



UTT

UNIVERSIDAD TECNOLÓGICA DE TIJUANA

GOBIERNO DE BAJA CALIFORNIA

Assignment:

Architecture specification

BY:

Daniel Chavez Madrigal

GROUP:

9-B

SUBJECT:

Desarrollo Móvil Integral

PROFESSOR:

Ray Brunett Parra Galaviz

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Architecture Specification: Microservices Architecture for Mobile App Development

1. Introduction to Microservices Architecture: Microservices architecture is a modern approach to software development that breaks down a large, complex application into smaller, independent services. Each service is responsible for a specific business function and communicates with other services through APIs. This architecture provides greater flexibility, scalability, and maintainability compared to traditional monolithic architecture.

2. Key Principles of Microservices Architecture:

- **Single Responsibility Principle (SRP):** Each microservice focuses on a single functionality, making development and debugging more straightforward
- **Loose Coupling:** Services are loosely coupled, meaning changes in one service do not significantly impact others. This enhances the resilience and flexibility of the application
- **Decentralized Data Management:** Each microservice manages its own database, promoting data autonomy and reducing the risk of data conflicts
- **Continuous Delivery:** Microservices support continuous integration and continuous delivery (CI/CD), allowing for frequent and reliable updates

3. Benefits of Microservices Architecture:

- **Scalability:** Microservices can be scaled independently, allowing for efficient resource utilization and improved performance
- **Modularity:** The modular nature of microservices makes it easier to develop, test, and deploy individual components
- **Reliability:** If one service fails, it does not bring down the entire application, enhancing overall reliability
- **Ease of Deployment:** Microservices can be deployed independently, reducing downtime and speeding up the release process
- **Technology Diversity:** Different services can be developed using different technologies, allowing teams to choose the best tools for each task

4. Challenges of Microservices Architecture:

- **Complexity:** Managing multiple services can be complex, requiring robust orchestration and monitoring tools
- **Inter-Service Communication:** Ensuring efficient and reliable communication between services can be challenging
- **Data Management:** Decentralized data management can lead to data consistency issues if not handled properly
- **Deployment Overhead:** Frequent deployments can introduce overhead, requiring automated CI/CD pipelines

5. Best Practices for Implementing Microservices Architecture:

- **Define the Scope of Your Microservices:** Clearly define the boundaries and responsibilities of each microservice to avoid overlap and ensure cohesion
- **Use Lightweight Communication Protocols:** Employ lightweight protocols like REST or gRPC for efficient inter-service communication
- **Choose the Right Technology Stack:** Select technologies that best fit the requirements of each microservice, considering factors like performance, scalability, and ease of integration
- **Implement a Service Discovery Mechanism:** Use service discovery tools to dynamically locate and connect services, ensuring seamless communication
- **Ensure Each Microservice is Scalable:** Design each service to handle increased load independently, allowing for efficient scaling

6. Conclusion: Microservices architecture offers a robust and flexible approach to mobile app development. By breaking down applications into smaller, independent services, developers can achieve greater scalability, reliability, and ease of deployment. However, it is essential to manage the complexity and ensure efficient communication between services to fully leverage the benefits of this architecture.

References:

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