

CALCULO I 520129-520143
PRÁCTICA N° 3

PROBLEMA 1. Utilice la definición de límite para demostrar los siguientes límites:

$$1.1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 2x - 3 = -1$$

$$1.2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 4x^2 + 5 = 5$$

$$1.3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 5x + 14 = 29$$

$$1.4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} 3 = 3$$

$$1.5 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{a}, a \neq 0$$

$$1.6 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 6} |x + 4| = 10$$

$$1.7 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{x + 2} = 1$$

$$1.8 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{6}{x + 2} = 2$$

$$1.9 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{6}$$

$$1.10 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x}{x - 1} = +\infty$$

$$1.11 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x - 1}{x} = 1$$

$$1.12 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2x}{x - 1} = -\infty$$

PROBLEMA 2. Analice y calcule los siguientes límites:

$$2.1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} x^n$$

$$2.2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 2 - 3x + 4x^6$$

$$2.3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 5}{3x + 2}$$

$$2.4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}$$

$$2.5 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \cos x$$

$$2.6 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{x}$$

$$2.7 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x}$$

$$2.8 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{\frac{\sin \pi^2 x}{x}}$$

$$2.9 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{\sin 3\pi x}$$

$$2.10 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg} 2x}{\sin 5x}$$

$$2.11 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin |x|}{x}$$

$$2.12 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{x - a}$$

$$2.13 \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1 - 2 \cos t}{\pi - 3t}$$

$$2.14 \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2 + h) - f(2)}{h}, f(x) = |x|$$

$$2.15 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{1 - \sqrt{5 - x}}{3 - \sqrt{5 + x}}$$

$$2.16 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + x} - 1}{\sqrt[3]{1 + x} - 1}$$

PROBLEMA 3. Calcule los límites laterales de la función f , en el punto x_0 .

$$3.1 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 9, & 9 < x < 10 \\ x^2 - 100x + 100, & 10 < x < 15 \end{cases} \quad x_0 = 10$$

$$3.2 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x-4|}{x-4}, & x \neq 4 \\ 0, & x = 4 \end{cases} \quad x_0 = 4$$

$$3.3 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x^2-4|}{x-2}, & x < 2 \\ 3x-2, & x \geq 2 \end{cases} \quad x_0 = 2$$

$$3.4 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2-4x-2, & x < 2 \\ 3x+1, & x > 2 \end{cases} \quad x_0 = 2.$$

PROBLEMA 4. Encuentre las asíntotas verticales, horizontales y oblicuas, si existen, a la gráfica f:

$$4.1 \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2+1}$$

$$4.5 \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x(x-1)} - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$4.2 \quad f(x) = \frac{-2}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$4.6 \quad f(x) = 1 - \frac{1}{x+5}$$

$$4.3 \quad f(x) = \frac{7x}{2x-5}$$

$$4.7 \quad f(x) = \frac{2x^2+1}{x}$$

$$4.4 \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

$$4.8 \quad f(x) = \frac{x+3}{x^2-9}$$

PROBLEMA 5. Estudie la continuidad de las siguientes funciones.

$$5.1 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 20 & x = 3 \\ 2x & x < 3 \\ 3x-3 & x > 3 \end{cases} \quad \text{en } x = 3$$

$$5.2 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\cos(6x) - \cos(4x)}{x^2} & x \neq 0 \\ 0 & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$5.3 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1 & -1 < x < 0 \\ -x-1 & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ x+1 & 1 < x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad \text{en } x = 0, x = 1$$

