# modeling

April 14, 2025

# 1 Modeling

The goal is to predict the expected value of the total claim amount per exposure unit (year).

• Model the number of claims with a Poisson distribution, and the average claim amount per claim, with a Gamma distribution.

```
[64]: import sys
      from pathlib import Path
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
      from sklearn.linear_model import PoissonRegressor, GammaRegressor
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn.pipeline import make pipeline
      from sklearn.preprocessing import (
          FunctionTransformer,
          OneHotEncoder,
          StandardScaler,
          KBinsDiscretizer,
      )
      # Add parent directory to sys.path
      parent_dir = Path().resolve().parent
      sys.path.append(str(parent_dir))
      from src.utils import replace_birthdate_with_age, load_data, plot_boxplots
      from src.metrics import plot_obs_pred, score_estimator
```

## 1.1 Data load and pre-processing

• load and preprocess data

```
[]: # load feature data
file_path = parent_dir / 'features.parquet'
df_feat = load_data(file_path)
```

```
# preprocess feature data
df_feat = df_feat[df_feat['Exposure'] > 0.2 ]
#df_feat = df_feat[df_feat['ClaimNb'] < 5]</pre>
df_feat = replace_birthdate_with_age(df_feat, 'BirthD',__
→reference_date='2023-01-01')
df_feat['VehGas'] = df_feat['VehGas'].fillna('G3')
df_feat["Exposure"] = df_feat["Exposure"].clip(0.1, 1)
df_feat["ClaimNb"] = df_feat["ClaimNb"].clip(upper=4)
df_feat["DriverAge"] = df_feat["DriverAge"].clip(19, 85)
df_feat['VehAge'] = df_feat['VehAge'].clip(0, 20)
df_feat['BonusMalus'] = df_feat['BonusMalus'].clip(0, 100)
# load target data
file_path = parent_dir / 'target.parquet'
df_target = load_data(file_path)
# preprocess target data
df_target = df_target.groupby('IDpol', as_index=False).agg({'ClaimAmount':u
df_target['ClaimAmount'] = df_target['ClaimAmount'].clip(0, 100000)
# merge feature and target data
df_feat["IDpol"] = df_feat["IDpol"].astype(int)
df_feat.set_index("IDpol", inplace=True)
df = pd.merge(df feat, df target, on='IDpol', how='left')
\#df = df[(df['IDpol'] > 4000000) \& (df['IDpol'] < 5000000)]
#df = df[df['ClaimNb'] > 0]
```

#### 1.2 feature and target definitions

• transform features

#### 1.3 Model Claim frequency model

- The number of claims (ClaimNb) is a positive integer (0 included).
- discrete events occurring in a given time interval (Exposure) independent from each other.
- model the Claim frequency ClaimNb / Exposure and use Exposure as offset.

```
[101]: df_train, df_test, X_train, X_test = train_test_split(df, transmored_features,_\_\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\te
```

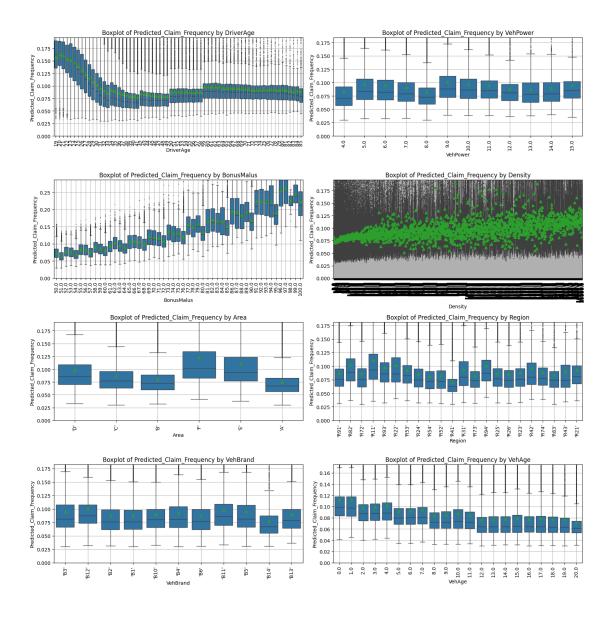
```
Evaluation of PoissonRegressor on target Claim_freq subset train test metric mean abs. error 0.1646 0.1647 mean squared error 0.1541 0.1532 square error score 0.0110 0.0091
```

• visualize the predictes values

```
[102]: df_train["Predicted_Claim_Frequency"] = glm_freq.predict(X_train)
#print(df_train.head(10))

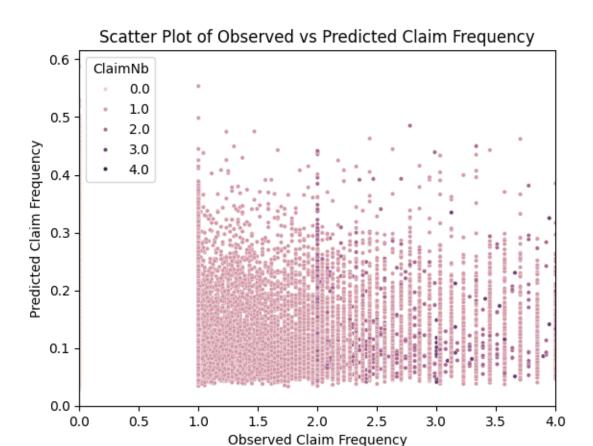
plot_boxplots(['DriverAge', 'VehPower', 'BonusMalus', 'Density', 'Area',

→ 'Region', 'VehBrand', 'VehAge'], 'Predicted_Claim_Frequency', df_train)
```



• visulaize the scatter plot of observed and

```
[93]: sns.scatterplot(
    x=df_train['Claim_freq'],
    y=df_train['Predicted_Claim_Frequency'],
    hue=df_train['ClaimNb'],
    s=10 # Set marker size to be smaller
)
    plt.xlabel('Observed Claim Frequency')
    plt.ylabel('Predicted Claim Frequency')
    plt.title('Scatter Plot of Observed vs Predicted Claim Frequency')
    plt.xlim(0, 4)
    plt.show()
```



### 1.4 Model average claim amount (Gamma distribution)

- filter out records with 0 claim amount
- use ClaimNb as sample\_weight

```
df_test[mask_test],
         target="Avg_claim_amount",
         weights="ClaimNb",
     print("Evaluation of GammaRegressor on target AvgClaimAmount")
     print(scores)
     Evaluation of GammaRegressor on target AvgClaimAmount
     subset
                                train
                                              test
     metric
     mean abs. error 1.473425e+03 1.326602e+03
     mean squared error 2.589491e+07 1.752952e+07
     square error score 4.000000e-04 -9.000000e-04
[95]: print(
         "actual average claim Amount :
                                                  %.2f"
         % df_train["Avg_claim_amount"] [df_train["Avg_claim_amount"] > 0].mean()
     print(
         "Predicted average claim Amount:
                                                 %.2f"
         % glm_amount.predict(X_train).mean()
     )
```

actual average claim Amount: 1774.01 Predicted average claim Amount: 1779.16