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Sr. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Q Given three integers,  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $n$  return  $n^{\text{th}}$  magical no.  
Answer may be very large return  $(10^{18} + 7) \bmod$ .

=> Baive Force Approach :-

- i) Get the min of the given two elements.
- ii) Keep two counters for both numbers starting with 1.
- iii) Multiply both numbers with their respective counters and pick the minimum number increment the counter of respective number.
- iv) Repeat step 3 for  $n$  times.
- v) return the loop number.
- vi) The loop number will be the required magical no.

=> Optimal Binary Search approach :-

- i) Find the LCM of the given two numbers.

$$\text{LCM} = (a * b) / \text{gcd}(a, b)$$

- ii) Set the range of binary searching :-

$$\text{low} = \min(a, b)$$

$$\text{high} = n * \min(a, b)$$

- iii) Get the midpoint :

$$\text{midpoint} = (\text{low} + \text{high}) / 2$$

- iv) For each midpoint count magic:

$$\text{magic} = \text{midpoint}/a + \text{midpoint}/b - \text{midpoint}/\text{LCM}$$

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v) If  $\text{magic} < n$ :  
move low to midpoint  
else  
move high to midpoint

vi) return  $(\text{high}) \cdot (10^9 + 7)$