# PeerDA: Data Augmentation via Modeling Peer Relation for Span Identification Tasks





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#### Motivation

#### Span identification (SpanID)

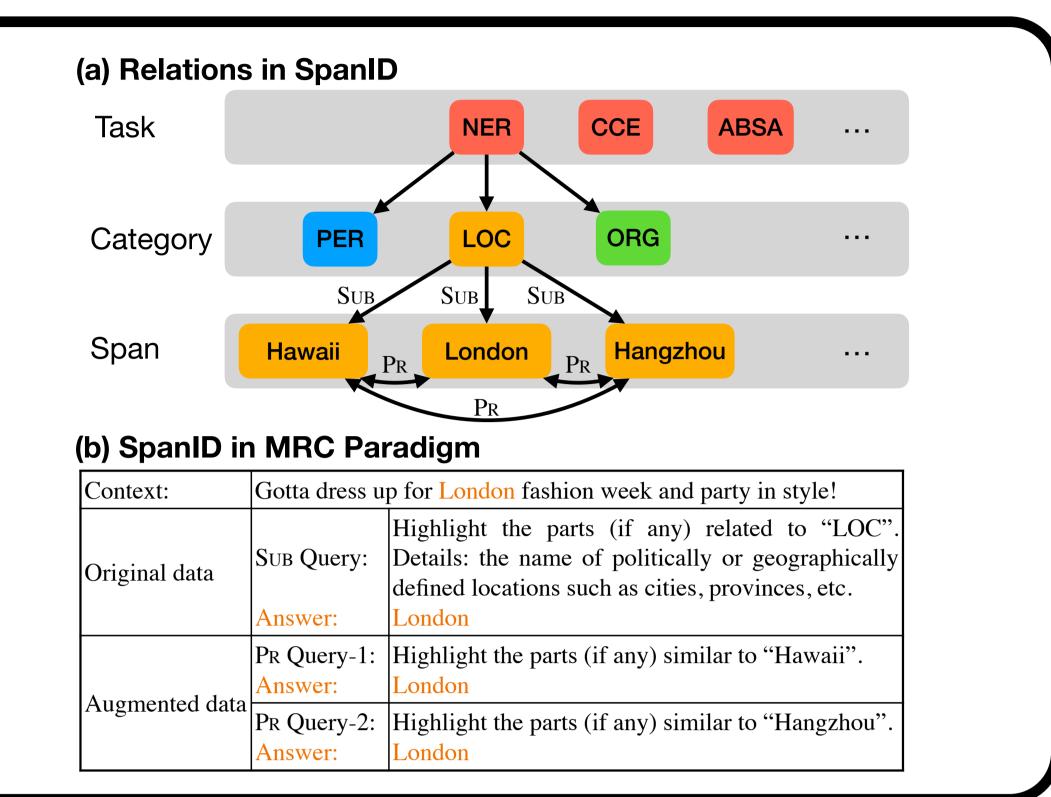
- Identify specific text spans from text input.
- Classifying the text spans into pre-defined categories.

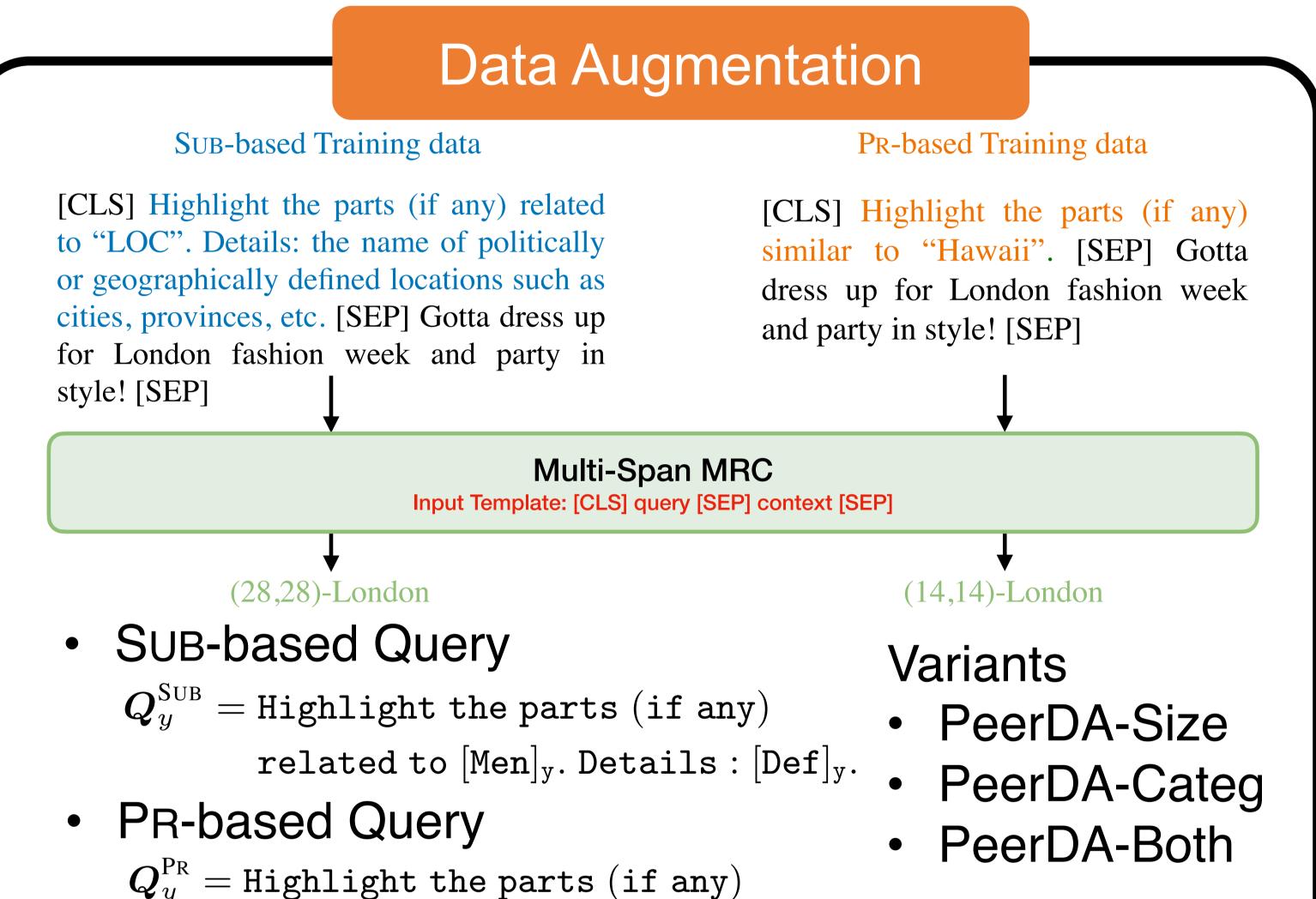
Subordinate (SUB) relation: SUB pairs =  $\{(x, y) \mid x \in y\}$ 

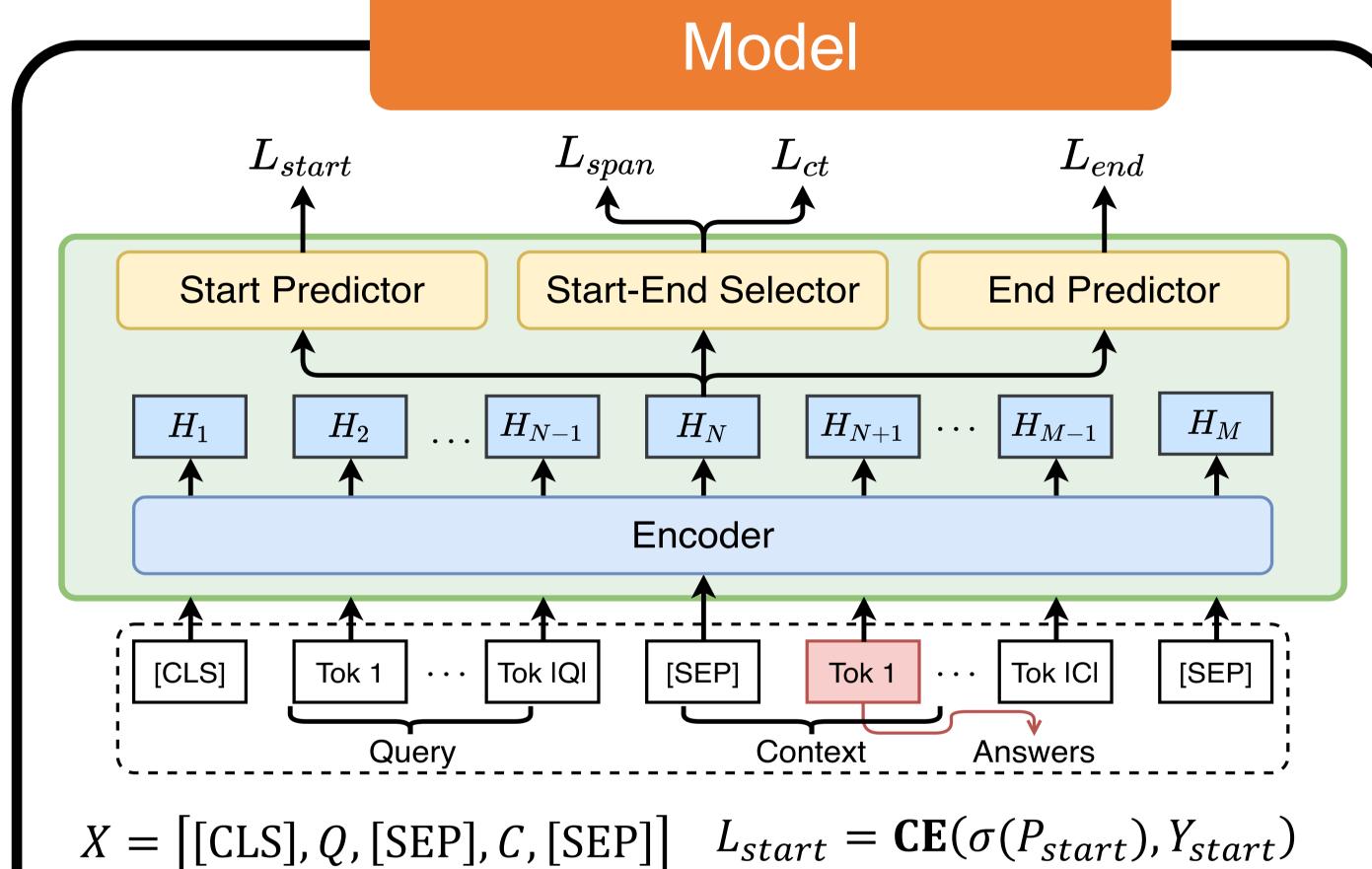
- Over-fitting: Models capture superficial span-category correlations.
- Data Scarcity: SUB pairs are limited in low-resource scenarios.

**Peer (PR) relation:** PR pairs =  $\{(x_1, x_2) | x_1 \in y, x_2 \in y\}$ 

- Jointly recognizing SUB and PR relation reduces the risk of over-fitting.
- PR pairs  $| \propto |$  SUB pairs  $|^2$







 $H = \operatorname{Encoder}(X)$  $P_{end} = HW^e$ ,  $P_{start} = HW^s$   $L_{span} = \mathbf{CE}(\sigma(P_{span}), Y_{span})$  $P_{span} = \mathbf{FFN}(H)^T H$ 

 $L_{end} = \mathbf{CE}(\sigma(P_{end}), Y_{end})$  $L_{cl} = \mathbf{CL}(\sigma(P_{span}), \sigma(P_{span'}))$ 

### SpanID Results

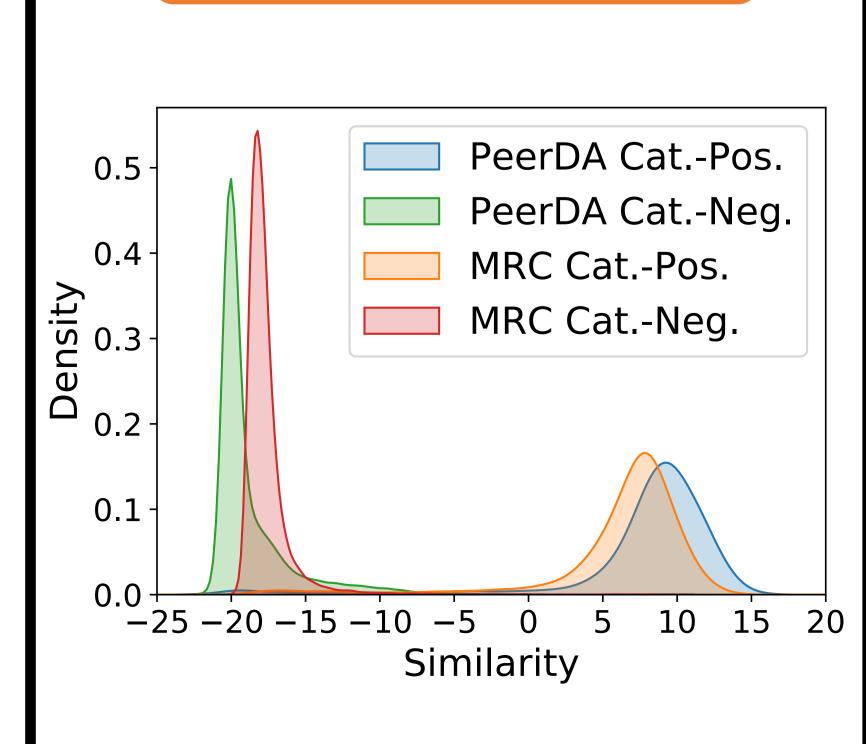
Methods	OntoNotes5	WNUT17	Movie	Restaurant	Weibo	Mathada	Lap	14	Rest	14	Methods	#Params	AUPR	P@0.8R	3.6.4.1	•	News2	20	S	ocial2	1
	$\begin{array}{c cccc} P & R & F_1 \\ \hline RB-CRF+RM & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	P R F <sub>1</sub>	$\begin{array}{c cccc} P & R & F_1 \\ \hline \hline T-NER & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline P & R & F_1 \\ \hline & \underline{KaNa} & & & \\ \hline & & & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\frac{\mid P \mid R \mid F_1}{\mid \underbrace{RoBERTa+BS}_{5.2}}$	Methods	UABSA	ATE	UABSA	ATE	$\overline{\text{ALBERT}_{\text{xxlarge}}}$	223M	38.4	31.0	- Methods	—— Р	R	$\overline{F_1}$	P	R	$\overline{F_1}$
Tagging MRC PeerDA	92.8 92.4 92.6   91.0 91.8 91.4   92.4 91.8 92.1   91.9 92.6 92.4	<b>60.5</b>   62.1 48.2 54.3   66.4 40.7 50.5   71.1 46.9 56.5	73.0 <u>Base</u> 72.8 72.9	80.9     80.0     80.4       80.6     80.7     80.7       81.4     79.9     80.6       81.3     82.8     82.1	70.8 71.0 70.9	SPAN-BERT IMN-BERT	61.3 61.7 63.4 65.9	82.3 77.6 81.8 82.5	73.7 70.7 75.4 <b>76.0</b>	86.7 84.1 86.4 86.6	RoBERTa <sub>base</sub> + CP RoBERTa <sub>large</sub> DeBERTa <sub>xlarge</sub> ConReader <sub>large</sub>	125M 355M 900M 355M	45.2 48.2 47.8 49.1	34.1 38.1 44.0 44.2	Volta HOMADOS TeamFPAI	- - -	- -	- - -	41.2	46.4 40.3 28.6	
	93.0 92.3 92.6 92.8 91.8 92.3 92.8 93.7 <b>93.3</b>		Large					83.9 <b>84.6</b>	72.9 73.9	86.8 <b>86.8</b>	MRC ( <u>Base</u> ) PeerDA	125M 125M	43.6 <b>52.3</b>	32.2 <b>45.5</b>	MRC ( <u>Base</u> ) PeerDA	10.5 21.8		17.6 <b>25.8</b>	55.8	43.5 70.6	
		N	IER				AB	SA			CC	Έ					SE	3P[	)		

## Ablation

similar to  $x^q$ .

Ablation Type	<b>NER</b>	<b>UABSA</b>	<b>SBPD</b>	CCE	Avg.
MRC	72.7	68.1	33.3	43.6	54.4
PeerDA-Size	74.6	69.7	38.5	48.7	57.9
PeerDA-Categ	74.2	69.3	40.4	51.3	58.8
PeerDA-Both ( <b>final</b> )	75.5	69.9	42.0	52.3	59.9
	$   \overline{}   $	trate	$\mathbf{y}$		
	GPUI   :	NER UA	ABSA S	SBPD	Avg
Ablation Type	<u>l</u>	<b>NER</b> UA tion of $P_s$		SBPD	Avg
Ablation Type	<u>l</u>	tion of $P_s$		<b>SBPD</b> 40.3	<b>Avg</b> 61.3
Ablation Type   le	Calcula	tion of $P_s$	,e		
Ablation Type   le	1x 0.23x	tion of $P_s$	,e 59.2 <b>59.4</b>	40.3	61.3
Ablation Type   leader of the concat general (final)	1x 0.23x	tion of $P_s$ 74.5 75.0  ustive Loss	,e 59.2 <b>59.4</b>	40.3	61.3

# Semantic Distance



#### Low-resource (a) NER (d) SBPD (c) CCE (b) ABSA-UABSA 91.5 OntoNotes5 **CUAD** Social21 Lap14 PeerDA -- 100%@MRC MRC 50%@PeerDA

# Reproducibility

Codes are available at

https://github.com/DAMO-NLP-SG/PeerDA