Easy Module Development

Cake pattern

Richard van Heest

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Why cake pattern?

- Modularity
- Usually done with packages
- Packages are sets of files
- Packages cannot be composed
- Dependencies (some) are declared in import statements

- Traits as modules
- ... can be composed (extends/with)
- ... give typechecked dependencies
- ... give complete encapsulation
- ... allow to see the dependencies from the outside
- ... is basically 'OOP the good parts'

- Software design pattern
- Type checked dependency injection
- No frameworks or dependencies

Container of what you want to inject

- 3 layers
 - Interface
 - Implementation
 - Wiring
- (Almost) everything is a trait
- One access point per component!

Container of what you want to inject

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 - Implementation
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```
trait GreeterComponent {
                                   Access point: the thing
  val greeter: Greeter
                                     you want to inject
  trait Greeter {
     def greet(name: String): String = {
       s"Hello $name!"
                                 Interface &
                                                Extends from
                               Implementation
                 Component
                                               components to
                   wiring
                                                 be wired
object GreeterWiring extends GreeterComponent {
  val greeter = new Greeter {}
                                             Instantiates all
                                              access points
```

- 3 layers
 - Interface
 - Implementation
 - Wiring
- (Almost) everything is a trait
- One access point per component!

- Collapse interface and implementation if possible
- Use traits for interface/implementation as much as possible
 - Better composability
 - Better testing/mocking
- Parameters instantiation in interface/implementation > use companion object for wiring

Dependencies

Inheritance

```
trait A
trait B extends A
trait C extends B
val c: C = new C {}
```

- Subtype ('is-a') relationship
- B inherits all methods from A
- C inherits all methods from B and A

Self-type annotation

```
trait A
trait B { this: A => }
trait C { this: B => }
val c: C = new C with B with A {}
```

- Usage ('required-a') relationship
- B can use all methods from A
- C can use all methods from B
- C can't use the methods from A

Dependencies

```
trait Database {
  def query(): Any = ???
trait UserDB extends Database
  def userData(): Any = ???
trait EmailService
  extends UserDB {
  val userData = userData()
  val qRes = query()
              Can call query
                 here
```

```
trait Database {
  def query(): Any = ???
trait UserDB { this: Database =>
  def userData(): Any = ???
trait EmailService {
  this: UserDB =>
  val userData = userData()
  val qRes = query()
             Can't call query
```

here

Dependencies & inheritance

```
trait Database {
 def query(): Any
trait SQLDatabase
    extends Database {
  def query(): Any = ???
trait MongoDatabase
    extends Database {
 def query(): Any = ???
```

```
trait UserDB { this: Database =>
  def getUserData(): Any = ???
trait EmailService { this: UserDB =>
 val userData = getUserData()
val emailService1 = new EmailService
  with UserDB with SQLDatabase {}
val emailService2 = new EmailService
  with UserDB with MongoDatabase {}
```

Two implementations of the Database

Decide which implementation to use while instantiating

Composing the cake

- Declare dependencies on component level
- Use the dependencies in the component

Composing the cake

```
trait GreeterComponent {
  val greeter: Greeter
  trait Greeter {
    def greet(name: String): String = s"Hello $name!"
  }
}
```

Composing the cake

```
trait ConversationStarterComponent {
  this: GreeterComponent =>
                                              ConversationStarterComponent
                                               depends on GreeterComponent
  val cStarter: ConversationStarter
  trait ConversationStarter {
    def startConversation(name: String): String =
      greeter.greet(name) + " How do you do?"
                   Use the dependency
                  through its access point
```

Testing the cake

- Extend from the 'component under test'
- Instantiate its 'access point' with a default instance of the 'class under test'
- In the test
 - call this default instance, or
 - create a local instance and use that in the test
- Dependencies
 - mock them (unit test)
 - instantiate them (integration test)

Testing the cake

```
class GreeterSpec extends FlatSpec with Matchers
                                                           Inherit from the
    with GreeterComponent {
                                                            component
  override val greeter = new Greeter {}
                                                           Instantiate the
                                                            access point
  "greet" should "return a greet" in {
    greeter.greet("Bob") shouldBe "Hello Bob!"
             Use the instance
              in your tests
```

Testing the cake

```
class ConversationStarterSpec extends FlatSpec with Matchers
    with MockFactory with ConversationStarterComponent
                                                                Inherit from the
    with GreeterComponent { -
                                                                 component
                                                Inherit from the
                                                 dependencies
                                                                  Mock the
  override val greeter = mock[Greeter]
                                                                dependencies
  override val cStarter = new ConversationStarter {}
  "startConversation" should "start a conversation with a greet" in {
    val name = "Bob"
    greeter.greet _ expects * once() returning s"Hello $name!"
                                                               Define the mock's
    cStarter.startConversation(name) shouldBe
                                                                  behavior
      s"Hello $name! How do you do:
                                                Do the actual test
```

Wikipedia suggestions

Assignment (Preparation)

- Check out the GitHub repository (https://github.com/DANS-KNAW/course-scala)
- Open the project in your favorite editor
- Create a package src/main/scala/workshop5/wiki
- Create a package src/test/scala/workshop5/test/wiki

- Create a WikipediaFacadeComponent with a WikipediaFacade and its access-point
- In the WikipediaFacade define:
 - A value baseUrl: String (do not assign it here)
 - A method search(word: String): Observable[String] with the following implementation:

```
Observable.defer {
  val url = baseUrl + word.replace(" ", "%20")

Observable.using(Source.fromURL(url))(r =>
  Observable.just(r.mkString), _.close(), disposeEagerly = true)
}
```

- Create a WikipediaParseComponent with a ResponseParser and its access point
- In the ResponseParser, create an abstract function parse(input: String): Seq[String]

- Create a WikipediaParseXmlComponent with a XmlResponseParser and NO access point
- Let them extend the WikipediaParseComponent and ResponseParser. This way you get the access point from the parent component.
- Implement the parse function:

```
• for {
   item <- XML.loadString(xml) \ "Section" \ "Item"
} yield (item \ "Text").text</pre>
```

- Create a WikipediaParseJsonComponent with a JsonResponseParser and NO access point
- Let them extend the WikipediaParseComponent and ResponseParser.
- Implement the parse function:

```
• for {
    JArray(child) <- JsonMethods.parse(json)(1)
    JString(word) <- child
    } yield word</pre>
```

- Create a WikipediaSuggestionComponent with a WikipediaSuggestion trait in it, as well as its access point
- Declare dependencies on the component as self-type annotations:
 - WikipediaFacadeComponent
 - WikipediaParseComponent
- In WikipediaSuggestion implement a method suggestArticles(word: String): Observable[String]
 - wikipediaFacade.search(word)
 - .map(responseParser.parse)
 - .flatMapIterable(identity)

- Create an object Main that extends
 - App
 - WikipediaSuggestionComponent
 - WikipediaFacadeComponent
 - Any implementation of the WikipediaParseComponent
- Assign values to the three access points
 - For the baseUrl use either (depending on the implementation choice above):
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/w/api.php?action=opensearch&format=xml&search=
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/w/api.php?action=opensearch&format=json&search=
- Call and run
 - wikipediaSuggest.suggestArticles("Hello World")
 .subscribe(println, .printStackTrace())

- Write tests for the WikipediaSuggestionComponent while mocking the dependencies.
- "suggestArticles" should "call the wikipedia API, interpret the response and return the result" in { wikipediaFacade.search _ expects "Hello World" returning Observable.just("some kind of result") responseParser.parse _ expects * returning Seq("foo", "bar", "baz") val testSubscriber = TestSubscriber[String]() wikipediaSuggest.suggestArticles("Hello World").subscribe(testSubscriber) testSubscriber.assertValues("foo", "bar", "baz") testSubscriber.assertNoErrors() testSubscriber.assertCompleted()