DevOps Lab Program 8

Practical Exercise: Set Up a Jenkins CI Pipeline for a Maven Project, Use Ansible to Deploy Artifacts Generated by Jenkins

Environment Overview

Assuming the following:

- Jenkins is installed and accessible via web interface.
- Java JDK 17 and Maven 3.9.9 are installed.
- You have WSL (Ubuntu) installed and Ansible configured there.
- You're on a Windows machine.

★ Goal Breakdown

Part 1: Jenkins CI Pipeline

- Install necessary Jenkins plugins
- Create a Maven project in Jenkins
- Configure SCM (e.g., GitHub)
- Build Maven project
- Archive artifacts

Part 2: Ansible Deployment via WSL

- Configure Ansible inside WSL
- Pull artifacts from Jenkins (or access shared location)
- Deploy the artifact to a target (e.g., local server or VM)

Step 1: Jenkins Initial Configuration

1.1 Launch Jenkins

Open your browser:

http://localhost:8080

1.2 Install Jenkins Plugins

Go to: Manage Jenkins → Plugins

Install these:

- Git Plugin
- Pipeline
- Maven Integration
- Ansible Plugin (optional, if you want Jenkins to run Ansible directly)

1.3 Configure Global Tools

Go to: Manage Jenkins → Global Tool Configuration

Maven:

• Add Maven 3.9.9 path

Name: Maven-3.9.9

MAVEN_HOME: C:\apache-maven-3.9.9

JDK:

Add JDK 17 path

Name: jdk-17

JAVA_HOME: C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17\

Step 2: Create a Sample Maven Project

2.1 Use a Sample GitHub Repo

You can fork or clone a Maven project like:

https://github.com/spring-projects/spring-petclinic

or create your own:

bash

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mvn archetype:generate -DgroupId=com.example -DartifactId=myapp -DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-quickstart -DinteractiveMode=false

Push this to GitHub so Jenkins can pull it.

Step 3: Configure Jenkins Job

3.1 New Job

• Go to: New Item

• Name: maven-ci-pipeline

• Type: Freestyle Project

3.2 Source Code Management

- Git → Add your repo URL
- Add credentials if needed

3.3 Build Environment

Check: "Delete workspace before build starts"

3.4 Build

• Select Invoke top-level Maven targets

• Maven Version: Maven-3.9.9

• Goals: clean package

3.5 Post-Build Actions

Archive the artifacts

bash

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Files to archive: target/*.jar

Save and Build Now

✓ You should now have a JAR file generated and archived by Jenkins.

Step 4: Share Artifact with Ansible (via WSL)

You need to make the artifact accessible to Ansible. Easiest way is to copy it to a known shared folder.

4.1 Create a Shared Folder

E.g., create:

C:\ci-artifacts\ Use a Jenkins post-build script (add this as a post-build "Execute Windows Batch Command"): bat CopyEdit copy target*.jar C:\ci-artifacts\ Now Ansible in WSL can access it at: swift CopyEdit /mnt/c/ci-artifacts/ Step 5: Configure Ansible in WSL 5.1 Install Ansible (if not done) bash CopyEdit sudo apt update sudo apt install ansible 5.2 Inventory File Create /home/sunil/ansible/inventory: ini CopyEdit [local] localhost ansible_connection=local **5.3 Ansible Playbook** Create /home/sunil/ansible/deploy.yml: yaml CopyEdit

- hosts: local

tasks:

- name: Copy JAR to deployment directory

copy:

src: /mnt/c/ci-artifacts/ spring-petclinic-3.4.0-SNAPSHOT.jar

dest: /home/sunil/deploy/app.jar

Ensure the deploy folder exists:

bash

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mkdir -p ~/deploy

Step 6: Run Ansible Playbook

bash

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cd ~/ansible

ansible-playbook -i inventory deploy.yml

✓ You've now deployed the artifact from Jenkins to a target using Ansible.

🔽 Optional: Run Ansible From Jenkins

If you want Jenkins to run the Ansible playbook:

1. Install WSL Plugin or configure Execute shell:

bash

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wsl ansible-playbook /home/sunil/ansible/deploy.yml

You can put this in a "Post-build" step.



Step Task

- 1 Install Jenkins plugins and configure Maven, JDK
- 2 Create/push Maven project to GitHub
- 3 Set up Jenkins pipeline to build and archive
- 4 Copy artifacts to shared folder
- 5 Set up Ansible inside WSL
- 6 Write and run a playbook to deploy artifacts