.]
    Process --> Agile[Agile]

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3) Product of Producers

Agility: Updation

It's the property of

quickness, lightness & ease of movement.

the ability to quickly report the
technology of knowledge shift.

The ability to create & respond
in unstable global business env.

MAXIMIZE BUSINESS VALUE

→ Process weak → product suffer

More confidence on process dangerous.

As a professional you should also derive as much satisfaction from process as end product.

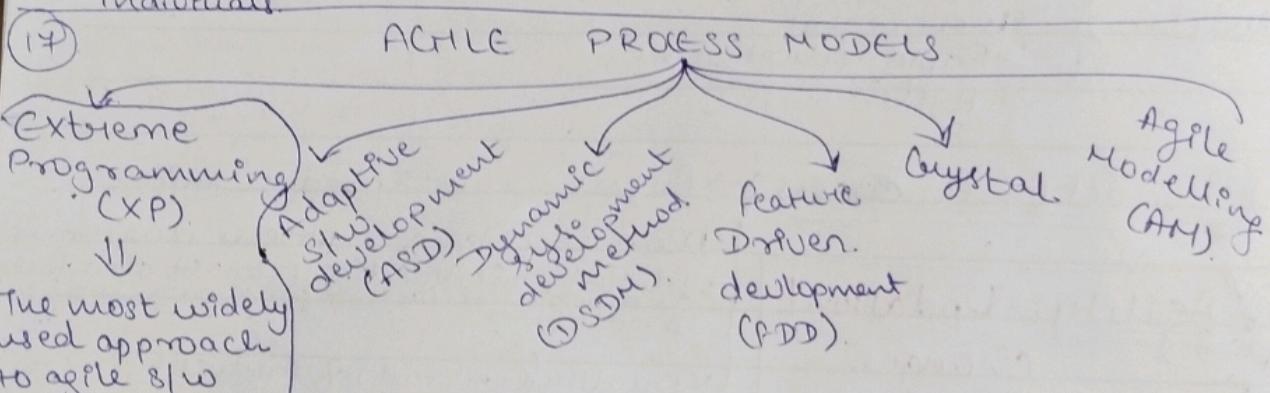
↳ Duality (contrast) of product + process



- Q. What is Agility & effective response to change
- Drawing the customer onto the team.
 - Organising a team so that it is in control to perform work.
 - Eliminate 'us & them' attitude.

- (15) AGILE PROCESS:
- Analysis, design, construction & testing are not as predictable as we like.
 - Diff. in predicting changes of req. of customer's priorities.
 - For many types of sl/w; design & construction are interleaved (mixed).
 - Must adapt incrementally.

- (16) Agility Principles:
- Business people & developer must work together.
 - Build projects around motivated individuals.
 - Higher priority is to satisfy the customer through early & continuous delivery of sl/w.
 - Welcome changing req.
 - Deliver working sl/w frequently.
 - Emphasize face-to-face conversation.



Extreme Programming (XP)

The most widely used approach to agile sl/w development

A variant to XP called Industrial XP (iXP) has been proposed to target process for large org.

It uses object oriented approach as its preferred dev. model

The XP Process:

- ① User stories, own values, customer own design cost
- ② Developers design cost
- ③ Prospect velocity computed at end of Jth release
- ④ Keep it simple
- ⑤ Refactor internally
- ⑥ Design of code No changes
- ⑦ Design observation of code card

[Planning]

[Testing]

[Coding]

- ⑧ Preparation of CEC card
- series of
- ⑨ Develops artifacts & test for stories includes current release
- ⑩ Complete code perform unit test to get immediate feedback.

★ 50-50 chance.

18) SCRUM: It's an agile process model which is used for developing the complex S/W sys.

→ It's light-weight process framework.

→ Light weight means the overhead of process is kept as small as possible in order to maximize productivity.

(CRP)

Includes → Backlog: It's priority list of project req. or features that must be provided to customer.

Demo.

Deliver

S/W increment

to customer

like giving

Demos.

(items can be included anytime)

→ Sprint: There are work units needed to achieve req. mentioned in backlog. It has fixed duration (2-4 weeks).

→ Scrum Meetings: There are 15 mins daily meet to report completed activities, obstacles & plan for next activities. lead to knowledge socialization.